Environmental Impact Assessment Report (EIAR)

Volume 2 Appendices

Large Scale Residential Development at Kilbride, Arklow, County Wicklow

May 2025

In association with

Altemar Limited
Donnachadh O'Brien & Associates Consulting Engineers
AWN Consulting
Traynor Environmental Ltd.
Systra
Shanarc Archaeology Limited

Prepared by



ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT APPENDICES VOL 2

Large Scale Residential Development at Kilbride, Arklow, County Wicklow



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Appendix 5.1 Wintering Bird Assessment (2024/2025)



Wintering Bird Assessment (2024/2025) for a proposed Mixed Use Large-Scale Residential Development (LRD) at Kilbride, Arklow, Co. Wicklow.



21st May 2025

Prepared by: Bryan Deegan (MCIEEM) of Altemar Ltd.

On behalf of: Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited

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Summary

Arable crop fields with roadways, farm buildings and a house on site. Structure/features: This site also contains a portion of Arklow marsh and the Avoca River. Location: Kilbride, Arklow, Co. Wicklow. **Bird species present:** Buzzard, Blackbird, Blackcap, Black-headed Gull, Blue Tit, Chaffinch, Chiffchaff, Common Gull, Cormorant, Dunnock, Feral Pigeon, Greenfinch, Goldcrest, Goldfinch, Great Black backed Gull, Great tit, Grey Heron, Greylag goose, Grey wagtail, Herring Gull, Hooded Crow, House sparrow, Jackdaw, Lesser Black-backed Gull, Linnet, Long-tailed tit, Magpie, Mallard, Meadow pipit, Mistle thrush, Moorhen, Mute Swan, Pheasant, Pied wagtail, Red Kite, Redwing, Reed bunting, Rook, Skylark, Song thrush, Starling, Treecreeper, Water Rail, Woodpigeon, Wren. Proposed work: Large-Scale Residential Development (LRD) at Kilbride, Arklow, Co. Wicklow. Emma Peters (BSc Environmental Science) and Jack Doyle (MSc Surveys by: Sustainable Environments) Survey dates: 17th, 24th & 25th of October 2024, 8th + 22nd of November 2024, 10th & 18^{th} of December 2024, 9^{th} & 30^{th} of January 2025, 20^{th} & 28^{th} of

February 2025 and the 25th of March 2025.

Receiving environment

Background

The proposed development will consist of the demolition of 3 no. structures on site including a 2-storey habitable house (total GFA 207 sq.m) and 2 no. sheds/outbuildings (c.580 sq.m). Closures of 2 no. existing entrances onto the Kilbride Road (L-6179). Construction of a new residential development and local centre comprising: 666 no. units (578 no. semi-detached and terraced housing (100 no. 2 beds, 317 no. 3 beds, 161 no. 4 beds) and 88 no. apartments and duplex apartments (24 no. 1 beds, 51 no. 2 beds and 13 no. 3 beds)). All residential units will have associated private open space facing north/ south/ east/ west. The proposal will also include a local centre (total GFA 2335 sq.m) comprising a creche (c.1,095sqm) with outdoor play area, 3 no. community/medical units (c.450 sq.m), and 3 no. retail units (c.790sq.m). The proposal will also deliver 3 No. retail units, 3 No. community/ medical units and 1 No. creche unit.

New pedestrian/ cyclist link connecting into Arklow Town Centre is proposed via a new boardwalk and bridge across the marsh and over the Avoca River adjoining the existing greenway and the Main Street. A new road is also proposed connecting to the north to Kilbride Road. Alterations to the surrounding road network to provide a section of the regional road and upgrades to provide pedestrian facilities are also included. Vehicular access to the site will be from the new proposed regional road. The development will also provide for landscaping, public open spaces and all associated site development works to enable the development including boundary treatments, attenuation storage area and other service provision including ESB substation.

The proposed site outline and survey area are demonstrated in figures 1 & 2.



Figure 1. Wintering bird survey area and proposed site outline.

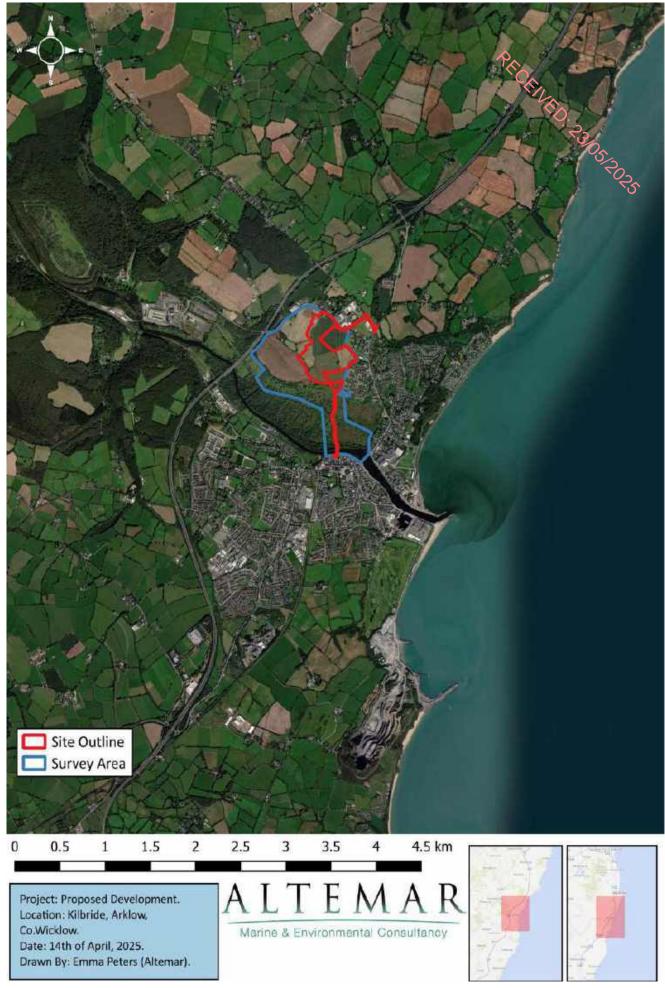


Figure 2. Wintering bird survey area and proposed site outline location.

Competency of assessor

Since its inception in 2001, Altemar has been delivering ecological and environmental services to a broad range of clients. Operational areas include: residential; infrastructural; renewable; oil & gas; private industry; Local Authorities; EC projects; and, State/semi-State Departments.

Emma Peters (BSc Environmental Science)

This Report has been contributed to by Emma Peters. Emma has carried out a range of wintering and breeding ornithological surveys in Ireland. Emma has experience in bat detection through static detector surveys, dusk emergence, and down re-entry surveys and is a member of Bat Conservation Ireland. She is also skilled in abitat identification, native and non-native species identification and terrestrial mammal surveys.

Jack Doyle (MSc Sustainable Environments)

This report has also been contributed to by Jack Doyle. Jack has previous experience in carrying out a wide range of fauna surveys, including both roving and static acoustic bat surveys, terrestrial non-avian mammal surveys, and breeding/wintering bird surveys.

Legislative context

The Wildlife Act 1976 protects wild birds in Ireland. Based on this legislation it is an offence to wilfully interfere with or destroy wild birds and their nests and eggs (other than the wild species mentioned in the Third Schedule of this Act). Under this legislation it is an offence for any person who "wilfully takes or removes the eggs or nest of a protected wild bird otherwise than under and in accordance with such a licence, wilfully destroys, injures or mutilates the eggs or nest of a protected wild bird, wilfully disturbs a protected wild bird on or near a nest containing eggs or unflown young."

Habitats Directive- Council Directive 92/43/EEC 1992 on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and flora has been transposed into Irish Law, including, via, *inter alia*, the European Communities (Birds and Natural Habitats) Regulations 2011 (as amended).

Council Directive 2009/147/EC 2010 on the conservation of wild birds provides for the conservation of wild birds by, among other things, classifying important ornithological sites as Special Protection Areas. The Directive relates to the conservation of all species of naturally occurring birds in the wild state, their eggs, nests and habitats in the European territory of the Member States. The Directive prohibits in particular:

- deliberate killing or capture by any method;
- deliberate destruction of, or damage to, their nests and eggs or removal of their nests;
- taking their eggs in the wild and keeping these eggs even if empty;
- deliberate disturbance of these birds particularly during the period of breeding and rearing, in so far as disturbance would be significant having regard to the objectives of this Directive;
- keeping birds of species the hunting and capture of which is prohibited.

Under the European Communities (Birds and Natural Habitats) Regulations 2011 (as amended), notwithstanding any consent, statutory or otherwise, given to a person by a public authority or held by a person, except in accordance with a licence granted by the Minister under Regulation 54, a person who in respect of the species referred to in Part 1 of the First Schedule:

- deliberately captures or kills any specimen of these species in the wild,
- deliberately disturbs these species particularly during the period of breeding, rearing, hibernation and migration,
- deliberately takes or destroys eggs of those species from the wild,
- damages or destroys a breeding site or resting place of such an animal, or
- keeps, transports, sells, exchanges, offers for sale or offers for exchange any specimen of these species
 taken in the wild, other than those taken legally as referred to in Article 12(2) of the Habitats Directive,
 shall be guilty of an offence.

Wintering bird surveys

This report presents the methodology and results of 11 surveys by Emma Peters BSc and 1 survey by Jack Doyle PECENED. MSc during the wintering bird season from October 2024 to March 2025.

Survey methodology

Wintering bird surveys were carried out over the entire wintering bird season, Kilbride, Arklow, Co., Wicklow in order to gather baseline data and to assist in assessing the potential impacts on wintering birds from future proposed developments on the grounds, in particular those listed as Qualifying Interests of SPAs within 15 km and other amber/red-listed birds of conservation concern in Ireland (BoCCI). Potential impacts on wintering bird species include disturbance, destruction of foraging areas, destruction of roosting areas and collision risk during construction and operation (cranes, buildings etc.). These wintering bird surveys were carried out based on the BTO Common Bird Census (Bibby et al., 2000 and Gilbert et al., 1998) and I-WeBS Counter Manual: Guidelines for Irish Wetland Bird Survey counters (BWI & NPWS), following CIEEM guidelines.

A 15-minute settlement period was given following arrival to allow resumption of bird activity after any possible disturbance caused by arrival to the site. Various features such as grassland, treelines, standalone mature trees, scrub, built land, spoil and bare ground were present within the survey area. A roving transect survey around the perimeter of the survey area, circumnavigating features within that area, was carried out on each occasion, providing clear views of all areas within and over that survey area. A vantage point in the south of the survey area was also used (figure 3.) for at least 30 minutes during each survey where the higher altitude provided the most advantageous views. Flight lines, large flights, foraging, perching and any other observed behaviour by wintering bird species within and over the survey area were recorded. Each survey was carried out by a single surveyor.

A pair of binoculars and scope were used by the surveyor to identify and count birds at distance. Care was taken not to double count any observations. Surveys were initiated at varying times (morning/midday/afternoon) and at varying tide levels to account for potential associated fluctuations in bird activity and birds transiting to/from foraging and roosting areas. Local temperatures varied from 0 - 16°C. Winds varied from 0 - 5 on the Beaufort scale. Weather conditions were considered favourable on all occasions.

Peak counts for the overall survey area were calculated by adding the total abundance of each species within each survey and selecting the highest total count.



Figure 3. Vantage point location (Yellow cross).

Survey results/discussion

Habitats of wintering bird potential

A desk and field survey wintering bird habitat assessment were carried and used to examine the structures, features and vegetation on site that could provide wintering bird habitat. Potential features associated with foraging/roosting include agricultural fields, arable fields, improved/amenity grassland, scrub, watercourses, marsh and drainage ditches, estuaries and intertidal zones. All open areas, vegetated areas, built areas and water-holding features on site were assessed for wintering bird potential.

Arable crop fields in the north, northeast, south and southeast of the survey area were of low to moderate foraging potential for wintering birds. The survey area is located adjacent to Arklow Town Marsh pNHA and between a number of known wintering bird foraging and roosting areas, including a number of SAC's, and so there is a high potential for birds of various species to fly over the site.

Wintering bird activity survey

A total of 46 species were recorded within and above the survey areas across twelve surveys. 28 green, 14 amber and 4 red listed Birds of Conservation Concern in Ireland (BoCCI) were recorded either within, over or immediately adjacent to the overall survey area boundary. Details regarding the status, behaviour and abundances of species recorded on/over the site relevant to the conservation interests of Special Protected Areas (SPAs) and red listed BoCCI are discussed.

Grey wagtail (red BoCCI) - was observed within the survey area. Three observations were made during survey, twice calling from the small woodland towards the west of the survey area (outside the site) and one flying from woodland to the north of the site. It is likely these observations were of the same individual.

Redwing (red BoCCI)(wintering) - This species was observed four times within the survey area. Twice in the grounds of the Howard Mausoleum Pyramid towards the north of the site and twice calling from the tree line located in the southeast of the site. It is likely the species recorded in the two locations were the same individuals. The peak count of this species was three.

Meadow pipit (red BoCCI) – This species was observed on twelve occasions within the survey area. Most of the foraging activity was concentrated to the southern arable crop fields however, four observations were made in the northern fields. Three flight lines were observed during the surveys. Flights of this species were observed originating from almost all directions. Average altitude of flights by this species over the survey area was approximately 10.5 m (based on observation estimates). The peak count of this species was fifteen individuals.

Red Kite (Red BoCCI) – This species was observed on eleven occasions. It is likely that the individual observed was the same individual observed over the course of the surveys. Average altitude of large flight by this species over the survey area was approximately 58 m (based on observation estimates). The red kite was observed in eight of the twelve surveys.

Herring gull (amber BoCCI) - Average altitude of flights by this species over the survey area was approximately 33m (based on observation estimates). Flights of this species were observed originating from almost all directions. Foraging activity was concentrated to the north and east of the red line. This species was observed in nine of the twelve surveys. Peak count was a hundred and twenty-two individuals. Peak number is below 1% of the international population (table 2).

Black-headed gull (amber BoCCI) - Average altitude of flights by this species over the survey area was approximately 15.8m (based on observation estimates). Flight paths of this species were concentrated to the north of the site along the Avoca River. This species was observed foraging within the survey area on two occasions. Peak count was 64 individuals. The peak number is below 1% of the international population (table 2).

Common gull (amber BoCCI) – This species was observed in six of the twelve surveys. On two occasions, this species was observed flying with an average altitude of flights over the survey of approximately 15 m (based on observation estimates). This species observed foraging in the arable crop fields, north and south points of the

redline and primarily in the Avoca River. Peak count was eighteen individuals. The peak number is below 1% of the international population (table 2).

Lesser black-backed gull (amber BoCCI) – This species was observed on one occasion with three individuals washing and foraging in the Avoca River.

Great black-backed Gull (amber BoCCI) – This species was observed on two occasions with a peak count of four. This species was observed using the Avoca River to wash and forage.

Buzzard (green BoCCI) – This species was observed in eight of the 12 surveys. Six observations were noted of buzzards down on the ground on the arable crop fields. Large flight of circulating over the farmland portion of the survey area with an average altitude of 43m (based on observation estimates). The peak count of this species was three.

Goldcrest (amber BoCCI) was observed within the survey area. Five observations were made during the surveys. Peak count was four.

Greenfinch (amber BoCCI) was observed within the survey area. This species was noted in three surveys with a peak count of 2.

Linnet (amber BoCCI) was observed within the survey area. This species was noted in nine of the twelve surveys. The arable crop fields were of high foraging value for this species. Foraging activity was observed in the north and east of the site but most prevalent the southeast corner of the site. The peak count was 200 individuals however the average count of this species was 47m.

Cormorant (amber BoCCI) was observed on six occasions over four of the surveys carried out in 2025 (latter half). This species was observed along the Avoca River within the survey area. The peak count of this species was three. One flight was observed of a single cormorant flying west up the Avoca River just above the water's surface.

Greylag goose (amber BoCCI) This species was observed on five occasions in five of the surveys cared out in 2025 (latter half). The geese were observed foraging in the vegetation next to the nineteen arches bridge and in the Avoca River. The geese would travel up and down the bank of the Avoca within the survey area and were noted grazing on the Amenity grassland of the southern bank of the river. The peak count of this species was 17. One flightline was observed of seven individuals traveling west along the river with an altitude of 10 meters.

House sparrow (amber BoCCI) - This species was observed in five of the twelve surveys exclusively in the southeast corner of the site, adjacent to the housing estate. The peak count of this species was 15.

Mallard (amber BoCCI) – This species was observed with in the survey area in seven surveys. Fourteen observations were made in the Avoca River, and one observation was made in the marsh of two individuals. Five flightlines were observed predominantly flying east with one observation of flying east. Flights were observed with a single individual in each apart from on flight observation of four Mallards flying east along the Avoca River. Average altitude of flights by this species over the survey area was approximately 18.2 m (based on observation estimates).

Mute Swan (amber BoCCI) – This species was noted foraging within the survey are of the Avoca River. The peak count of this species was two.

Skylark (amber BoCCI) – This species was noted in three of the twelve surveys. Skylarks were noted foraging exclusively in the two southern arable crop fields. The peak count of individuals was eleven. One as flight of a single individual flying east at an altitude of 15 m.

Starling (amber BoCCI) – Starlings were noted in five of the surveys foraging to the east of the survey area. The peak count of this species was 27.

 Table 1. Species observed on, above and immediately adjacent to the survey area.

Common name	вто	Latin name	BoCCI
Buzzard	BZ.	Buteo buteo	Green
Blackbird	B.	Turdus merula	Green
Blackcap	ВС	Sylvia atricapilla	Green
Black-headed Gull	ВН	Larus ridibundus	Amber
Blue Tit	ВТ	Cyanistes caeruleus	Green
Chaffinch	СН	Fringilla coelebs	Green
Chiffchaff	CC	Phylloscopus collybita	Green
Common Gull	CM	Larus canus	Amber
Cormorant	CA	Phalacrocorax carbo	Amber
Dunnock	D.	Prunella modularis	Green
Feral Pigeon	FP	Columba livia f. domestica	Green
Greenfinch	GR	Chloris chloris	Amber
Goldcrest	GC	Regulus regulus	Amber
Goldfinch	GO	Carduelis carduelis	Green
Great Black-backed Gull	GB	Larus marinus	Green
Great tit	GT	Parus major	Green
Grey Heron	H.	Ardea cinerea	Green
Greylag goose	GJ	Anser anser	Amber
Grey wagtail	GL	Motacilla cinerea	Red
Herring Gull	HG	Larus argentatus	Amber
Hooded Crow	HC	Corvus cornix	Green
House sparrow	HS	Passer domesticus	Amber
Jackdaw	JD	Coloeus monedula	Green
Lesser Black-backed Gull Linnet	LB	Larus fuscus Linaria cannabina	Amber Amber
Long-tailed tit	LT	Aegithalus caudatus	Green
Magpie	MG	Pica pica	Green
Mallard	MA	Anas platyrhynchos	Amber
Meadow pipit	MP	Anthus pratensis	Red
Mistle thrush	M.	Turdus viscivorus	Green
Moorhen	MH	Gallinula chloropus	Green
Mute Swan	MS	Cygnus olor	Amber
Pheasant	PH	Phasianus colchicus	Green
Pied wagtail	PW	Motacilla alba yarrellii	Green
Red Kite	KT	Milvus milvus	Red
Redwing	RE	Turdus iliacus	Red
Reed bunting	RB	Emberiza schoeniclus	Green
Robin	R.	Erithacus rubecula	Green
Rook	RO	Corvus frugilegus	Green
Skylark	S.	Alauda arvensis	Amber
Song thrush	ST	Turdus philomelos	Green
Starling	SG	Sturnus vulgaris	Amber
Treecreeper	TC	Certhia familiaris	Green
Water Rail	WA	Rallus aquaticus	Green
Woodpigeon	WP	Columba palumbus	Green
Wren	W.	Troglodytes troglodytes	Green

Table 2. Peak counts of species recorded across the 12 surveys within the survey

Consider	Pools count (2024/25)
Species	Peak count (2024/25)
Buzzard	3
Blackbird	9 8 C 1 64 64
Blackcap	1
Black-headed Gull	
Blue Tit	8
Chaffinch	27
Chiffchaff	3
Common Gull	18
Cormorant	3
Dunnock	11
Feral Pigeon	3
Greenfinch	2
Goldcrest	4
Goldfinch	15
Great Black-backed Gull	4
Great tit	3
Grey Heron	4
Greylag goose	17
Grey wagtail	1
Herring Gull	122
Hooded Crow	30
House sparrow	15
Jackdaw	33
Lesser Black-backed Gull	2
Linnet	200
Long-tailed tit	4
Magpie	22
Mallard	22
Meadow pipit	15
Mistle thrush	1
Moorhen	2
Mute Swan	2
Pheasant	5
Pied wagtail	3
Red Kite	1
Redwing	3
Reed bunting	2
Robin	4
Rook	49
Skylark	11
Song thrush	2
Starling	27
Treecreeper	1
Water Rail	1
Woodpigeon	200
Wren	5

 Table 3. Qualifying Interests of distant SPAs recorded within the survey area.

Code	Common Name	Latin Name	
A043	Greylag Goose	(Anser anser)	
A179	Black-headed Gull	(Chroicocephalus ridibundus)	
A017	Cormorant	(Phalacrocorax carbo)	
A187	Great Black-backed Gull	(Larus marinus)	
A184	Herring Gull	(Larus argentatus)	
A183	Lesser Black-backed Gull	(Larus fuscus)	کے
A182	Common Gull	(Larus canus)	`Q
A053	Mallard	(Anas platyrhynchos)	O
A028	Grey Heron	(Ardea cinera)	

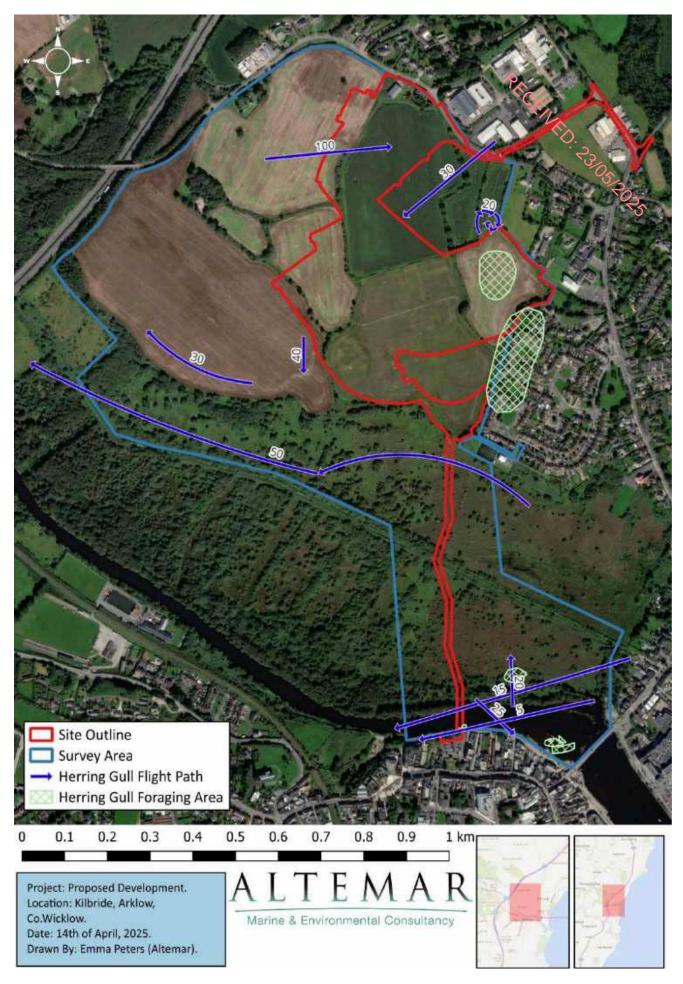


Figure. 4 Herring Gull flight paths (Number denotes flight heights in meters) and foraging areas.

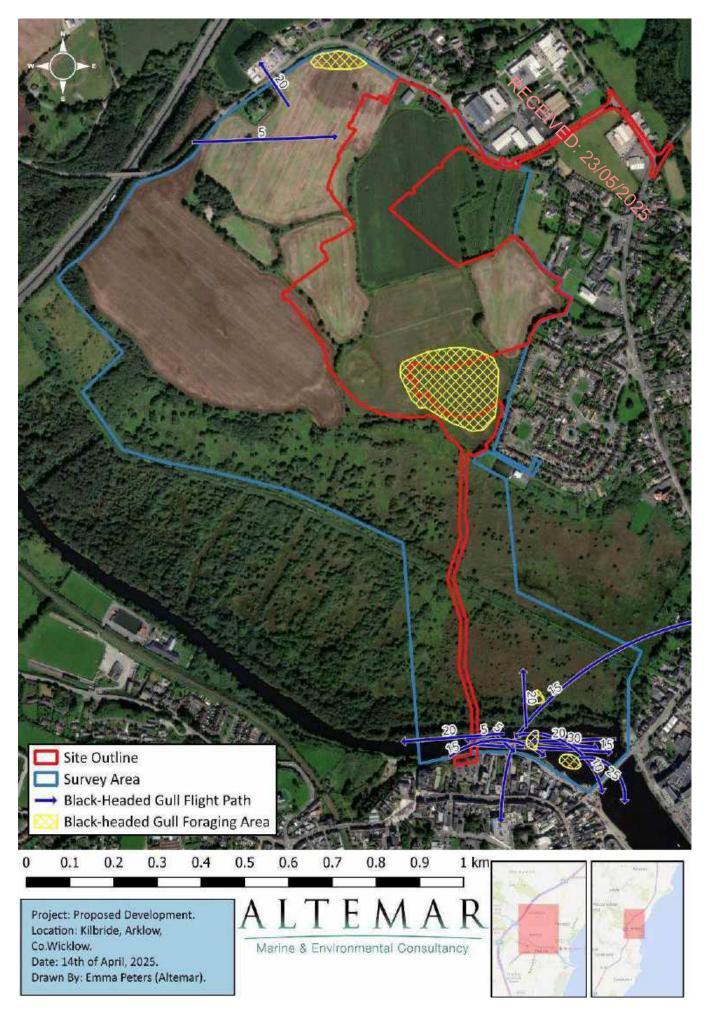


Figure. 5 Black-headed Gull flight paths (Number denotes flight heights in meters) and foraging areas.

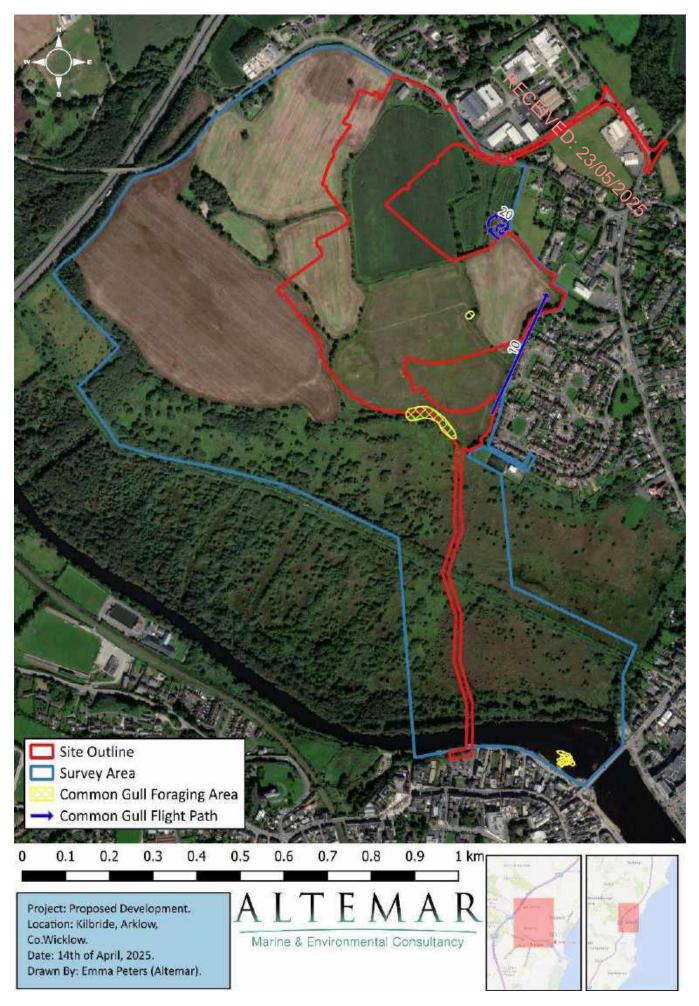


Figure. 6 Common Gull flight paths (Number denotes flight heights in meters) and foraging areas.

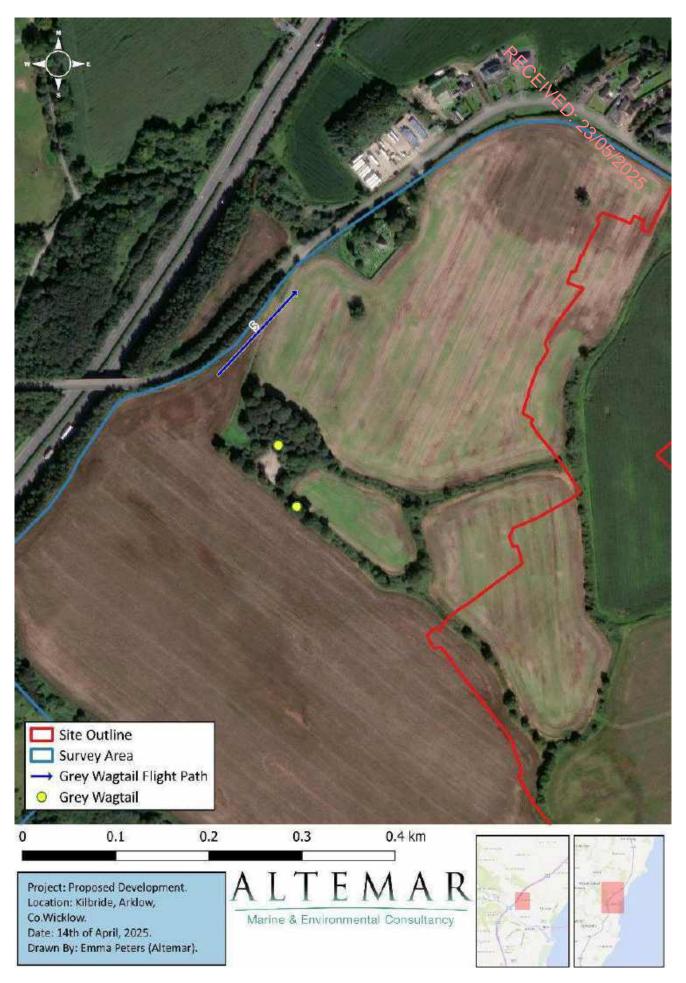


Figure. 7 Grey wagtail flight paths (Number denotes flight heights in meters) and observation points.

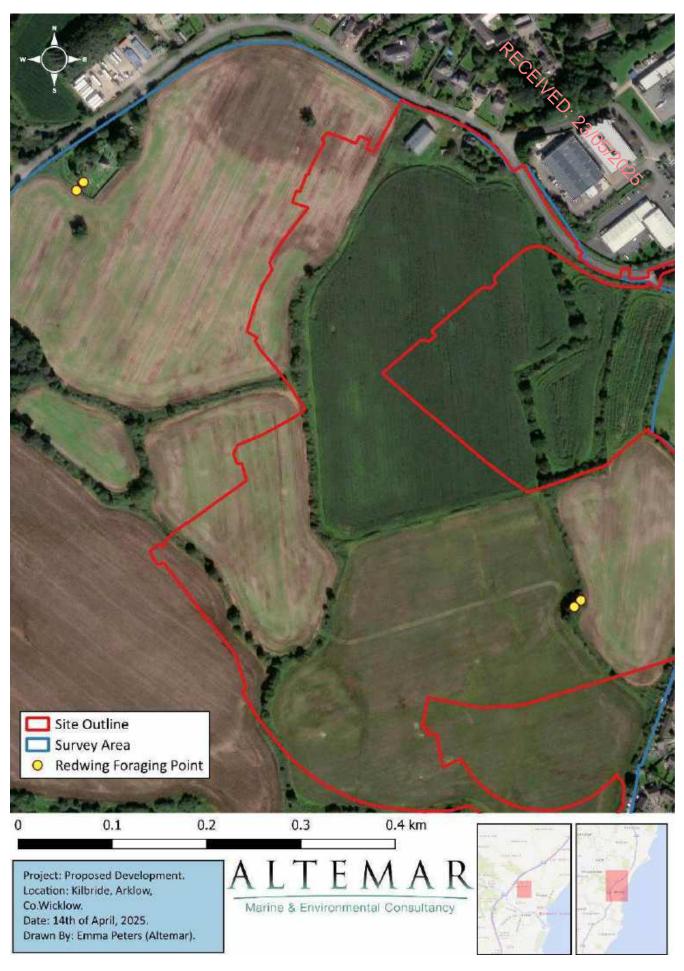


Figure. 8 *Redwing foraging points.*

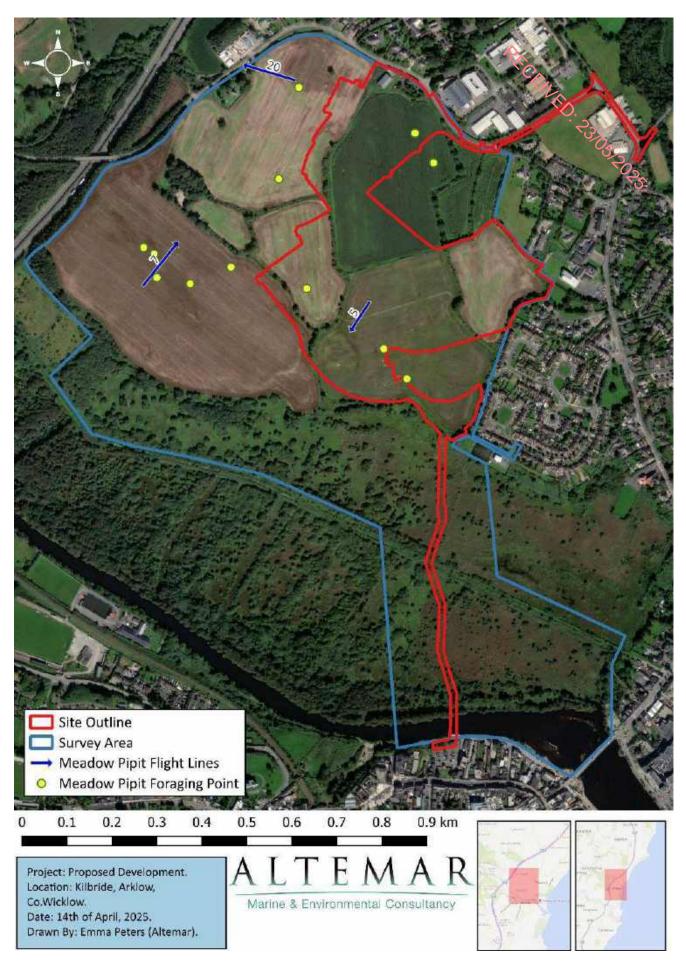


Figure. 9 Meadow pipit flight paths (Number denotes flight heights in meters) and foraging points.

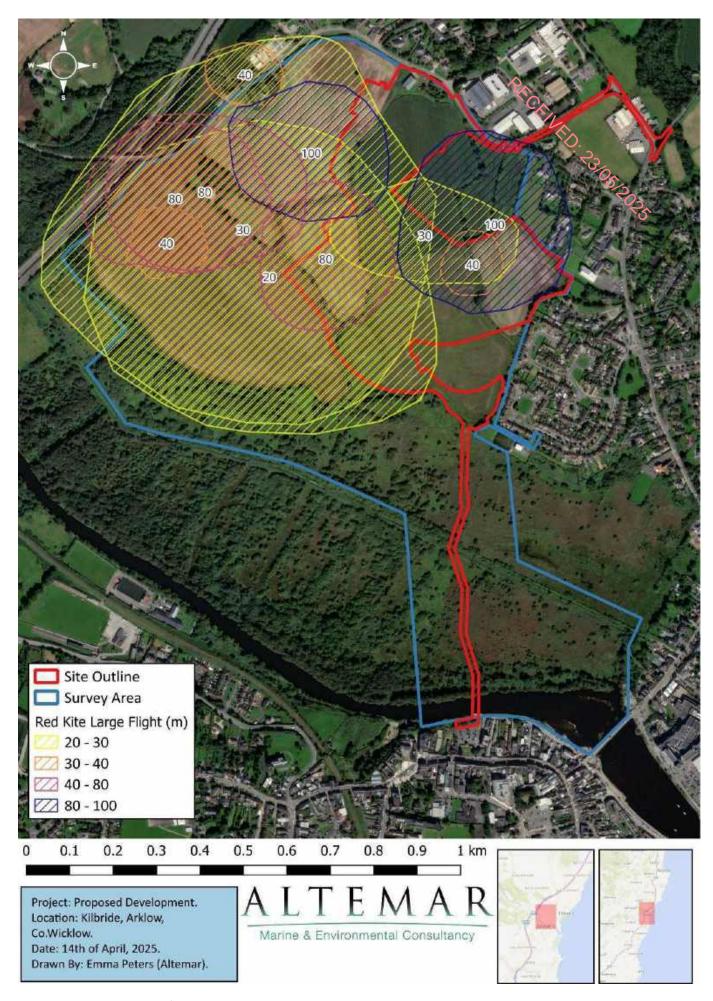


Figure. 10 Red kite large flight observations in meters.

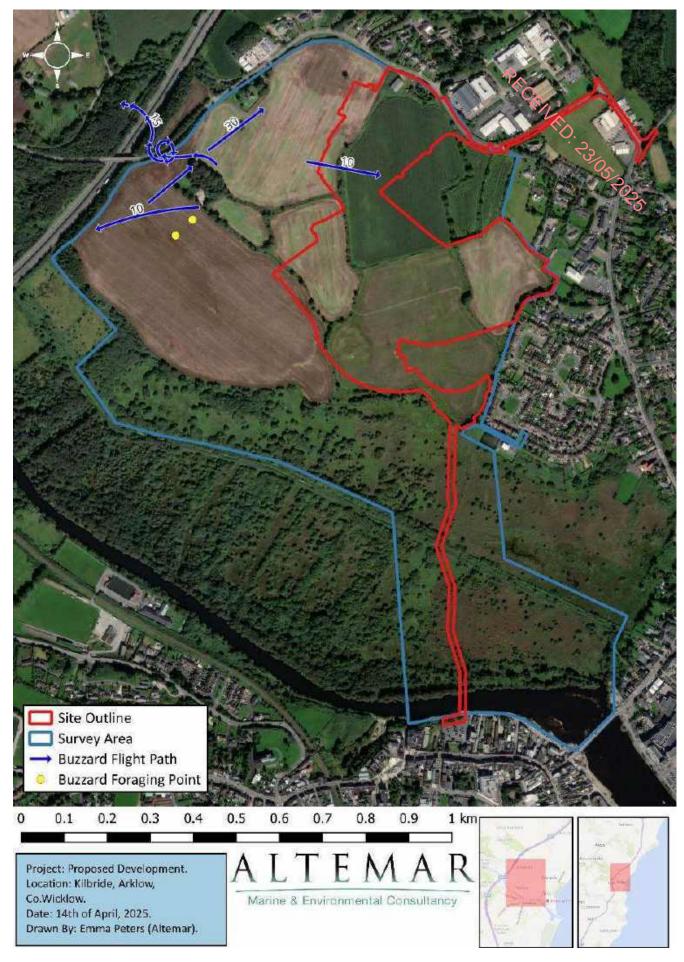


Figure. 11 Buzzard flight paths (Number denotes flight heights in meters) and foraging points.

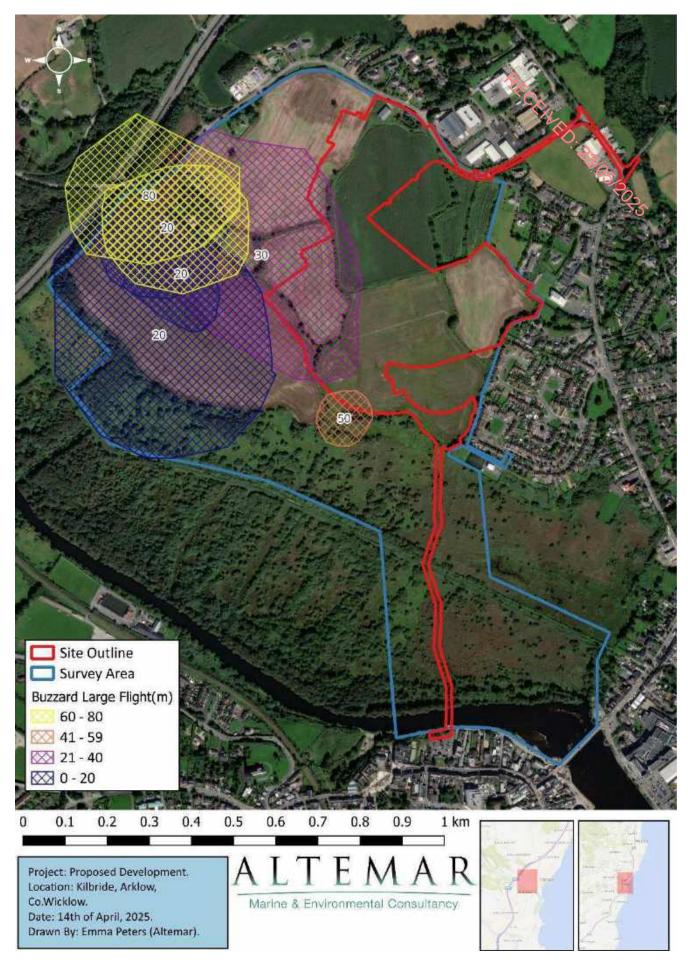


Figure 12. Buzzard Large flight observations in meters.



Figure. 13 Linnet flight paths (Number denotes flight heights in meters) and Foraging area (Number denoted amount of individuals observed).

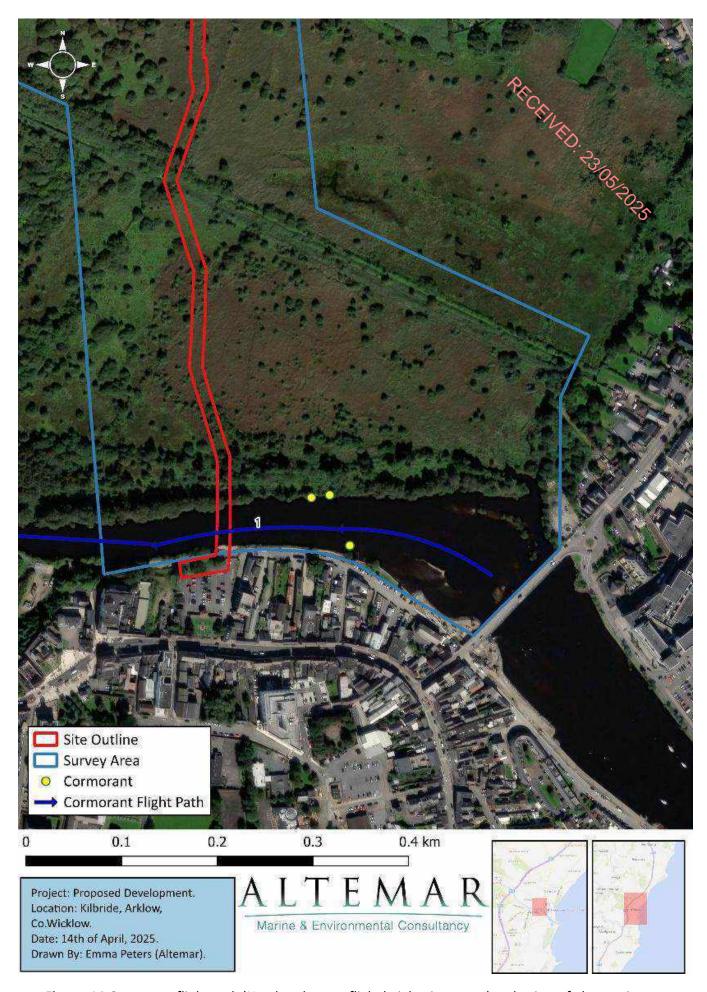


Figure. 14 Cormorant flight path (Number denotes flight heights in meters) and points of observation.

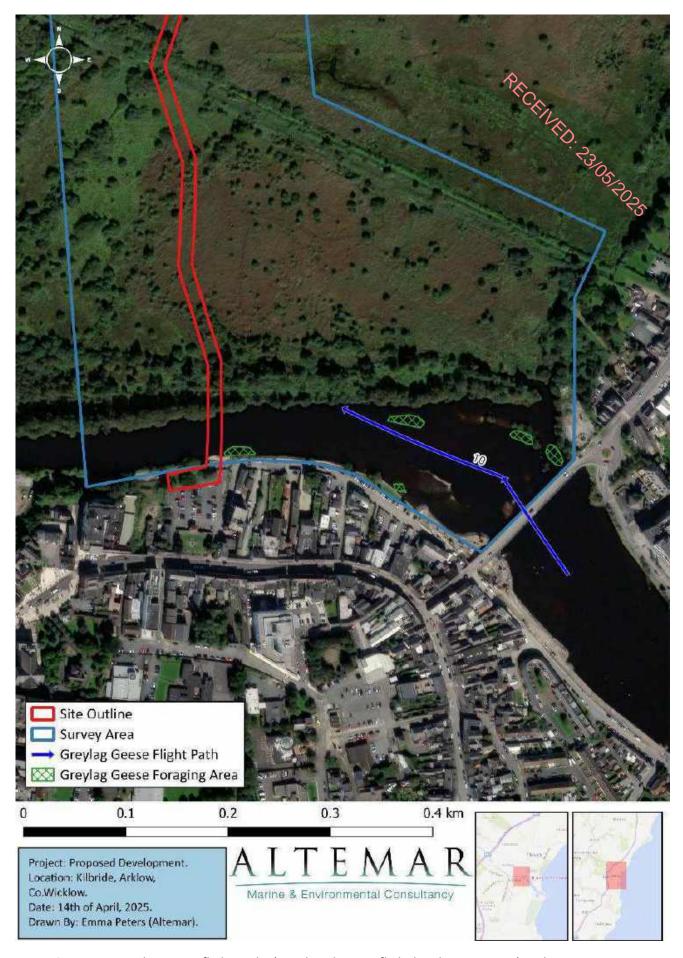


Figure. 15 Greylag geese flight paths (Number denotes flight heights in meters) and Foraging area.

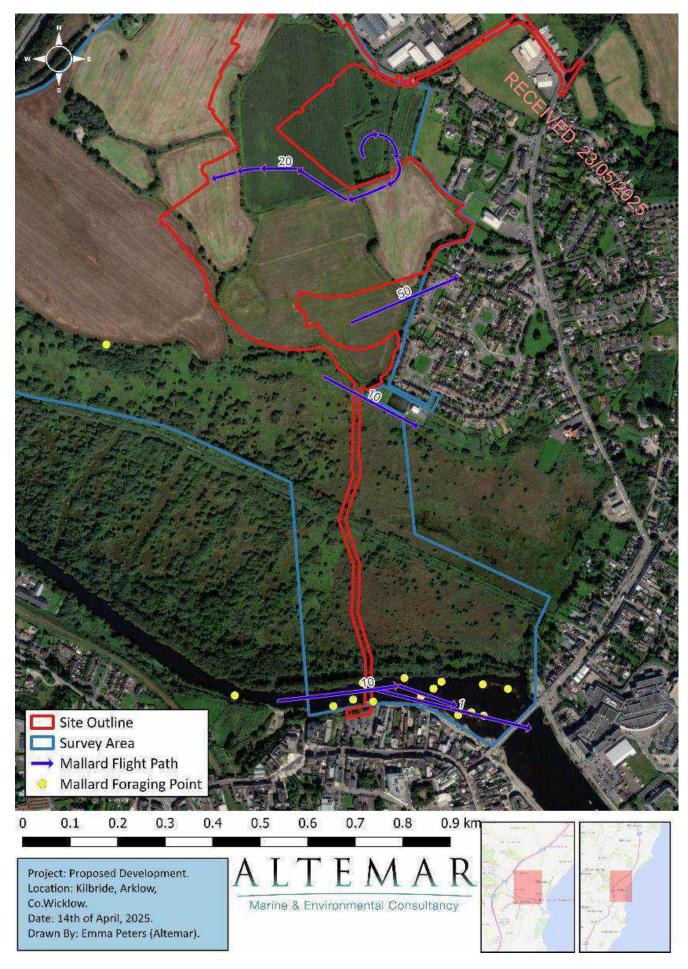


Figure. 16 Mallard flight paths (Number denotes flight heights in meters) and Foraging points.

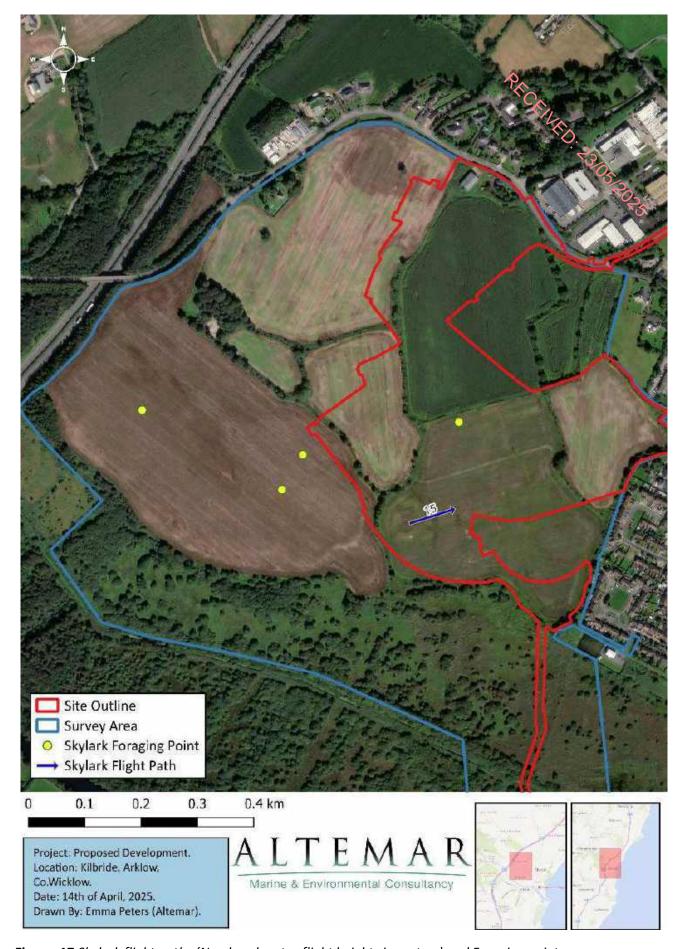


Figure. 17 Skylark flight paths (Number denotes flight heights in meters) and Foraging points.

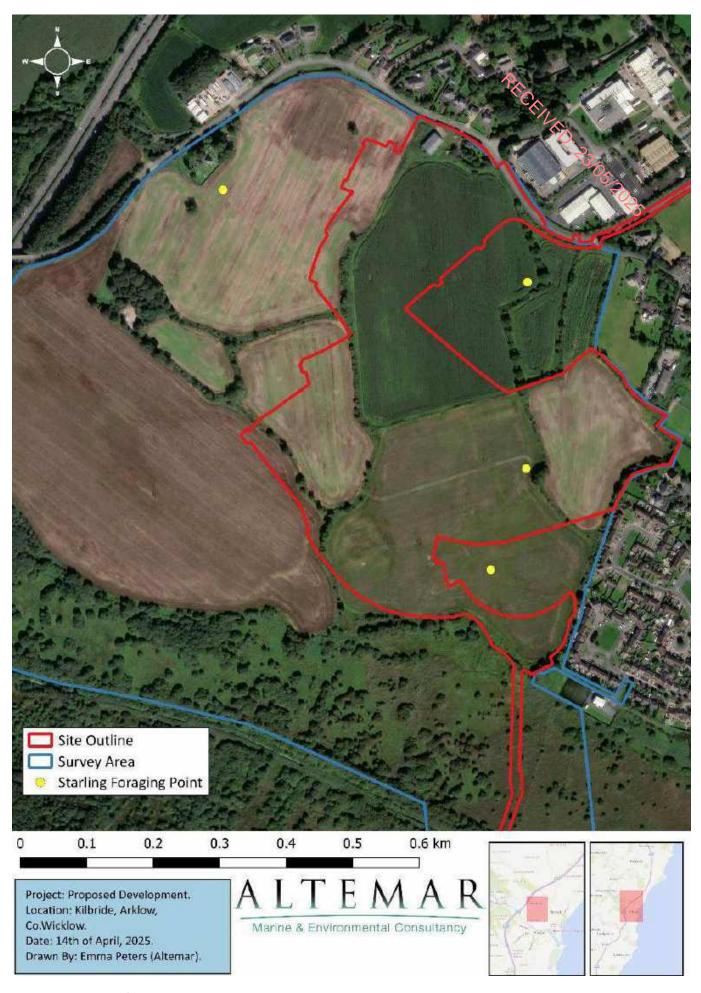


Figure 18. Starling foraging points.

Wintering bird assessment findings

Review of local bird records

The review of existing bird records (sourced from NBDC Database) within a Polygon drawn around the property line od the subject site encompassing the study area reveals that 41 known bird species have previously been observed and recorded locally (*Table 2*).

Table 3: Status of bird species within the property line and immediately outside.

			<u> </u>
Species name	Date of last record	Title of dataset	Designation
Black-headed Gull (<i>Larus</i> ridibundus)	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Red List
Blue Tit (Cyanistes caeruleus)	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland	
Coal Tit (Periparus ater)	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland	
Common Blackbird (<i>Turdus</i> merula)	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland	
Common Coot (Fulica atra)	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Protected Species: EU Birds Directive Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex II, Section I Bird Species Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex III, Section II Bird Species Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Amber List
Common Goldeneye (Bucephala clangula)	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Protected Species: EU Birds Directive Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex II, Section II Bird Species Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Amber List
Common Kingfisher (Alcedo atthis)	28/07/2020	Birds of Ireland	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Protected Species: EU Birds Directive Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex Bird Species Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Amber List
Common Moorhen (Gallinula chloropus)	17/06/2020	Birds of Ireland	
Common Pochard (Aythya ferina)	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Protected Species: EU Birds Directive Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex II, Section I Bird Species Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex III, Section II Bird Species Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern -> Amber List
Common Snipe (<i>Gallinago</i> gallinago)	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Protected Species: EU Birds Directive Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex II, Section I Bird Species Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex III, Section III Bird Species Threatened Species: Birds

Species name	Date of	Title of dataset	Designation
	last record		
			of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern Amber List
Common Starling (Sturnus vulgaris)	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Amber List
Common Swift (Apus apus)	09/05/2019	Birds of Ireland	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Amber List
Common Wood Pigeon (Columba palumbus)	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Protected Species: EU Birds Directive Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex II, Section I Bird Species Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex III, Section I Bird Species
Eurasian Collared Dove (Streptopelia decaocto)	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland	
Eurasian Curlew (<i>Numenius</i> arquata)	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Protected Species: EU Birds Directive Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex II, Section II Bird Species Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Red List
Eurasian Jackdaw (<i>Corvus</i> monedula)	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland	
Eurasian Oystercatcher (Haematopus ostralegus)	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Amber List
Eurasian Wigeon (Anas penelope)	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Protected Species: EU Birds Directive Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex II, Section I Bird Species Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex III, Section II Bird Species Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Amber List
European Robin (<i>Erithacus</i> rubecula)	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland	
Great Black-backed Gull (Larus marinus)	17/06/2020	Birds of Ireland	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Amber List
Great Cormorant (<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>)	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Amber List
Grey Heron (Ardea cinerea)	23/08/2021	Birds of Ireland	

Species name	Date of last record	Title of dataset	Designation
Greylag Goose (Anser anser)	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland	Invasive Species: Invasive Species Invasive Species: Invasive Species >> Regulation S.I. 477 (Ireland) Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Protected Species: EU Birds Directive Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex II, Section I Bird Species Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex III, Section II Bird Species Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Amber List
Herring Gull (Larus argentatus)	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Red List
House Sparrow (<i>Passer</i> domesticus)	13/01/2021	Birds of Ireland	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Amber List
Iceland Gull (<i>Larus</i> glaucoides)	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.	
Lesser Black-backed Gull (Larus fuscus)	17/06/2020	Birds of Ireland	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Amber List
Little Egret (<i>Egretta</i> garzetta)	17/06/2020	Birds of Ireland	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Protected Species: EU Birds Directive Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex I Bird Species
Little Grebe (Tachybaptus ruficollis)	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Amber List
Long-tailed Tit (Aegithalos caudatus)	09/06/2017	Birds of Ireland	
Mallard (Anas platyrhynchos)	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Protected Species: EU Birds Directive Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex II, Section I Bird Species Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex III, Section I Bird Species
Mediterranean Gull (<i>Larus</i> melanocephalus)	08/02/2020	Birds of Ireland	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Protected Species: EU Birds Directive Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex Bird Species Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Amber List
Mew Gull (Larus canus)	17/06/2020	Birds of Ireland	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Amber List
Mistle Thrush (<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>)	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland	
Mute Swan (<i>Cygnus olor</i>)	17/06/2020	Birds of Ireland	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Amber List

Species name	Date of last record	Title of dataset	Designation
Northern Lapwing (Vanellus vanellus)	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Protected Species: EU Birds Directive Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex to Section II Bird Species Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Red List
Rook (Corvus frugilegus)	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland	Or
Sand Martin (<i>Riparia</i> riparia)	01/04/2018	Birds of Ireland	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Amber List
Tufted Duck (Aythya fuligula)	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Protected Species: EU Birds Directive Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex II, Section I Bird Species Protected Species: EU Birds Directive >> Annex III, Section II Bird Species Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Amber List
Water Rail (<i>Rallus</i> aquaticus)	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.	Protected Species: Wildlife Acts Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern Threatened Species: Birds of Conservation Concern >> Birds of Conservation Concern - Amber List

Conclusion

This report aims to gather baseline data and to assist in assessing the potential impacts on wintering birds from future proposed developments on the grounds, particularly those listed as amber/red-listed birds of conservation concern in Ireland (BoCCI). 11 surveys by Emma Peters and 1 survey by Jack Doyle during the wintering bird season from October 2024 to March 2025.

A total of 46 species were recorded within and above the survey areas across 12 surveys. 28 green, 14 amber and 4 red species of conservation concern were recorded either within, over or immediately adjacent to the survey area boundary. The red-listed red kite and meadow pipit were using the site and displaying to raging behaviour constantly throughout the surveys. The red-listed redwing(wintering) and grey wagtail although in small numbers, was observed using the site. The 14 other Amber-listed species were observed with in the survey area, in particular the Linnet displayed consistent foraging behaviour in the arable crop fields in flocks averaging 46.7 individuals.

There are no Special Protection Areas (SPAs) within 15km of the proposed development. However, qualifying interests of distant SPAs were recorded on site (black-headed gull, common gull, cormorant, great black-backed gull, grey heron, greylag goose, lesser black-backed gull and mallard). Given that these species were recorded in low numbers, the site is deemed of low importance in supporting the qualifying interests of distant SPAs.

The proposed development is not predicted to have a significant impact on wintering bird species.

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PRICEINED: 23/05/2025

Appendix 5.2 Wintering Bird Assessment (2020/2021)

Arklow (Kilbride) Winter Bird Surveys 2020-2021

Introduction

In the winter of 2020-2021, a total of 12 winter bird surveys were conducted at lands at Kilbride in North Arklow, by Hugh Delaney, a freelance ecologist (Birds primarily) with an experienced background in bird surveying on numerous sites with ecological consultancies over 10+ years. Hugh, a lifelong birder, is local to the Dun Laoghaire-Rathdown area in Dublin and is especially familiar with the bird life and its ecology in the environs going back over 30 years.

Winter Bird Survey Methodology

Winter bird surveys are conducted from soon after sunrise until late in the afternoon before sunset, the site is monitored throughout the day and all bird species utilizing the site recorded, including species flying through overhead. Checks are also made on suitable habitat nearby or adjacent the site for comparative purposes and to monitor any interchange of birds between sites. Target species (species of more special interest) utilizing the site will be mapped and estimates of the time these species frequented the site recorded.

Site Location



Figure 1. Site location (outlined in red) at Kilbride, North Arklow. (1) – marked in yellow is referred to in notes as the main site area.



Figure 2. Section of Avoca River in Arklow Town (also counted on site survey days).

Site Description

The site comprises arable fields north of Arklow Town (fallow for the duration of the survey period). The fields were bordered in parts by hedgerows and some larger trees. Housing estates bordered the site to the east and more arable fields bordered the site to the west. An extensive area of marshland bordered the site to the south.

Specific site survey methodology

Site traversed from north to south repeatedly during the day and vantage point observations made from the north end of the site (marked on site map with yellow x) giving an excellent overview of the site below. A count of waterbirds etc. present on the Avoca River south of the site in Arklow Town was made at least once during site visits as part of the surveys.

Survey results

October 23rd, 2020

Sunrise- 08.07hrs/Sunset 18.10hrs. Weather – Wind F4 West, Cloud 5/8, Dry, 11c, Excellent visibility.

On-site 08.45hrs – 16.30hrs.

Species recorded – Black-headed Gull, Herring Gull, Mediterranean Gull, Mallard, Teal, Grey Wagtail, Pheasant, Song Thrush, Robin, Wren, Dunnock, Long-tailed Tit, Blue Tit, Woodpigeon, Buzzard, Red Kite, Linnet, Goldfinch, Chaffinch, House Sparrow, Stonechat, Chiffchaff, Rook, Jackdaw, Hooded Crow, Magpie, Meadow Pipit, Reed Bunting, Yellowhammer, Snipe, Skylark.

Observations from 08.45hrs - 12.00hrs -

A count at the Avoca River at 09.00hrs recorded 22 Black-headed Gull, 1 Mediterranean Gull, 11 Herring Gull, 3 Teal, 14 Mallard and a Grey Wagtail.

At the survey site during the morning observations included Linnet (<40) – foraging in stubble around the main site area. Also, Yellowhammer (<2), Goldfinch (<5), Chaffinch (<4), Chiffchaff (<1), Song Thrush (<4), Woodpigeon (<15) and Pheasant (<2) were recorded foraging in the same area. A Snipe was recorded in the stubble at area 2 of the site at 10.10hrs. Reed Bunting (<2), Stonechat (<1) were also recorded in area 2. A Buzzard was recorded soaring over the main site area at 09.40hrs and 10.15hrs.

Observations from 12.00hrs - 16.30hrs -

A Red Kite was noted soaring south over the main survey area at 13.15hrs. Two Buzzards were noted foraging in the stubble at the west side of the main site area at 12.30hrs. Foraging in the main site area intermittently during afternoon were Yellowhammer (<3), Skylark (<4), Reed Bunting (<2), Linnet (<35),

Chaffinch (<6), House Sparrow (<6 at east side of main site area), Stonechat (<1), Woodpigeon (<20), Meadow Pipit (<4). At area 2 a Snipe was again recorded at the north end at 13.45hrs. Also recorded in area 2 were Yellowhammer (<2), Reed Bunting (<3) and a foraging flock of Chaffinch (<12) and Goldfinch (<8) were present at the west side of area 2 from 14.15-15.00hrs. Robin (<2), Wren (<3), Long-tailed Tit (<5), Blue Tit (<1) and Dunnock (<2) were recorded in hedgerows at the north and south ends of the main site area. No other target species were recorded.

October 30th, 2020

Sunrise- 07.20hrs/Sunset 16.55hrs. Weather – Wind F2 West, Cloud 6/8, Dry, 8c, Excellent visibility. Onsite 08.30hrs – 15.45hrs.

Species recorded - Black-headed Gull, Herring Gull, Mallard, Teal, Pheasant, Song Thrush, Blackbird, Robin, Wren, Dunnock, Long-tailed Tit, Blue Tit, Woodpigeon, Buzzard, Linnet, Goldfinch, Bullfinch, Redpoll, Chaffinch, House Sparrow, Stonechat, Rook, Hooded Crow, Magpie, Meadow Pipit, Reed Bunting, Yellowhammer, Starling, Snipe, Kingfisher, Skylark.

Observations from 08.30hrs - 12.00hrs -

On-site at the main site area a foraging flock of Linnet (<15), Chaffinch (<8) Redpoll (<1) Goldfinch (<10) and Reed Bunting (<2) were noted at the south end from 10.00-11.30hrs. Woodpigeon (<10) were also noted intermittently foraging across the site. A Buzzard passed west over the main site at 10.40 and 11.15hrs. At area 2 to the northeast two Snipe were flushed at 09.15hrs. Also recorded in and around area 2 Skylark (minimum of <15) were noted foraging in the stubble during the morning. Two Pheasant were noted foraging at the north end of the main site area intermittently with Blue Tit (<3), Bullfinch (<2), Robin (<1), Wren (<4), Blackbird (<3), Dunnock (<4) and Song Thrush (<7) recorded in hedgerows crossing the main site area and at the west end of area 2.

Observations from 12.00hrs - 15.45hrs -

At the main site area passerines recorded foraging on-site were Yellowhammer (<2), Linnet (<22), Blackbird (<2), Meadow Pipit (<4), House Sparrow (<6), Chaffinch (<8), Stonechat (<1) and Robin (<2). Also present at the south end of the main site area were a minimum of 4 Pheasant. Skylark (Minimum <10), Reed Bunting (<4) and Yellowhammer (<5) were noted foraging in area 2. Buzzard was recorded at area 2 at 10.15hrs (<2 foraging) and one flew west over main site area at 14.30hrs. Small numbers of corvids were noted foraging at the main site area intermittently including Hooded Crow (<3), Magpie (<4), Rook (<15) and Jackdaw (<10). A foraging flock of Starling (<30) was noted at the north end of the main site area at 15.10hrs. No other target species were recorded.

At the Avoca River count area Black-headed Gull (<35), Herring Gull (<18), Mallard (<26), Teal (<5) and a flock of feral Greylag Goose (<8) was noted at 15.45hrs. A Kingfisher was also noted in middle of the count area on the north side of the river.

November 10th, 2020

Sunrise- 07.41hrs/Sunset 16.35hrs. Weather – Wind F1 North, Cloud 3/8, Dry, 9c, Excellent visibility. Onsite 08.30hrs – 16.00hrs.

Species recorded - Black-headed Gull, Herring Gull, Mute Swan, Mallard, Teal, Pheasant, Song Thrush, Mistle Thrush, Blackbird, Robin, Wren, Dunnock, Long-tailed Tit, Blue Tit, Woodpigeon, Buzzard, Red Kite, Linnet, Goldfinch, Chaffinch, House Sparrow, Stonechat, Rook, Hooded Crow, Magpie, Meadow Pipit, Pied Wagtail, Reed Bunting, Yellowhammer, Starling, Skylark.

Observations from 08.30hrs - 16.00hrs -

At the Avoca River count area Black-headed Gull (<55), Herring Gull (<16), Mallard (<34), Teal (<8), Mute Swan (<4) and Grey Heron (<1) were noted at 08.45hrs.

On-site at the main site area a foraging flock of Chaffinch (<15), Goldfinch (<8), Yellowhammer (<2), Linnet (<10) and Pied Wagtail was present intermittently throughout the morning mainly at the south end of the site. Also recorded on-site were Robin (<1), Song Thrush (<5), Blackbird (<4), Stonechat (<1), Mistle Thrush (<2) and Blue Tit (<2) at the hedgerows at the north and southeast side of site. In area 2 Pheasant (<3), Skylark (<8) and Reed Bunting (<6) were recorded. A Buzzard was noted passing south over area 2 at 10.10hrs.

Observations from 12.00hrs - 16.30hrs -

A Red Kite was noted passing north over the main site area at 12.40hrs. A Buzzard was noted foraging on ground at the south end of the main site area from 13.15-13.30hrs. Yellowhammer (<3), Chaffinch (<12), Linnet (<5), Goldfinch (<10), Reed Bunting (<4) and Pied Wagtail (<1) were noted foraging on-site in the stubble intermittently throughout the afternoon. Song Thrush (<3), Blackbird (<5), Robin (<2), Dunnock (<1) and Long-tailed Tit (<3) were noted at the hedgerows at the south and north of main site area. At area 2 Skylark (<15), Meadow Pipit (<3), Reed Bunting (<8), Woodpigeon (<10) and Pheasant (<2) were noted. Black-headed Gull (<3) were noted foraging at area 2 from 14.00-14.30hrs. No other target species recorded.

November 27th, 2020

Sunrise- 08.11hrs/Sunset 16.13hrs. Weather – Wind F1 West, Cloud 3/8, Dry, 4c, Excellent visibility. Onsite 08.45hrs – 15.45hrs.

Species recorded - Black-headed Gull, Herring Gull, Common Gull, Mallard, Mute Swan, Teal, Pheasant, Song Thrush, Blackbird, Robin, Wren, Dunnock, Blue Tit, Woodpigeon, Buzzard, Red Kite, Linnet, Goldfinch, Redpoll, Chaffinch, House Sparrow, Stonechat, Rook, Raven, Hooded Crow, Magpie, Meadow Pipit, Pied Wagtail, Reed Bunting, Water Rail, Yellowhammer, Starling, Snipe, Skylark.

Observations from 08.45hrs - 12.00hrs -

On-site at the main site area Yellowhammer (<2), Goldfinch (<15), Redpoll (<1), Linnet (<6), Pied Wagtail (<1) were recorded intermittently throughout the morning. A foraging flock of Starling (<70) were present at the south end of the main site area from 10.45-12.15hrs. Also recorded on-site were Pheasant (<2), Robin (<1), Blue Tit (<3), Dunnock (<2), Wren (<2), Blackbird (<8) and Song Thrush (<4) in and around the hedgerows at the north and through the middle of the site. A Red Kite passed north over area 2 at 11.10hrs, also at area 2 were Skylark (<15), Reed Bunting (<6), and Snipe (<2). Two Buzzard were noted foraging in and around area 2 from 10.00-10.25hrs.

Observations from 12.00hrs - 15.45hrs -

At the main site area Skylark (<2), Goldfinch (<12), Redpoll (<2), Chaffinch (<9) and House Sparrow (<6) were noted foraging mainly along the east side of site. A minimum of two Water Rail were heard calling from the south end of the main site area (the birds were calling from the reed bed further south). Song Thrush (<5), Blackbird (<2), Robin (<2), Wren (<2) and Pied Wagtail (<1) were also recorded at the main site area. At area 2 Reed Bunting (<5), Skylark (<7), Siskin (<2), Buzzard (<1) and Stonechat (<2) were recorded intermittently during the afternoon. Two Raven passed south over area 2 at 15.05hrs.

At the Avoca River count area Black-headed Gull (<112), Herring Gull (<26), Common Gull (<3), Mute Swan (<6), Mallard (<38), Teal (<7) and Grey Heron (<1) were recorded at 15.30hrs.

December 11th, 2020

Sunrise- 08.31hrs/Sunset 16.06hrs. Weather – Wind F2 West, Light Showers, Cloud 5/8, 10c, Excellent visibility. On-site 09.00hrs – 15.30hrs.

Species recorded - Black-headed Gull, Herring Gull, Mallard, Mute Swan, Teal, Moorhen, Pheasant, Song Thrush, Blackbird, Redwing, Robin, Wren, Dunnock, Blue Tit, Coal Tit, Great Tit, Woodpigeon,

Buzzard, Kestrel, Linnet, Goldfinch, Redpoll, Chaffinch, House Sparrow, Stonechat, Rook, Hooded Crow, Magpie, Meadow Pipit, Pied Wagtail, Grey Wagtail, Reed Bunting, Water Rail, Yellowhammer, Starling, Snipe, Skylark.

Observations from 09.00hrs - 12.00hrs -

At the Avoca River count area Black-headed Gull (<135), Herring Gull (<32), Mute Swan (<5), Mallard (<45), Teal (<2), Moorhen (<3), Grey Wagtail (<2) and Grey Heron (<1) were recorded at 09.18 hrs.

At the main site area Song Thrush (<10), Blackbird (<4), Redwing (<2), Chaffinch (<15), Goldfinch (<6), Wren (<2), Robin (<1), Coal Tit (<2) Meadow Pipit (<5) and Pied Wagtail (<2) were recorded foraging intermittently on-site during the morning. At area 2 Skylark (<20), Stonechat (<2), Reed Bunting (<14) and Yellowhammer (<4) were recorded foraging on-site during the morning. A Kestrel was recorded hunting at the west side of area 2 at 11.10hrs.

Observations from 12.00hrs - 15.30hrs -

At the main site area, a Buzzard was noted foraging at the north end at 12.50-13.10hrs. Starling (<80) were noted foraging at the east side from 13.30-14.15hrs. Also, at the main site area Yellowhammer (<3), Chaffinch (<14), House Sparrow (<5), Woodpigeon (<10), Pheasant (<2) and Rook (<15) were noted foraging during the afternoon. Minimum of 3 Water Rail were heard calling from the south side of the main site area at 15.00hrs calling from the reed bed further south. At area 2 Yellowhammer (<2), Skylark (<12), Reed Bunting (<4) and Snipe (<3 flushed) were noted at 14.30hrs. No other target species were recorded.

December 19th, 2020

Sunrise- 08.37hrs/Sunset 16.07hrs. Weather – Wind F2 Southwest, Cloud 3/8, Dry, 8c, Excellent visibility. On-site 09.00hrs – 15.30hrs.

Species recorded - Black-headed Gull, Herring Gull, Common Gull, Mallard, Mute Swan, Teal, Moorhen, Pheasant, Song Thrush, Blackbird, Redwing, Fieldfare, Robin, Wren, Dunnock, Blue Tit, Coal Tit, Woodpigeon, Buzzard, Red Kite, Linnet, Goldfinch, Chaffinch, House Sparrow, Stonechat, Rook, Hooded Crow, Magpie, Meadow Pipit, Pied Wagtail, Reed Bunting, Yellowhammer, Starling, Snipe, Skylark.

Observations from 09.00hrs - 12.00hrs -

At the main site area Linnet (<20), Yellowhammer (<2), Goldfinch (<7), Song Thrush (<5), Blackbird (<4), Wren (<3), Robin (<2), Dunnock (<2) and Rook (<15) were recorded foraging intermittently during the afternoon. A Red Kite passed east at 10.20hrs and another passed north over the main site area at 11.15hrs. Black-headed Gull (<6) were noted foraging on the main site area from 11.00-12.30hrs. At area 2 Skylark (<10), Yellowhammer (<5), Reed Bunting (<8) and Snipe (<1) were recorded during the morning. Two Buzzard were noted foraging at the west side of area 2 at 11.30hrs.

Observations from 12.00hrs - 15.30hrs -

At the main site area Song Thrush (<6), Redwing (<4), Blackbird (<5), Linnet (<16), Yellowhammer (<2), House Sparrow (<10) and Starling (<25) were noted foraging intermittently during the afternoon. Also recorded on-site were Dunnock (<4), Wren (<2), Blue Tit (<4), Coal Tit (<2), Robin (<1), Stonechat (<2), Pheasant (<2) and Pied Wagtail (<1). A flock of Fieldfare (<20) were noted passing west over the site at 14.15hrs. At area 2 Skylark (<16), Yellowhammer (<4), Reed Bunting (<12) and Snipe (<2 flushed) were noted at 13.30hrs. A flock of Chaffinch (<25) and Yellowhammer (<5) were noted at the west side of area 2 at 14.45hrs.

At the Avoca River count area Black-headed Gull (<115), Herring Gull (<32), Common Gull (<2), Mallard (<42), Teal (<4), Moorhen (<3) and Grey Heron (<2) were noted at 15.20hrs, with almost all birds recorded as usual in the area west of the bridge. No other target species recorded.

January 11th, 2021

Sunrise- 08.35hrs/Sunset 16.30hrs. Weather – Wind F3 West, Cloud 7/8, Light showers 8c, Excellent visibility. On-site 09.15hrs – 16.00hrs.

Species recorded - Black-headed Gull, Herring Gull, Mallard, Mute Swan, Teal, Moorhen, Preasant, Song Thrush, Mistle Thrush, Blackbird, Redwing, Robin, Wren, Dunnock, Blue Tit, Long-tailed Tit, Woodpigeon, Buzzard, Sparrowhawk, Linnet, Goldfinch, Chaffinch, House Sparrow, Stonechat, Rook, Hooded Crow, Magpie, Meadow Pipit, Pied Wagtail, Reed Bunting, Water Rail, Yellowhammer, Starling, Skylark.

Observations from 09.15hrs - 12.00hrs -

At the Avoca River count area Black-headed Gull (<90), Herring Gull (<24), Mallard (<48), Mute Swan (<4), Teal (<6), Moorhen (<4) and feral Greylag Geese (<9) were recorded at 09.25hrs. Almost all birds present in area west of the bridge.

At the main site area Black-headed Gull (<12) were noted foraging at the south end from 09.45-10.30hrs. Also noted on-site were Rook (<20), Chaffinch (<8), Song Thrush (<11), Redwing (<4), Dunnock (<2), Blackbird (<5), Wren (<2), Linnet (<5), Long-tailed Tit (<4) and Reed Bunting (<3). Water Rail (<2) were heard calling from the south end of the site at 11.10hrs, the birds calling from reed bed further south. A Sparrowhawk was noted hunting along the east side of the site at 09.40hrs. At area 2 Reed Bunting (<12), Skylark (<12), Yellowhammer (<3) and Pheasant (<2) were recorded at 11.30hrs. A foraging flock of Chaffinch (<25) and Yellowhammer were noted in the stubble at the west side of area 2 at 11.50hrs.

Observations from 12.00hrs - 16.00hrs -

At the main site area Starling (<100) were noted foraging at the east side of the site intermittently during the afternoon, also recorded on-site were Yellowhammer (<3), Linnet (<18), Goldfinch (<8), Song Thrush (<5), Mistle Thrush (<1), Blue Tit (<2), House Sparrow (<6), Robin (<2), Reed Bunting (<4), Wren (<2), Rook (<10), Stonechat (<2) and Pheasant (<1). Black-headed Gull (<5) were noted foraging on-site from 14.30-15.00hrs. A Buzzard passed south over the site at 13.20hrs. Two Water Rail were heard at 15.30hrs from the south end of the site calling from the reed bed area. At area 2 Skylark (<15), Reed Bunting (<10), Yellowhammer (<6) and Redwing (<15) were recorded at 13.15hrs. No other target species recorded.

January 25th, 2021

Sunrise- 08.20hrs/Sunset 16.55hrs. Weather – Wind F2 Southwest, Cloud 5/8, Dry, 3c, Excellent visibility. On-site 09.00hrs – 15.45hrs.

Species recorded - Black-headed Gull, Herring Gull, Common Gull, Mallard, Mute Swan, Teal, Moorhen, Pheasant, Song Thrush, Blackbird, Robin, Wren, Dunnock, Blue Tit, Coal Tit, Woodpigeon, Buzzard, Red Kite, Linnet, Goldfinch, Chaffinch, Redpoll, House Sparrow, Stonechat, Rook, Hooded Crow, Magpie, Meadow Pipit, Pied Wagtail, Reed Bunting, Yellowhammer, Starling, Water Rail, Snipe, Skylark.

Observations from 09.00hrs - 12.00hrs -

At the main site area Rook (<25), Hooded Crow (<4), Linnet (<10), Skylark (<2), Reed Bunting (<5), Goldfinch (<8), Robin (<2), Song Thrush (<10), Blackbird (<5), Woodpigeon (<8), Wren (<2), Blue Tit (<3), Coal Tit (<1), House Sparrow (<4), Redpoll (<4) and Chaffinch (<10) were recorded intermittently during the morning. Black-headed Gull (<2) were noted foraging on-site at 10.45hrs briefly and again (<5) foraging from 11.20-11.40hrs. At area 2 Skylark (<8), Yellowhammer (<2), Snipe (<2 flushed), Chaffinch

(<15) and Reed Bunting (<2) were noted during the morning. A Red Kite was noted passing south over the west side of area 2 at 12.00hrs.

Observations from 12.00hrs – 15.45hrs –

At the main site area Yellowhammer (<1), Chaffinch (<14), Goldfinch (<8), Linnet (<5), Woodpigeon (<12), Song Thrush (<8), Blackbird (<3), Dunnock (<2), Robin (<1), Rook (<5) and Pheasant (<3) were noted foraging during the afternoon. At area 2 Snipe (<4 flushed), Yellowhammer (<3), Reed Bunting (<15), Stonechat (<2), Meadow Pipit (<5), Skylark (<14) and Chaffinch (<20) were recorded foraging in the area at 13.30-14.00hrs. A minimum of 4 Water Rail were noted calling from the reedbed area near the south end of the main area at 15.00hrs.

At the Avoca River count area Black-headed Gull (<120), Herring Gull (<30), Common Gull (<5), Mute Swan (<6), Mallard (<46), Moorhen (<3) and Grey Heron (<1) were recorded at 15.20hrs.

February 6th, 2021

Sunrise- 08.00hrs/Sunset 17.18hrs. Weather – Wind F3 Northeast, Cloud 6/8, Dry, 6c, Excellent visibility.

On-site 08.45hrs – 16.00hrs.

Species recorded - Black-headed Gull, Herring Gull, Mallard, Mute Swan, Teal, Moorhen, Pheasant, Song Thrush, Blackbird, Robin, Wren, Dunnock, Blue Tit, Great Tit, Woodpigeon, Buzzard, Linnet, Goldfinch, Chaffinch, Siskin, House Sparrow, Stonechat, Rook, Hooded Crow, Magpie, Raven, Meadow Pipit, Pied Wagtail, Reed Bunting, Yellowhammer, Starling, Water Rail, Skylark.

Observations from 08.45hrs - 12.00hrs -

_At the Avoca River count area Black-headed Gull (<115), Herring Gull (<48), Mute Swan (<4), Mallard (<38), Teal (<5), Feral Greylag Goose (<6) and Moorhen (<4) were recorded 09.00hrs.

At the main site area Chaffinch (<10), Goldfinch (<6), Linnet (<14), Woodpigeon (<10), Song Thrush (<4), Blackbird (<2), Stonechat (<1), Meadow Pipit (<3), Pied Wagtail (<1), Robin (<2), Wren (<1), Dunnock (<3), Blue Tit (<1) were recorded intermittently during the morning foraging in the area and adjoining hedgerows. A Raven was noted flying south at 10.15hrs. At area 2 Skylark (<18), Yellowhammer (<4), Reed Bunting (<5), Song Thrush (<4) and Chaffinch (<15) were noted at 11.00hrs foraging in the area. Two Buzzards were recorded foraging at the west side of area 2 at 11.20hrs.

Observations from 12.00hrs - 16.00hrs -

On-site at the main site area Starling (<50), Song Thrush (<7), Blackbird (<3), Linnet (<8), Robin (<2), Siskin (<2), Wren (<1), Dunnock (<3), Rook (<14), Jackdaw (<5), House Sparrow (<5), Goldfinch (<10) and Pheasant (<1) were recorded foraging in the area during the afternoon. At area 2 Yellowhammer (<2), Reed Bunting (<8), Chaffinch (<10), Meadow Pipit (<5) and Skylark (<8) were recorded foraging in the area during the afternoon. A minimum of 2 Water Rail were heard calling from the reed bed at the south end of the main site area at 14.45hrs. No other target species recorded.

February 26th, 2021

Sunrise- 07.19hrs/Sunset 17.57hrs. Weather – Wind F2 Southwest, Cloud 3/8, Dry, 6c, Excellent visibility. On-site 08.30hrs – 16.30hrs.

Species recorded - Black-headed Gull, Mediterranean Gull, Great black-backed Gull, Lesser black-backed Gull, Herring Gull, Mallard, Mute Swan, Cormorant, Teal, Moorhen, Pheasant, Song Thrush, Blackbird, Redwing, Robin, Wren, Dunnock, Blue Tit, Long-tailed Tit, Woodpigeon, Buzzard, Red Kite, Linnet, Goldfinch, Chaffinch, House Sparrow, Stonechat, Rook, Hooded Crow, Magpie, Meadow Pipit, Pied Wagtail, Reed Bunting, Yellowhammer, Starling, Water Rail, Snipe, Kingfisher, Skylark.

Observations from 08.30hrs – 12.00hrs –

At the main site area, a foraging flock of Chaffinch (<22), Linnet (<8), Goldfinch (<10) and Pied Wagtail (<2) was noted at the east side from 09.30-10.30hrs. Also recorded foraging in the area during the morning were Song Thrush (<6), Blackbird (<3), Meadow Pipit (<2), Dunnock (<2), Robin (<3), Redwing (<5), Long-tailed Tit (<6) and Reed Bunting (<1). Black-headed Gull (<5) were noted briefly foraging at 09.40hrs. At area 2 Skylark (<5), Snipe (<2), Pheasant (<4), Chaffinch (<8) and Yellowhammer (<2) were recorded during the morning.

Observations from 12.00hrs - 16.00hrs -

At area 2 single Red Kite was observed flying east at 13.00hrs and south at 14.05hrs. Also recorded in area 2 were Skylark (<14), Reed Bunting (<6), Chaffinch (<9), Yellowhammer (<4) and Stonechat (<2). At the main site area Goldfinch (<18), Linnet (<20), Starling (<25), Rook (<10), Jackdaw (<6), Buzzard (<1), Chaffinch (<5), Blue Tit (<3), Meadow Pipit (<1) and Pied Wagtail (<2) were recorded on-site during the afternoon. Two Water Rail heard at 14.30hrs from south end of site calling from the nearby reed bed.

At the Avoca River count area Black-headed Gull (<80), Mediterranean Gull (<1), Herring Gull (<54), Great black-backed Gull (<1), Lesser black-backed Gull (<9), Mallard (<32), Teal (<2), Feral Greylag Goose (<8), Mute Swan (<6), Moorhen (<3), Cormorant (<2) and Kingfisher (<1) were noted at 15.45hrs.

March 9th, 2021

Sunrise- 06.54hrs/Sunset 18.18hrs. Weather – Wind F2 South, Cloud 8/8, Dry, 9c, Excellent visibility. Onsite 08.30hrs – 16.00hrs.

Species recorded - Black-headed Gull, Mediterranean Gull, Common Gull, Iceland Gull, Great black-backed Gull, Lesser black-backed Gull, Herring Gull, Mallard, Mute Swan, Teal, Moorhen, Pheasant, Song Thrush, Blackbird, Redwing, Robin, Wren, Goldcrest, Dunnock, Blue Tit, Woodpigeon, Buzzard, Kestrel, Linnet, Goldfinch, Chaffinch, House Sparrow, Stonechat, Rook, Hooded Crow, Magpie, Meadow Pipit, Pied Wagtail, Grey Wagtail, Reed Bunting, Yellowhammer, Starling, Water Rail, Skylark.

Observations from 08.30hrs - 12.00hrs -

At the Avoca River count area Black-headed Gull (<125), Herring Gull (<46), Lesser black-backed Gull (<16), Iceland Gull (<1), Mediterranean Gull (<1), Common Gull (<18), Great black-backed Gull (<5), Mallard (<54), Mute Swan (<3), Grey Wagtail and Cormorant (<1) were recorded at 08.45hrs.

At the main site area Linnet (<12), Goldfinch (<15), Chaffinch (<9), Robin (<4), Wren (<2), Dunnock (<3), Song Thrush (<5), Blackbird (<2), Woodpigeon (<40), Goldcrest (<1), Rook (<10), Hooded Crow (<4), House Sparrow (<7), Pied Wagtail (<1) and Meadow Pipit (<3) were noted foraging in the area during the morning. A Kestrel was observed hunting in the center of the main site area at 10.40hrs. At area 2 Skylark (<6), Pheasant (<11), Reed Bunting (<4), Yellowhammer (<3), Song Thrush (<8), Redwing (<6) were recorded at 10.00-10.30hrs. A Buzzard was noted foraging at the west end of area 2 at 10.25hrs.

Observations from 12.00hrs - 16.00hrs -

At the main site area Woodpigeon (<60) and Starling (<45) were recorded foraging during the afternoon, also recorded were Goldfinch (<15), House Sparrow (<4), Yellowhammer (<1), Wren (<2), Dunnock (<4), Linnet (<5), Pheasant (<6) and Chaffinch (<2). A minimum of 3 Water Rail were heard calling from the reed bed near the south end of the site during the afternoon. A Kestrel was again noted hunting at the north end of the main site area at 13.35hrs. At area 2 Skylark (<5), Reed Bunting (<8), Chaffinch (<14) and Yellowhammer (<4), Song Thrush (<6) and Stonechat (<1) were recorded foraging during the afternoon. No other target species recorded.

March 23rd, 2021

Sunrise- 06.20hrs/Sunset 18.44hrs. Weather – Wind F3 Southwest, Cloud 4/8, Dry, 10c, Excellent visibility. On-site 07.45hrs – 16.00hrs.

Species recorded - Black-headed Gull, Common Gull, Great black-backed Gull, Lesser black-backed Gull, Herring Gull, Mallard, Mute Swan, Teal, Moorhen, Pheasant, Song Thrush, Blackbird, Robin, Wren, Dunnock, Blue Tit, Woodpigeon, Buzzard, Kestrel, Red Kite, Linnet, Goldfinch, Greenfinch, Chaffinch, Bullfinch, House Sparrow, Stonechat, Rook, Hooded Crow, Magpie, Meadow Pipit, Pied Wagtail, Reed Bunting, Yellowhammer, Starling, Water Rail, Skylark.

Observations from 07.45hrs - 12.00hrs -

At the main site area Linnet (<20), Yellowhammer (<2), Bullfinch (<2), Chaffinch (<5), Greenfinch (<2), Goldfinch (<12), House Sparrow (<10), Blue Tit (<3), Dunnock (<2), Song Thrush (<6), Pheasant (<2), Woodpigeon (<20) and Starling (<35) were noted foraging during the morning. A Kestrel was noted hunting at the west side of the site at 11.15hrs. At area 2 a Red Kite was noted passing south at 10.10hrs, also noted in area 2 were Skylark (<6 including two in song), Yellowhammer (<3), Song Thrush (<2), Reed Bunting (<2), Dunnock (<3) and Stonechat (<1). Two Buzzard was observed foraging on ground at the north end of area 2 at 10.30hrs.

Observations from 12.00hrs - 16.00hrs -

At the main site area Woodpigeon (<30), Starling (<15), Song Thrush (<4), Blackbird (<3), Dunnock (<3), Robin (<2), Chaffinch (<7), Goldfinch (<4), House Sparrow (<8), Rook (<15) and Pheasant (<1) were noted foraging during the afternoon. Two Buzzard was noted at the north end of the site perched in trees at 13.10hrs. At area 2 Skylark (<5), Yellowhammer (<5), Song Thrush (<3), Bullfinch (<4) and Reed Bunting (<4) were noted from 12.30-13.30hrs. A Red Kite passed north over area 2 at 13.45hrs. Minimum of two Water Rail were noted calling from the reed bed near the south end of the site at 15.15hrs.

At the Avoca River count area Black-headed Gull (<85), Common Gull (<13), Herring Gull (<53), Lesser black-backed Gull (<17), Great black-backed Gull (<3), Mute Swan (<7), Mallard (<44), Feral Greylag Goose (<10), Moorhen (<5) and Grey Heron (<1) were recorded at 15.50hrs. No other target species recorded.

Comments and observations on the survey results

56 bird species were recorded at lands at Kilbride in North Arklow during 12 winter bird surveys from October 2020 to March 2021. In the context of wintering bird species that are red listed as species of conservation concern in the revised Birdwatch Ireland List of birds of conservation concern in Ireland (2020-2026) Redwing and Snipe were recorded in small numbers. Results from the surveys suggest that the site is not an ex-situ foraging or roosting site for species of qualifying interest from nearby Special protection areas (SPA's).

Some of the more notable species recorded on-site were Yellowhammer (wintering and likely breeding), Reed Bunting (wintering), Skylark (wintering), with occasional sightings of Red Kite and Kestrel on-site. Water Rail was recorded in the reed beds to the south of the site. At the Avoca River site in Arklow Town a number of amber listed wintering species were noted wintering, including four Gull species, Mallard, Teal, Cormorant and Mute Swan.



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Appendix 5.3 Breeding Bird Assessment



Breeding Bird Assessment for a proposed Mixed Use Large-Scale Residential Development (LRD) at Kilbride, Arklow, Co. Wicklow.



21st May 2025

Prepared by: Emma Peters of Altemar Ltd.

On behalf of: Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited.

Altemar Ltd., 50 Templecarrig Upper, Delgany, Co. Wicklow. 00-353-1-2010713. info@altemar.ie
Directors: Bryan Deegan and Sara Corcoran
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Document Control Sheet				
Client	Certain Assets of Dav	vnhill and Windhill Lir	mited	
Project	Breeding Bird Assessment for a proposed Mixed Use Large-Scale Residential Development (LRD) at Kilbride, Arklow, Co. Wicklow.			
Report	Breeding Bird Assessment			
Date	21 st May 2025			
Version	Author	Reviewed	Date	
Final	Bryan Deegan	Gayle O'Farrell	21 st May 2025	

Summary

Structure/features: The survey area consists primarily of crop fields, scrub, treelines,

bare ground, roadways, farm buildings and a house on site.

Location: Kilbride, Arklow, Co. Wicklow.

Bird species breeding onsite: Blackcap, Hooded Crow, Whitethroat, Woodpigeon and Wren

(Reed warbler & Sedge warbler within the marsh habitat)

Proposed work: Mixed-Use Large Scale Residential Development.

Impact on breeding birds: The proposed development will result in a long-term low adverse

effect on breeding birds due to habitat loss. Mitigation measures

are proposed.

Surveys by: Emma Peters BSc, Frank Spellman MSc, & Jack Doyle MSc of Altemar

Ltd.

Survey dates: 29th May, 10th June and 24th June 2024

23rd April & 9th May 2025

Receiving environment

Background

The proposed mixed use Large scale Residential Development will result in the demolition of an existing dwelling, outbuilding and agricultural shed and the construction of a local and 666 No. residential units with a mix of semidetached, detached, and terraced houses along with duplex apartments and apartments. These will comprise 1, 2, 3 and 4 bed houses. All residential units will have associated private open space facing north/ south/ east/ west. The proposal will also deliver 3 No. retail units, 3 No. community/ medical units and 1 No. creche unit.

New pedestrian/ cyclist link connecting into Arklow Town Centre is proposed via a new boardwalk and bridge across the marsh and over the Avoca River adjoining the existing greenway and the Main Street. A new road is also proposed connecting to the north to Kilbride Road. Alterations to the surrounding road network to provide a section of the regional road and upgrades to provide pedestrian facilities are also included. Vehicular access to the site will be from the new proposed regional road. The development will also provide for landscaping, public open spaces and all associated site development works to enable the development including boundary treatments, attenuation storage area and other service provision including ESB substation.

The proposed site outline, location, and landscape plan are demonstrated in Figures 1-4.

Landscape

A Landscape Design Proposal has been prepared by NMP Landscape Architects Ltd to accompany this planning application. The landscape plan is demonstrated in Figure 5.



Figure 1. Survey area.



Figure 2. Site location

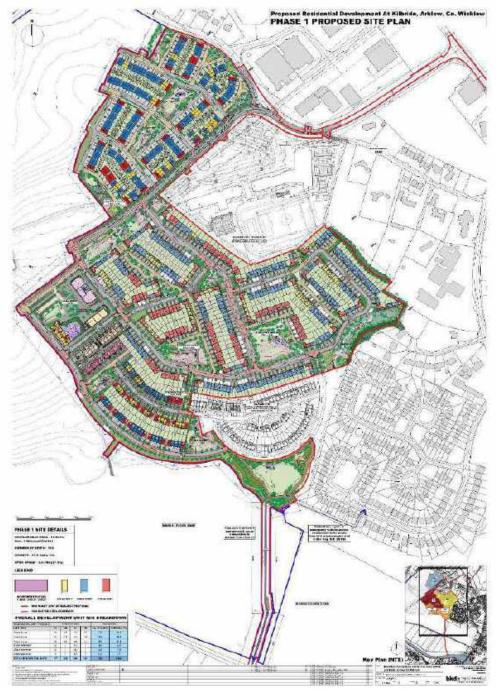


Figure 3. Proposed overall layout – sheet 1

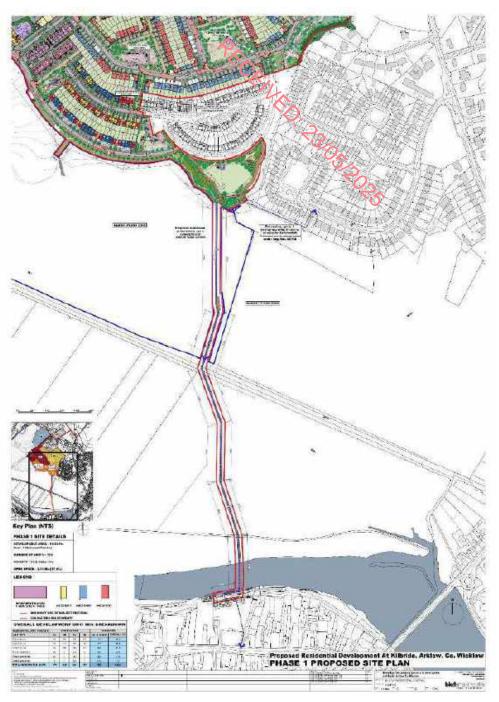


Figure 4. Proposed overall layout – sheet 2



Figure 5. Proposed landscape general arrangement plan

Competency of assessor

Emma Peters (BSc Environmental Science).

Emma has carried out a range of wintering and breeding ornithological surveys in Ireland. Emma has experience in bat detection through static detector surveys, dusk emergence, and down re-entry surveys and is a member of Bat Conservation Ireland. She is also skilled in habitat identification, native and nonnative species identification and terrestrial mammal surveys. The desk and field surveys were carried out using techniques approved and recommended by CIEEM.

Frank Spellman (BSc Zoology, MSc Zoology).

Frank has extensive experience in carrying out a wide range of fauna surveys as both a sub-contractor and employee for environmental consultancies and organisations in Ireland and the US. These include both roving and static acoustic bat surveys, terrestrial non-avian mammal surveys, breeding/wintering bird surveys, and freshwater ecology surveys. Frank has been lead surveyor on numerous development projects within Ireland carrying out full mammal assessments.

Jack Doyle (MSc Sustainable Environments).

This report has also been prepared by Jack Doyle (MSc Sustainable Environments). Jack has previous experience in carrying out a wide range of fauna surveys, including both roving and static acoustic bat surveys, terrestrial non-avian mammal surveys, and breeding/wintering bird surveys.

Bryan Deegan (MCIEEM, BSc Applied Marine Biology, MSc Environmental Science)

Bryan Deegan, the managing director of Alternar, is an Environmental Scientist and Marine Biologist with 31 years' experience working in Irish terrestrial and aquatic environments, providing services to the State, Semi-State and industry. He is currently lead project ecologist for Project Pembroke and was contracted to Inland Fisheries Ireland as the sole "External Expert" to environmentally assess internal and external projects. He is also chair of an internal IFI working group on environmental assessment. Bryan Deegan (MCIEEM) holds a MSc in Environmental Science, BSc (Hons.) in Applied Marine Biology, NCEA National Diploma in Applied Aquatic Science and a NCEA National Certificate in Science (Aquaculture).

Legislative context

The Wildlife Act 1976 protects wild birds in Ireland. Based on this legislation it is an offence to wilfully interfere with or destroy wild birds and their nests and eggs (other than the wild species mentioned in the Third Schedule of this Act). Under this legislation it is an offence for any person who "wilfully takes or removes the eggs or nest of a protected wild bird otherwise than under and in accordance with such a licence, wilfully destroys, injures or mutilates the eggs or nest of a protected wild bird, wilfully disturbs a protected wild bird on or near a nest containing eggs or unflown young."

Habitats Directive- Council Directive 92/43/EEC 1992 on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and flora has been transposed into Irish Law, including, via, *inter alia*, the European Communities (Birds and Natural Habitats) Regulations 2011 (as amended).

Council Directive 2009/147/EC 2010 on the conservation of wild birds provides for the conservation of wild birds by, among other things, classifying important ornithological sites as Special Protection Areas. The Directive relates to the conservation of all species of naturally occurring birds in the wild state, their eggs, nests and habitats in the European territory of the Member States. The Directive prohibits in particular:

- deliberate killing or capture by any method;
- deliberate destruction of, or damage to, their nests and eggs or removal of their nests;
- taking their eggs in the wild and keeping these eggs even if empty;
- deliberate disturbance of these birds particularly during the period of breeding and rearing, in so far as disturbance would be significant having regard to the objectives of this Directive;
- keeping birds of species the hunting and capture of which is prohibited.

Under the European Communities (Birds and Natural Habitats) Regulations 2011 (as amended), notwithstanding any consent, statutory or otherwise, given to a person by a public authority or held by a

person, except in accordance with a licence granted by the Minister under Regulation 54, a person who in respect of the species referred to in Part 1 of the First Schedule:

- deliberately captures or kills any specimen of these species in the wild,
- deliberately disturbs these species particularly during the period of breeding, rearing, hibernation and migration,
- · deliberately takes or destroys eggs of those species from the wild,
- damages or destroys a breeding site or resting place of such an animal, or
- keeps, transports, sells, exchanges, offers for sale or offers for exchange any specimen of these species taken in the wild, other than those taken legally as referred to in Article 12(2) of the Habitats Directive, shall be guilty of an offence.

Breeding bird survey

This report presents the results of three site visits, by Emma Peters and Frank Spellman on 29th May, 10th June and 24th June 2024, and Emma Peters and Jack Doyle on the 23rd April 2025 and 9th May 2025. A breeding bird transect survey was carried out on each occasion.

Survey methodology

This Breeding bird survey was carried out based on the BTO Common Bird Census (Bibby *et al.*, 2000 and Gilbert *et al.*, 1998) and following CIEEM guidelines.

A 15-minute settlement period was given following arrival to allow resumption of bird activity after any possible disturbance caused by arrival to the site. Various features and habitats such as scrub, grassland, treelines, mature trees and exposed earth were present within the survey area. A single transect following the full perimeter of the survey area was carried out on each occasion, covering all areas and features available for breeding activity within and adjacent to the survey area. Each survey was carried out by a single surveyor.

The survey was carried out over 3 hours on 3 occasions in 2024 and 2 surveys in 2025, beginning at dawn and ending once all areas/features had been surveyed. A single evening survey was carried out on the 24th June 2024 in compliance with CIEEM guidelines. Care was taken not to double count any observations. Weather conditions were optimal on each occasion.

Survey results

Habitats of breeding bird potential

A desk and ground level breeding habitat assessment were carried and used to examine the structures and vegetation on site for features that could provide breeding habitat. Potential nesting features include scrub, treelines, hedgerows etc. All vegetated areas on site were assessed for breeding bird potential.

Areas of high breeding bird potential included the scrub, treelines and hedgerows throughout the survey area and its boundaries.

Breeding activity survey

Overall Survey Area 2024 Surveys

Three breeding bird surveys were carried out during the bird nesting season of 2024. Surveys were conducted by two surveyors on 29th May, 10th June and 24th June 2024, which encompassed areas both within and adjacent to the proposed site outline and general ownership boundary. Bird species present on site during the 10th and 12th of September 2024 surveys were also recorded.

In total, 46 species of bird were recorded within, adjacent and over the survey area (Table 1); 28 green listed, 14 amber, and four red-listed Birds of Conservation Concern in Ireland (BoCCI). Of these species, five were recorded breeding within the outline of the proposed development (Table 3), all of which are

green listed BoCCI. Additional species recorded breeding in habitats adjacent to the proposed site outline and/or within the general ownership/survey area are listed in Table 2. No red-listed species were recorded breeding within the proposed site outline as well as the general area covered by surveys.

2025 Surveys

In total, 29 bird species were recorded across the two surveys within, adjacent and over the survey area (Table 4): 21 green listed and 8 amber listed Bird of Conservation Concern in Ireland (Bocci). Of these species, one was recorded breeding within the outline of the proposed development (Table 6) Additional species recorded breeding in habitats adjacent to the proposed site outline and/or within the general ownership/survey area are listed in Table 5. No red-listed species were recorded breeding within the proposed site outline as well as the general area covered by surveys.

Table 1: Bird species recorded during surveys on site during 2024 surveys.

Common name	вто	Latin name	BoCCI
Blackbird	B.	Turdus merula	Green
Blackcap	ВС	Sylvia atricapilla	Green
Blue Tit	ВТ	Cyanistes caeruleus	Green
Buzzard	BZ	Buteo buteo	Green
Chaffinch	CH	Fringilla coelebs	Green
Cormorant	CA	Phalacrocorax carbo	Amber
Dunnock	D.	Prunella modularis	Green
Feral Pigeon	FP	Columba livia f. domestica	Green
Goldcrest	GC	Regulus regulus	Amber
Great Tit	GT	Parus major	Green
Grey Heron	H.	Ardea cinerea	Green
Grey Wagtail	GL	Motacilla cinerea	Red
Greylag Goose	GJ	Anser anser	Amber
Herring Gull	HG	Larus argentatus	Amber
Hooded Crow	HC	Corvus cornix	Green
House Martin	НМ	Delichon urbicum	Amber
Jackdaw	JD	Corvus monedula	Green
Jay	J.	Garrulus glandarius	Green
Kingfisher	KF	Alcedo atthis	Amber
Linnet	LI	Carduelis cannabina	Amber
Long-tailed Tit	LT	Aegithalus caudatus	Green
Magpie	MG	Pica pica	Green
Mallard	MA	Anas platyrhynchos	Amber
Meadow Pipit	MP	Anthus pratensis	Red
Mistle Thrush	M.	Turdus viscivorus	Green
Mute Swan	MS	Cygnus olor	Amber
Pheasant	PH	Phasianus colchicus	Green
Pied Wagtail	PW	Motacilla alba yarrellii	Green
Raven	RN	Corvus corax	Green
Reed Bunting	RB	Emberiza schoeniclus	Green
Reed Warbler	RW	Acrocephalus scirpaceus	Green
Robin	R.	Erithacus rubecula Gı	
Rook	RO	Corvus frugilegus Gre	
Sedge Warbler	SW	Acrocephalus schoenobaenus	Green
Skylark	S.	Alauda arvensis	Amber

Common name	вто	Latin name	BoCCI
Song Thrush	ST	Turdus philomelos	Green
Spotted Flycatcher	SF	Musciapa striata 🔷 💫	Amber
Starling	SG	Sturnus vulgaris	Amber
Swallow	SL	Hirundo rustica	Amber
Swift	SI	Apus apus	FQd 2
Water Rail	WA	Rallus aquaticus	Green
Whitethroat	WH	Sylvia communis	Green
Willow Warbler	WW	Phylloscopus trochilus	Amber
Woodpigeon	WP	Columba palumbus	Green
Wren	WR	Troglodytes troglodytes	Green
Yellowhammer	Υ.	Emberiza citrinella	Red

Table 2: Bird species recorded breeding within the survey area in 2024.

Common name	вто	Latin name	BoCCI
Blackcap	ВС	Sylvia atricapilla	Green
Chaffinch	CH	Fringilla coelebs	Green
Goldcrest	GC	Regulus regulus	Amber
Hooded Crow	HC	Corvus cornix	Green
Reed Warbler	RW	Acrocephalus scirpaceus	Green
Whitethroat	WH	Sylvia communis	Green
Woodpigeon	WP	Columba palumbus	Green
Wren	WR	Troglodytes troglodytes	Green

Table 3: Bird species recorded breeding within the proposed site outline in 2024.

Common name	вто	Latin name	BoCCI
Blackcap	ВС	Sylvia atricapilla	Green
Hooded Crow	HC	Corvus cornix	Green
Whitethroat	WH	Sylvia communis	Green
Woodpigeon	WP	Columba palumbus	Green
Wren	WR	Troglodytes troglodytes	Green

Table 4: Bird species recorded during surveys on site during 2025 surveys.

Common name	вто	Latin name	BoCCI
Blackbird	В.	Turdus merula	Green
Blackcap	ВС	Sylvia atricapilla	Green
Blue Tit	BT	Cyanistes caeruleus	Green
Bullfinch	BF	Pyrrhula pyrrhula	Green
Chaffinch	CH	Fringilla coelebs	Green
Chiffchaff	CC	Phylloscopus collybita	Green
Cormorant	CA	Phalacrocorax carbo	Amber
Dunnock	D.	Prunella modularis	Green
Goldcrest	GC	Regulus regulus	Amber
Goldfinch	GO	Carduelis carduelis	Green
Great Tit	GT	Parus major	Green
Greylag Goose	GJ	Anser anser	Amber
Herring Gull	HG	Larus argentatus	Amber
Hooded Crow	HC	Corvus cornix	Green
Jackdaw	JD	Corvus monedula	Green
Linnet	LI	Carduelis cannabina	Amber
Long-tailed Tit	LT	Aegithalus caudatus	Green
Magpie	MG	Pica pica	Green
Mallard	MA	Anas platyrhynchos	Amber
Mistle Thrush	M.	Turdus viscivorus	Green
Mute Swan	MS	Cygnus olor	Amber
Pheasant	PH	Phasianus colchicus	Green
Robin	R.	Erithacus rubecula	Green
Rook	RO	Corvus frugilegus	Green
Sedge Warbler	SW	Acrocephalus schoenobaenus	Green
Song Thrush	ST	Turdus philomelos	Green
Swallow	SL	Hirundo rustica	Amber
Woodpigeon	WP	Columba palumbus	Green
Wren	WR	Troglodytes troglodytes	Green

Table 5: Bird species recorded breeding within the survey area during 2025 surveys.

Common name	вто	Latin name	BoCCI
Blackbird	В.	Turdus merula	Green
Blue Tit	ВТ	Cyanistes caeruleus	Green
Greylag Goose	GJ	Anser anser	Amber
Linnet	LI	Carduelis cannabina	Amber
Mallard	MA	Anas platyrhynchos	Amber
Mute Swan	MS	Cygnus olor	Amber
Sedge Warbler	SW	Acrocephalus schoenobaenus	Green

Table 6: Bird species recorded breeding within the site outline in 2024.

Common name	вто	Latin name	BoCCI
Blackbird	B.	Turdus merula	Green

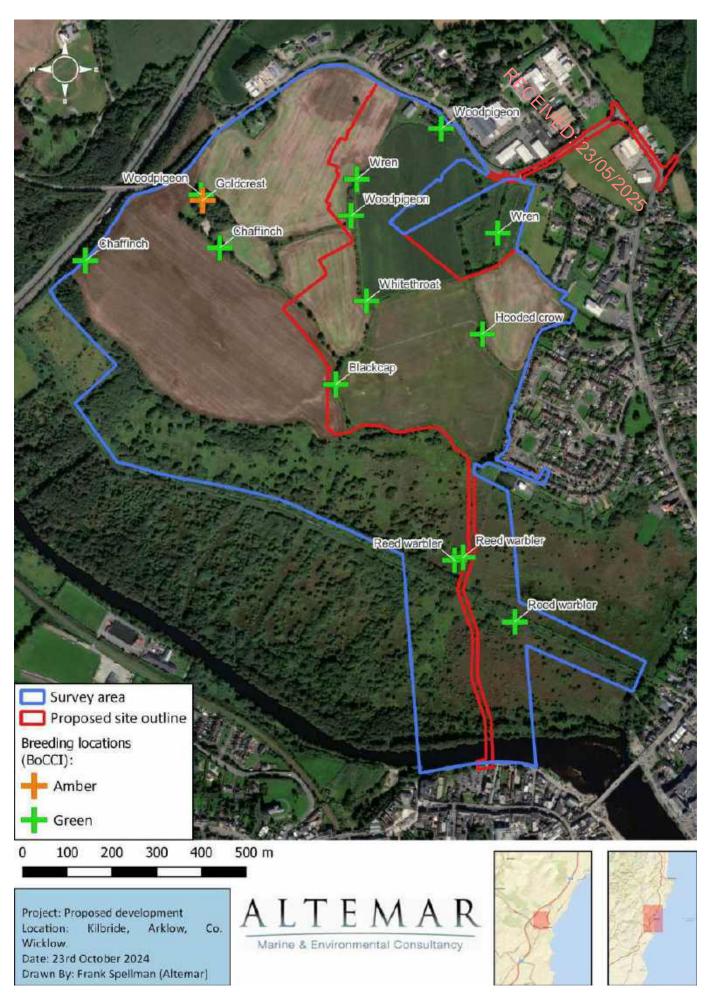


Figure 5. Breeding locations 2024

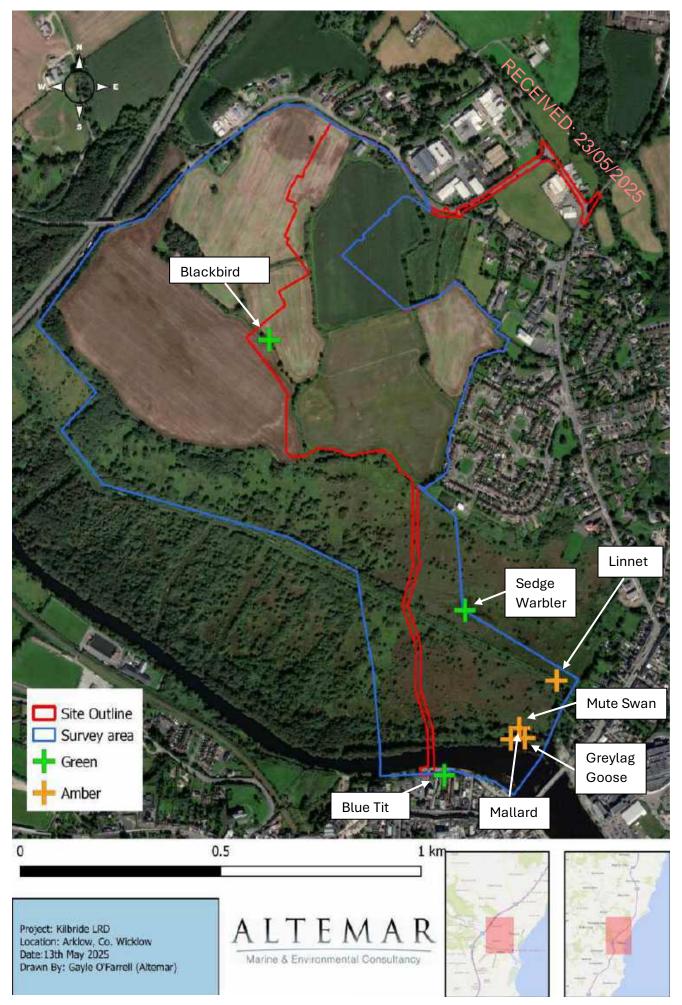


Figure 5. Breeding locations 2025.

Breeding bird assessment findings

Review of local bird records

The review of existing bird records (sourced from NBDC Database) within three 2km² grids (Reference 1.Sp. 73/05/2025 grids T27H, T27M and T27L) encompassing the study area reveals that the below bid species have previously been observed and recorded locally (Table 4).

Table 4: Status of bird species within 2 km²

Species Name	Record Count		Dataset
	-	Record	
	'	27H	
Barn Owl (Tyto alba)	1	02/02/2023	Birds of Ireland
Black-billed Magpie (Pica pica)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Common Buzzard (Buteo buteo)	1	26/08/2017	Birds of Ireland
Common Pheasant (Phasianus colchicus)	1	26/08/2017	Birds of Ireland
Eurasian Woodcock (Scolopax rusticola)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
European Robin (Erithacus rubecula)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Little Egret (Egretta garzetta)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Red Kite (Milvus milvus)	1	18/06/2021	Birds of Ireland
White Wagtail (Motacilla alba)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
	Т	27M	
Barn Swallow (Hirundo rustica)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Black-billed Magpie (Pica pica)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Blackcap (Sylvia atricapilla)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Black-headed Gull (Larus ridibundus)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Blue Tit (Cyanistes caeruleus)	3	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland
Chaffinch (Fringilla coelebs)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Coal Tit (Periparus ater)	3	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland
Common Blackbird (Turdus merula)	3	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland
Common Bullfinch (Pyrrhula pyrrhula)	3	16/01/2018	Birds of Ireland
Common Chiffchaff (Phylloscopus collybita)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Common Coot (Fulica atra)	1	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.
Common Goldeneye (Bucephala clangula)	1	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.
Common Grasshopper Warbler (Locustella naevia)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Common Kingfisher (Alcedo atthis)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Common Linnet (Carduelis cannabina)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Common Moorhen (Gallinula chloropus)	3	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Common Pheasant (Phasianus colchicus)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011

Species Name	Record Count	Date of Last Record	Dataset
Common Pochard (Aythya ferina)	1	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.
Common Raven (Corvus corax)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Common Snipe (Gallinago gallinago)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Common Starling (Sturnus vulgaris)	3	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland
Common Whitethroat (Sylvia communis)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Common Wood Pigeon (Columba palumbus)	3	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland
Eurasian Collared Dove (Streptopelia decaocto)	3	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland
Eurasian Curlew (Numenius arquata)	1	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.
Eurasian Jackdaw (Corvus monedula)	3	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland
Eurasian Oystercatcher (Haematopus ostralegus)	1	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.
Eurasian Reed Warbler (Acrocephalus scirpaceus)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Eurasian Siskin (Carduelis spinus)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Eurasian Sparrowhawk (Accipiter nisus)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Eurasian Treecreeper (Certhia familiaris)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Eurasian Wigeon (Anas penelope)	1	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.
European Golden Plover (Pluvialis apricaria)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
European Goldfinch (Carduelis carduelis)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
European Greenfinch (Carduelis chloris)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
European Robin (Erithacus rubecula)	3	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland
Goldcrest (Regulus regulus)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Great Spotted Woodpecker (Dendrocopos major)	1	05/04/2021	Birds of Ireland
Great Tit (Parus major)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Grey Heron (Ardea cinerea)	1	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.
Greylag Goose (Anser anser)	1	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.
Hedge Accentor (Prunella modularis)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Herring Gull (Larus argentatus)	1	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.
Hooded Crow (Corvus cornix)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
House Martin (Delichon urbicum)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
House Sparrow (Passer domesticus)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Lesser Redpoll (Carduelis cabaret)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011

Species Name	Record Count	Date of Last Record	Dataset
Lesser Whitethroat (Sylvia curruca)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Little Grebe (Tachybaptus ruficollis)	3	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Long-tailed Tit (Aegithalos caudatus)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Mallard (Anas platyrhynchos)	3	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Meadow Pipit (Anthus pratensis)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Mew Gull (Larus canus)	1	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.
Mistle Thrush (Turdus viscivorus)	2	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland
Mute Swan (Cygnus olor)	3	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Northern Lapwing (Vanellus	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
vanellus)			
Red Kite (Milvus milvus)	5	24/06/2022	Birds of Ireland
Reed Bunting (Emberiza schoeniclus)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Rook (Corvus frugilegus)	3	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland
Sedge Warbler (Acrocephalus schoenobaenus)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Sky Lark (Alauda arvensis)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Song Thrush (Turdus philomelos)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Stonechat (Saxicola torquata)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Tufted Duck (Aythya fuligula)	1	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.
Water Rail (Rallus aquaticus)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
White Wagtail (Motacilla alba)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Willow Warbler (Phylloscopus trochilus)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Winter Wren (Troglodytes troglodytes)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
	1	Γ27L	
Barn Swallow (Hirundo rustica)	5	14/04/2021	Birds of Ireland
Black Kite (Milvus migrans)	1	23/08/2008	Rare birds of Ireland
Black-billed Magpie (Pica pica)	3	11/01/2018	Birds of Ireland
Blackcap (Sylvia atricapilla)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Black-headed Gull (Larus ridibundus)	13	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland
Blue Tit (Cyanistes caeruleus)	3	11/01/2018	Birds of Ireland
Chaffinch (Fringilla coelebs)	3	11/01/2010	Birds of Ireland
	-	11/01/2018	
Coal Tit (Periparus ater) Common Blackbird (Turdus	5	11/01/2018 17/06/2020	Birds of Ireland Birds of Ireland
merula) Common Bullfinch (Pyrrhula	1	17/06/2020	Birds of Ireland
pyrrhula) Common Chiffchaff (Phylloscopus collybita)	2	17/06/2020	Birds of Ireland

Species Name	Record Count	Date of Last Record	Dataset
Common Coot (Fulica atra)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Common Goldeneye (Bucephala clangula)	1	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001
Common Kingfisher (Alcedo atthis)	2	28/07/2020	Birds of Ireland
Common Linnet (Carduelis cannabina)	2	28/04/2023	Birds of Ireland
Common Moorhen (Gallinula chloropus)	10	09/10/2020	Birds of Ireland
Common Pochard (Aythya ferina)	1	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.
Common Starling (Sturnus vulgaris)	5	13/01/2021	Birds of Ireland
Common Swift (Apus apus)	3	12/08/2020	Birds of Ireland
Common Whitethroat (Sylvia communis)	1	28/06/2009	Birds of Ireland
Common Wood Pigeon (Columba palumbus)	3	17/06/2020	Birds of Ireland
Eurasian Collared Dove (Streptopelia decaocto)	2	13/01/2021	Birds of Ireland
Eurasian Curlew (Numenius arquata)	1	09/08/2017	Birds of Ireland
Eurasian Golden Oriole (Oriolus oriolus)	1	31/12/1827	Rare birds of Ireland
Eurasian Jackdaw (Corvus monedula)	5	13/01/2021	Birds of Ireland
Eurasian Reed Warbler (Acrocephalus scirpaceus)	4	07/07/2012	Birds of Ireland
Eurasian Siskin (Carduelis spinus)	1	11/01/2018	Birds of Ireland
Eurasian Teal (Anas crecca)	1	11/01/2018	Birds of Ireland
European Greenfinch (Carduelis chloris)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
European Robin (<i>Erithacus</i> rubecula)	5	17/06/2020	Birds of Ireland
Goldcrest (Regulus regulus)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Great Black-backed Gull (Larus marinus)	5	17/06/2020	Birds of Ireland
Great Cormorant (Phalacrocorax carbo)	7	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland
Great Spotted Woodpecker (Dendrocopos major)	1	17/10/1972	Rare birds of Ireland
Great Tit (Parus major)	3	17/06/2020	Birds of Ireland
Grey Heron (Ardea cinerea)	6	23/08/2021	Birds of Ireland
Greylag Goose (Anser anser)	10	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland
Hedge Accentor (Prunella modularis)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Herring Gull (Larus argentatus)	8	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland
Hooded Crow (Corvus cornix)	6	17/06/2020	Birds of Ireland
House Martin (Delichon urbicum)	2	12/08/2020	Birds of Ireland
House Sparrow (Passer domesticus)	3	13/01/2021	Birds of Ireland
Iceland Gull (Larus glaucoides)	1	31/12/2001	Irish Wetland Birds Survey (I-WeBS) 1994-2001.

Species Name	Record Count	Date of Last	Dataset
		Record	
Laughing Gull (Larus atricilla)	1	25/01/2006	Rare birds of Ireland
Lesser Black-backed Gull (Larus fuscus)	3	17/06/2020	Birds of Ireland
Lesser Redpoll (Carduelis cabaret)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Little Egret (Egretta garzetta)	2	17/06/2020	Birds of Ireland
Little Grebe (Tachybaptus ruficollis)	5	17/06/2020	Birds of Ireland
Long-tailed Tit (Aegithalos caudatus)	1	09/06/2017	Birds of Ireland
Mallard (Anas platyrhynchos)	11	01/02/2021	Birds of Ireland
Meadow Pipit (Anthus pratensis)	1	11/01/2018	Birds of Ireland
Mediterranean Gull (Larus melanocephalus)	1	08/02/2020	Birds of Ireland
Mew Gull (Larus canus)	5	17/06/2020	Birds of Ireland
Mistle Thrush (Turdus viscivorus)	2	11/01/2018	Birds of Ireland
Montagu's Harrier (Circus pygargus)	1	21/08/1893	Rare birds of Ireland
Mute Swan (Cygnus olor)	11	09/10/2020	Birds of Ireland
Northern Lapwing (Vanellus vanellus)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Northern Wheatear (Oenanthe oenanthe)	3	16/03/2022	Birds of Ireland
Pied Wagtail (Motacilla alba subsp. yarrellii)	3	12/08/2020	Birds of Ireland
Red Kite (Milvus milvus)	1	10/02/2016	Birds of Ireland
Red-rumped Swallow (Cecropis daurica)	1	20/04/1992	Rare birds of Ireland
Reed Bunting (Emberiza schoeniclus)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Rock Pigeon (Columba livia)	2	12/08/2020	Birds of Ireland
Rock Pipit (Anthus petrosus)	1	11/01/2018	Birds of Ireland
Rook (Corvus frugilegus)	4	12/05/2018	Birds of Ireland
Rosy Starling (Sturnus roseus)	1	16/07/2008	Rare birds of Ireland
Sand Martin (Riparia riparia)	2	01/04/2018	Birds of Ireland
Sedge Warbler (Acrocephalus schoenobaenus)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Song Thrush (Turdus philomelos)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Stonechat (Saxicola torquata)	4	16/01/2018	Birds of Ireland
White Wagtail (Motacilla alba)	2	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Willow Warbler (Phylloscopus trochilus)	1	31/12/2011	Bird Atlas 2007 - 2011
Winter Wren (Troglodytes troglodytes)	4	17/06/2020	Birds of Ireland

Conclusion

This report presents the results of three site visits by Emma Peters and Frank Spellman on 29th May, 10th June and 24th June 2024, and two site visits by Emma Peters and Jack Doyle on the 23rd April 2025 and 9th May 2025. A breeding bird transect survey was carried out on each occasion. A breeding bird transect survey was carried out on each occasion. The surveys comply with bird survey guidance documentation including BTO Common Bird Census (Bibby *et al.*, 2000 and Gilbert *et al.*, 1998) following CIEEM guidelines. Weather conditions were favourable on each occasion.

In 2024, 46 species of bird were recorded within, adjacent and over the survey area: 28 green listed, 14 amber, and four red-listed Birds of Conservation Concern in Ireland (BoCCI). Of these species, five were recorded breeding within the outline of the proposed development (Table 3), all of which are green listed BoCCI (blackcap, hooded crow, whitethroat, woodpigeon & wren). No red-listed species were recorded breeding within the proposed site outline as well as the general area covered by surveys.

In 2025, 29 bird species were recorded across the two surveys within, adjacent and over the survey area (Table 4): 21 green listed and 8 amber listed Bird of Conservation Concern in Ireland (BoCCI). Of these species, one was recorded breeding within the outline of the proposed development (Table 6), Additional species recorded breeding in habitats adjacent to the proposed site outline and/or within the general ownership/survey area are listed in Table 5. No red-listed species were recorded breeding within the proposed site outline as well as the general area covered by surveys.

Notably, in 2024, reed warblers (*Acrocephalus scirpaceus*) were recorded breeding at three locations within the Arklow Town Marsh pNHA (Figure 5), proximate to the proposed boardwalk development. As such, appropriate mitigation measures are necessary to minimise potential impacts on this species.

The hotspots of breeding activity observed within the survey area consist of scrub, treelines, hedgerows and marsh area. Mitigation measures will be carried out that will prevent impacts on nesting birds and 1269 No. trees are proposed to be planted which will provide a nesting habitat for birds.

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ARCANAD. 23/05/2025

Appendix 5.4 Bat Fauna Impact Assessment



Bat Fauna Impact Assessment for a proposed Mixed Use Large-Scale Residential Development (LRD) at Kilbride, Arklow, Co. Wicklow.



21st May 2025

Prepared by: Bryan Deegan (MCIEEM) of Altemar Ltd. **On behalf of:** Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited

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Document Control Sheet				
Client	Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited			
Project	Bat fauna impact assessment for a proposed Mixed Use Large-Scale Residential Development (LRD) at Kilbride, Arklow, Co-Wicklow.			
Report	Bat Fauna Assessment			
Date	21 st May 2025			
Version	Author	Reviewed	Date	
Planning	Bryan Deegan	Gayle O'Farrell	21 st May 2025	

SUMMARY

Survey dates:

Roadways, farm buildings and a house on site. Structure: Location: Kilbride, Arklow, Co. Wicklow. Soprano Pipistrelle (Pipistrellus pygmaeus), Common Pipistrelle **Bat species present:** (Pipistrellus pipistrellus sensu lato), Lesser Noctule (Nyctalus leisleri), Natterer's Bat (Myotis nattereri), and Whiskered Bat (Myotis mystacinus) were noted on site. Proposed work: Large-Scale Residential Development (LRD) at Kilbride, Arklow, Co. Wicklow Impact on bats: As there are no confirmed bat roosts within the site boundary, a derogation licence is not required for the proposed felling of trees. However, trees of moderate to high bat roosting potential are proposed for felling as part of the proposed development. A preconstruction inspection of these trees must be carried out by a suitably qualified ecologist to ensure that there is no bat roosts present prior to the commencement of works. Increased lighting onsite during construction and operation has the potential to impact on foraging activity of bat species recorded onsite. Following implementation of a sensitive lighting strategy (in compliance with bat lighting guidelines) in consultation with an ecologist, in addition to mitigation, the species seen to occur onsite and in the surrounding area should persist. Consultation within the project team has taken place in relation to the impact of the boardwalk lighting on bat foraging in the marsh area. The proposed lighting has been modified to allow for foraging activity to continue on site. The development will not result in the loss of bat roosting. Based on the relatively low bat activity found using the site and the implementation of mitigation, any displacement from this site it will not have any significant effect on local bat populations, and that any such effect will be only significant at the local level. The potential for collision risk and impact on flight paths in relation to bats is considered is considered low due to the low level of bat activity on site and the buildings would be deemed to be clearly visible to bats. It is considered that there is poor roosting potential in the marsh. Enhancement measures are proposed. Survey by: Bryan Deegan (MCIEEM) MSc, Emma Peters BSc, Frank Spellman MSc & Jack Doyle MSc

2024 9th April 2025 and 9th of May 2025.

1st September 2019, 2nd October 2020, 22nd August 2021, (14th August 2020- 22nd August 2020 & 10th August 2021-14th August 2021 Static Detector), 11th September 2023, 10th and 12th September

Introduction

The proposed mixed use Large scale Residential Development will result in the demolition of an existing dwelling, outbuilding and agricultural shed and the construction of a local and 666 No. residential units with a mix of semidetached, detached, and terraced houses along with duplex apartments and apartments. These will comprise 1, 2, 3 and 4 bed houses. All residential units will have associated private open space facing north/ south/ east/ west. The proposal will also deliver 3 No. retail units, 3 No. community/ medical units and 1 No. creche unit.

New pedestrian/ cyclist link connecting into Arklow Town Centre is proposed via a new boardwalk and bridge across the marsh and over the Avoca River adjoining the existing greenway and the Main Street. A new road is also proposed connecting to the north to Kilbride Road. Alterations to the surrounding road network to provide a section of the regional road and upgrades to provide pedestrian facilities are also included. Vehicular access to the site will be from the new proposed regional road. The development will also provide for landscaping, public open spaces and all associated site development works to enable the development including boundary treatments, attenuation storage area and other service provision including ESB substation.

As part of the Biodiversity Chapter for this planning permission bat surveys were conducted by Altemar Ltd. The site outline, site location, lighting plans are shown in Figures 11-15.

Competency of Assessor

Bryan Deegan MSc, BSc (MCIEEM)

This report has been prepared by Bryan Deegan MSc, BSc (MCIEEM). Bryan has over 31 years of experience providing ecological consultancy services in Ireland. He has extensive experience in carrying out a wide range of bat surveys including dusk emergence, dawn re-entry and static detector surveys. He also has extensive experience reducing the potential impact of projects that involve external lighting on Bats. Bryan trained with Conor Kelleher author of the Bat Mitigation Guidelines for Ireland (Kelleher and Marnell (2022)) and Bryan is currently providing bat ecology (impact assessment and enhancement) services to Dun Laoghaire Rathdown County Council primarily on the Shanganagh Park Masterplan. The desk and field surveys were carried out having regard to the guidance: Bat Surveys for Professional Ecologists – Good Practice Guidelines 3rd Edition (Collins, J. (Ed.) 2016) and Marnell, Kelleher and Mullen (2022), Bat Mitigation Guidelines for Ireland V2 (which update and replace the Bat Mitigation Guidelines for Ireland published in 2006). Emma Peters BSc has extensive experience in bat detection through static detector surveys, dusk emergence, and down re-entry surveys and is a member of Bat Conservation Ireland.

Emma Peters (BSc Environmental Science).

This report has been contributed to by Emma Peters of Altemar Ltd. Emma has carried out a range of wintering and breeding ornithological surveys in Ireland. Emma has experience in bat detection through static detector surveys, dusk emergence, and down re-entry surveys and is a member of Bat Conservation Ireland. She is also skilled in habitat identification, native and non-native species identification and terrestrial mammal surveys. The desk and field surveys were carried out using techniques approved and recommended by CIEEM.

Frank Spellman (BSc Zoology, MSc Zoology).

This report has been contributed to by Frank Spellman of Alternar Ltd. Frank has extensive experience in carrying out a wide range of fauna surveys as both a sub-contractor and employee for environmental consultancies and organisations in Ireland and the US. These include both roving and static acoustic bat surveys, terrestrial non-avian mammal surveys, breeding/wintering bird surveys, and freshwater ecology surveys. Frank has been lead surveyor on numerous development projects within Ireland carrying out full mammal assessments.

Jack Doyle (MSc Sustainable Environments).

This report has been contributed to by Jack Doyle of Altemar Ltd. Jack is skilled in bat detection through static detector surveys, dusk emergence, and dawn re-entry surveys. 🎉 is skilled in habitat identification, native and non-native species identification and ecological conservation, having (p). experience in mitigation measures in ecological assessment.

Legislative Context

Wildlife Act 1976 (as amended by, inter alia, the Wildlife (Amendment) Act 2000).

Bats in Ireland are protected by the Wildlife (Amendment) Act 2000. Based on this legislation 伏 s an offence to wilfully interfere with or destroy the breeding or resting place of any species of bat. Under this legislation it is an offence to "Intentionally kill, injure or take a bat, possess or control any live or dead specimen or anything derived from a bat, wilfully interfere with any structure or place used for breeding or resting by a bat, wilfully interfere with a bat while it is occupying a structure or place which it uses for that purpose. "

Habitats Directive- Council Directive 92/43/EEC 1992 on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and flora has been transposed into Irish Law, including, via, inter alia, the European Communities (Birds and Natural Habitats) Regulations 2011 (as amended). See Art.73 of the 2011 Regulations which revokes the 1997 Regulations.

Annex II of the Council Directive 92/43/EEC 1992 on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and flora (EC Habitats Directive) lists animal and plant species of Community interest, the conservation of which requires the designation of Special Areas of Conservation (SACs); Annex IV lists animal and plant species of Community interest in need of strict protection. All bat species in Ireland are listed on Annex IV of the Directive, while the Lesser Horseshoe Bat (Rhinolophus hipposideros) is protected under Annex II which related to the designation of Special Areas of Conservation for a species.

Under the European Communities (Birds and Natural Habitats) Regulations 2011 (as amended), all bat species are listed under the First Schedule and, pursuant to, inter alia, Part 6 and Regulation 51, it is an offence to:

- Deliberately capture or kill a bat;
- Deliberately disturb a bat particularly during the period of breeding, hibernating or migrating;
- Damage or destroy a breeding site or resting place of a bat;
- Keep, sell, transport, exchange, offer for sale or offer for exchange any bat taken in the wild.



Figure 1: Site outline.

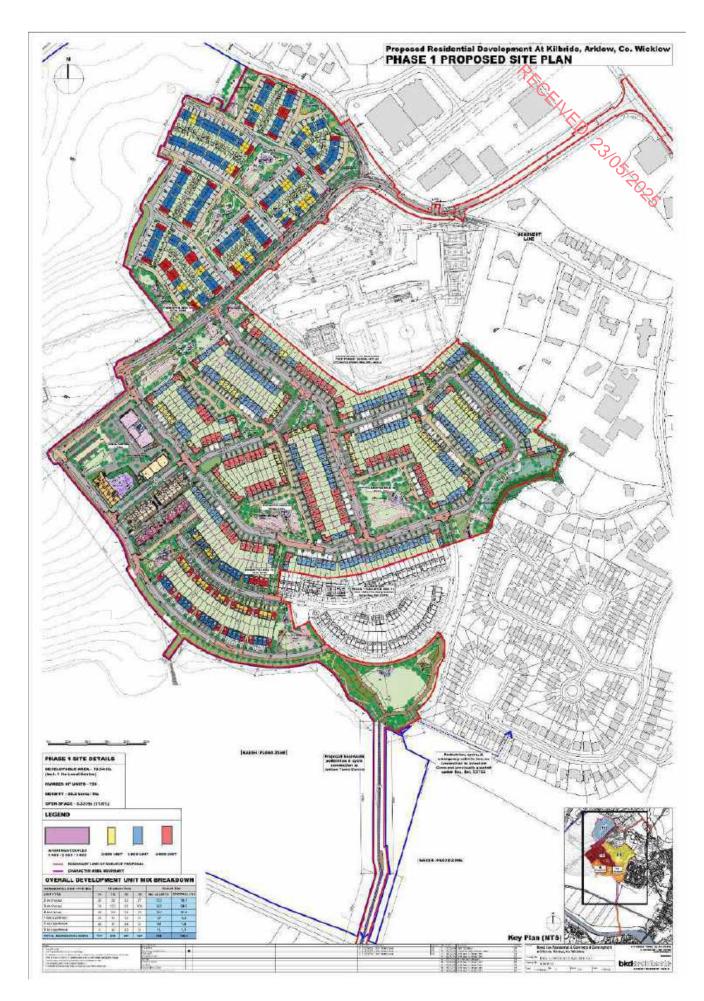


Figure 2. Proposed site plan – sheet 1

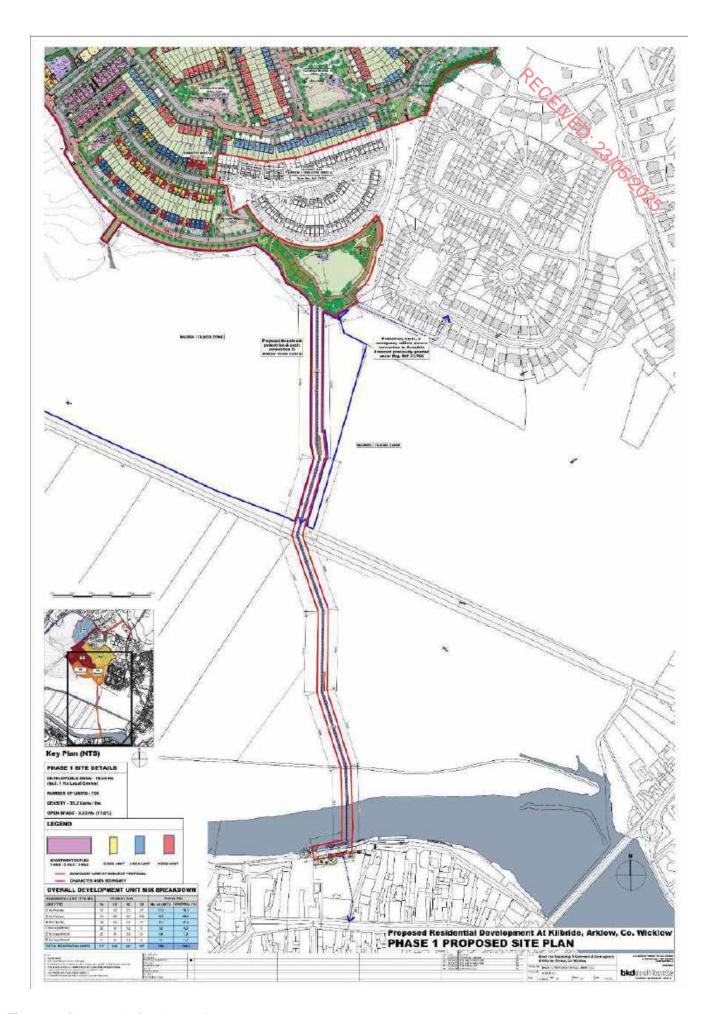


Figure 3. Proposed site plan – sheet 2



Figure 4. Landscape general arrangement plan

Arborist

An Arboricultural Report was prepared by Green Tree Arboricultural Consultants to accompany this planning application. In relation to trees on site, the report outlines the following.

The majority of the trees surveyed are mature specimens with species including, Oak Quercus petraea & robur) Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus) and Ash (Fraxinus excelsior) among others. The majority are growing either within linear groups or interspersed within the hedgerows throughout the site. The dwelling house that is located along the northern boundary adjacent to the Kilbride Road contains two planted hedgerows and 14 nr. planted trees as part of its landscaped garden.

The overall health of the trees is variable, with the majority presenting in fair to good condition. Key observations include:

- Canopy Health: The majority of the mature trees display a well-balanced canopy structure, with healthy leaf cover and signs of normal growth. However, several trees, particularly the Ash trees, exhibit varying signs of crown dieback and reduced foliage density, indicative of Ash Dieback (Hymenoscyphus fraxineus).
- Structural Integrity: Most trees exhibit sound structural integrity, with no major defects observed. However, isolated instances of basal decay and the presence of deadwood were noted, particularly in the more mature specimens. Deadwood observed is largely confined to the inner canopy, suggesting it may be a result of natural aging rather than acute disease or pest activity. Remedial pruning to remove dead or weakened branches is recommended for several specimens to reduce the risk of limb failure.
- Pests and Diseases: No significant infestations or disease outbreaks were identified across the site. However, signs of Ash Dieback were observed in 8 nr. of the 14 nr Ash trees. The progression of the infection within these 8 nr. trees is such that they identified as category U trees and unsuitable for retention. The remaining 6 nr. will require ongoing monitoring, and potential phased removal may be necessary if their condition deteriorates.
- Root Systems: The root systems of the trees, where visible, show minimal signs of disturbance.
 However, in isolated instances where trees are growing from raised ditches the integrity of their
 rooting structure has been compromised and has been noted as structural weaknesses in the tree
 data.
- Trees beneath or adjacent to O/H ESB power lines the tree survey notes that a number of trees beneath high voltage lines to the south-west of the site have only recently been severely cut – the trees T379 – T384 and the trees T447 and T448. More than 50% of the canopies of these trees have been cut leaving the trees unbalanced and unsuitable for retention (refer to section 2.18 of this report)

Of the 69 nr. recorded trees on the site, there are 10 category B trees – the Oak trees T400, T406, T412, T418, T437, T438, T445 and T458, the Sycamore trees T361 and T438 and the Alder T453. All these trees are in both good physiological and structural condition.

The hedgerows within the site, primarily composed of mixed native species such as hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna), Willow (Salix spp), and elder (Sambucus nigra), are largely well established and contribute to the biodiversity and ecological integrity of the site. However, their condition varies across different sections:

• Structural Condition: Many of the hedgerows are dense and provide effective screening, but certain sections, particularly those beneath the O/H ESB power lines have been continuously maintained to height of approximately 3m. Gaps and thinning are evident in some areas. In certain hedgerows,

- Management and Maintenance: While the majority of the hedgerows appear to have been maintained through traditional cutting practices, some sections, particularly H4 the mature stands of willow have been allowed to grow to just beneath the O/H wires. The hedgerows H10 and H12 that form the boundary of the dwelling and landscaped garden have been allowed to spread both laterally and vertically forming very dense canopies To ensure the continued health and vitality of those trees and hedgerows to be retained on-site, the following management actions are recommended:
- Tree Maintenance: Undertake selective pruning to remove deadwood and improve tree structure.

 Ongoing monitoring for signs of disease, particularly in ash trees, is crucial.
- Tree Protection: Implement protective measures during any site development to prevent soil compaction and root damage, particularly in areas of high foot or vehicle traffic.
- In conclusion, while the overall condition of the trees and hedgerows is satisfactory, proactive management will be essential in maintaining and enhancing the site's arboricultural and ecological value as part of future development plans.'

The tree survey plan and protection plan are demonstrated in figures 5-10.

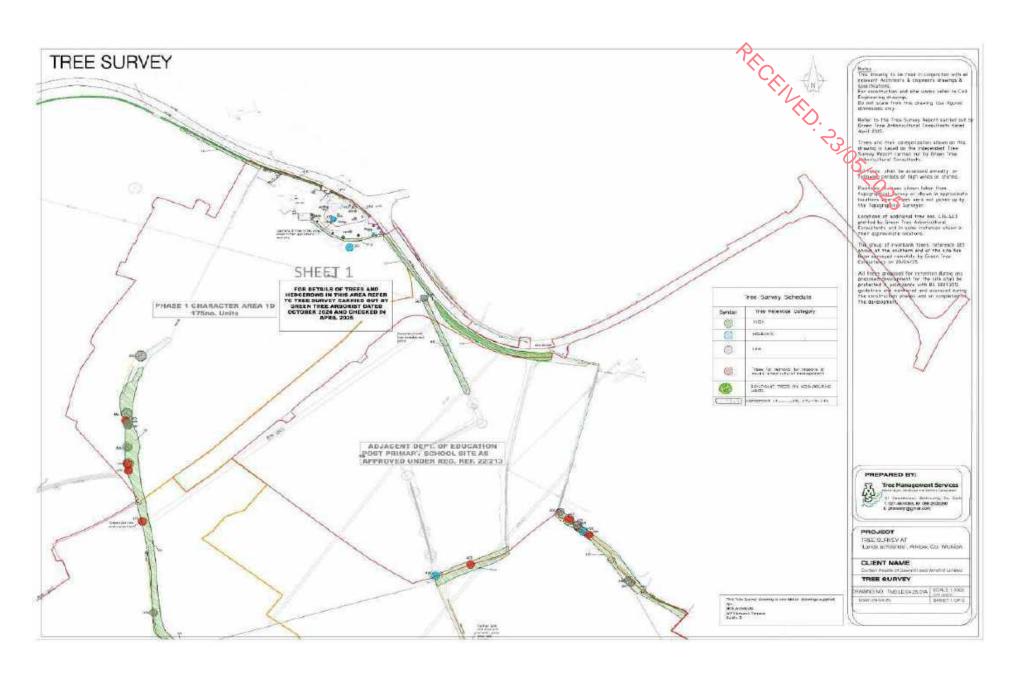


Figure 5: Tree survey plan- sheet 1

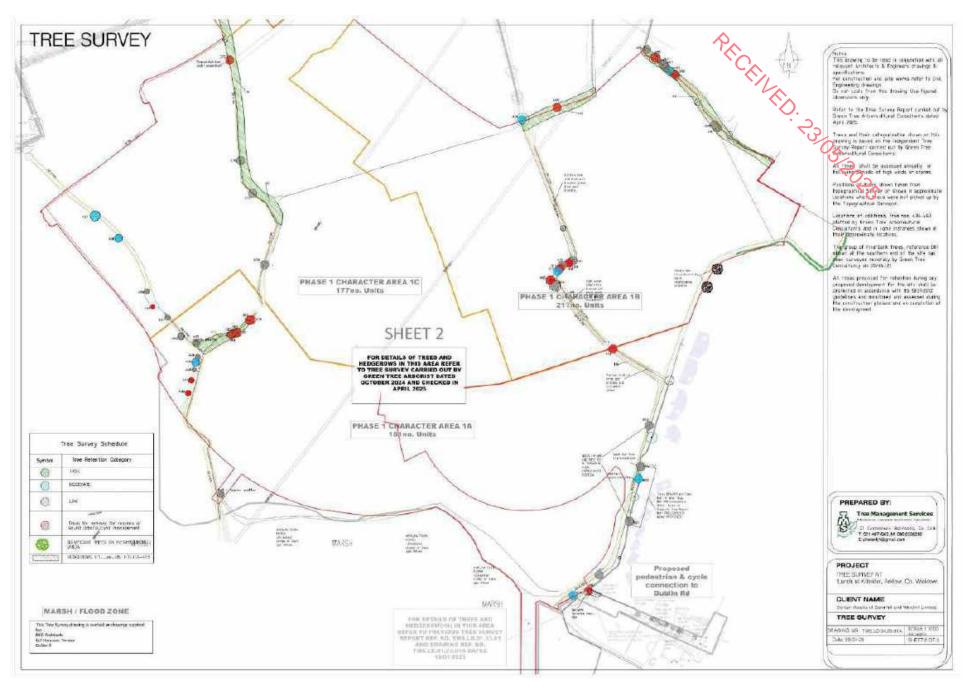


Figure 6. Tree survey plan- sheet 2

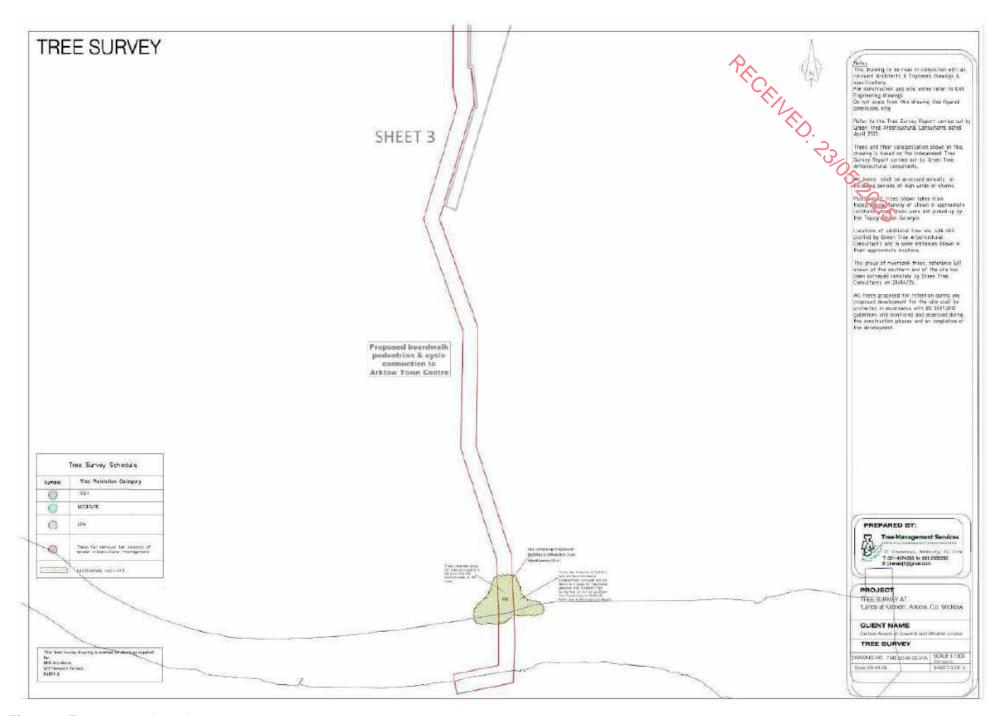


Figure 7. Tree survey plan- sheet 3

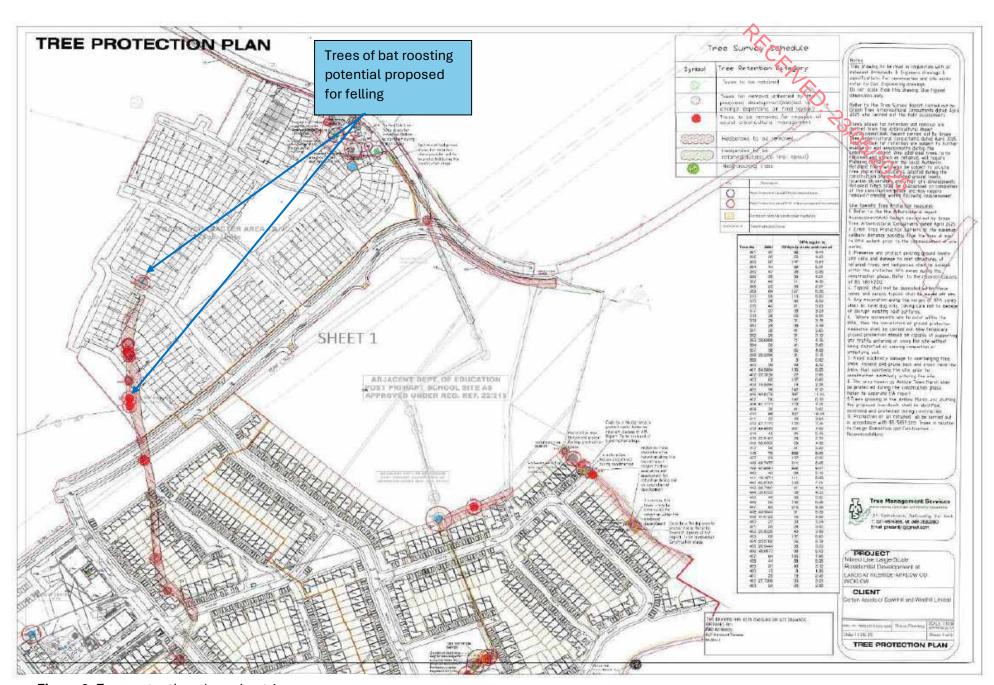


Figure 8. Tree protection plan-sheet 1

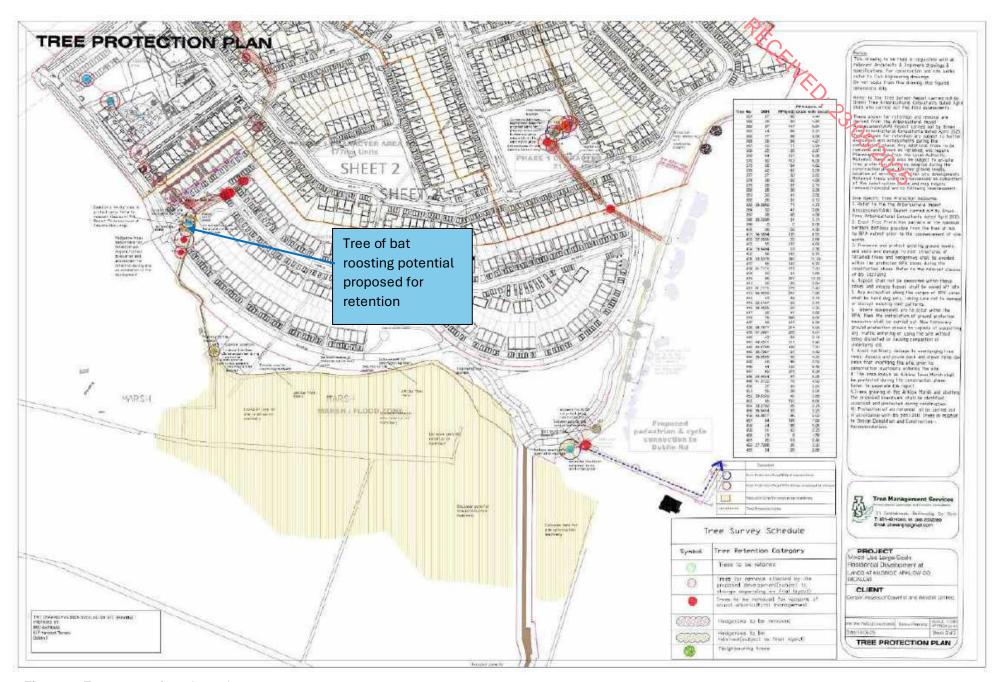


Figure 9. Tree protection plan- sheet 2

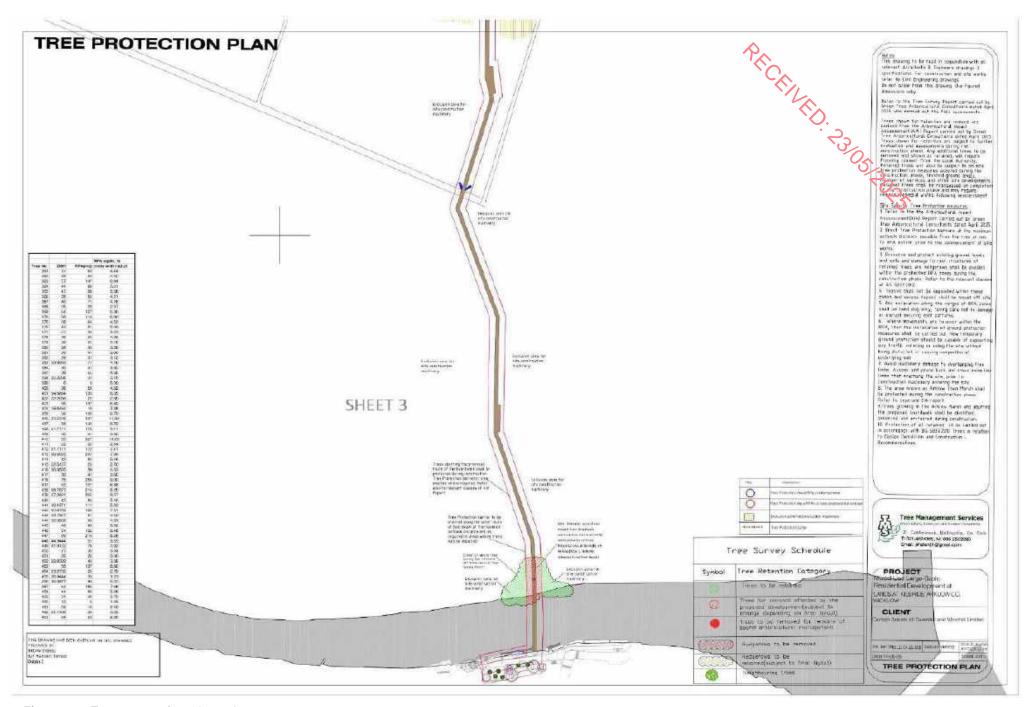


Figure 10. Tree protection plan- sheet 3

Lighting

A Public Lighting Report has been prepared by Fallon Design M&E Engineering to accompany this planning application. Lighting within the main area of development will be fitted with back spill protection to protect the open areas from light spill. Lighting in this area will be set to 3000K. In relation to the boardwalk lighting, consultation took place between Alternar and the lighting specialist to limit the impacts of the lighting on the Arklow Town Marsh. The handrail lighting will be focused onto the centre of the boardwalk, minimizing light spilling into the surrounding marsh and will be set to 2200K. In addition, the lux levels can be manually turned down on DALi drivers. The report outlines the following in relation to the proposed development lighting:

'Detailed Design

The design uses the following:

183 x Metro Streetlight LED 3000K with 0/5 degree tilt with the following wattages, optics and mounting arrangements:

15 x 27w Forward Throw A Optic (All single head) mounted on 6m columns to light the roads and paths 124 x 27w Street Optic R03 (All single head) mounted on 6m columns to light the roads and paths 29 x 68w Street Optic R03 (All single head) mounted on 8m columns to light the link road (Note: We may need confirmation on the extents of the link road as it wasn't clear to me from the drawings for the sections within the estate).

14 x 36w Symmetric Optic (7 x twin head) mounted on 7 x 6m columns in the carpark

1 x 36w Forward Throw A optic mounted on a 6m column at the carpark entrance

47 x City Streetlight 36w LED 3000K Street Optic R03 with internal black shield mounted on 6m columns with 0/5 degree tilt at the open areas / pathways

5 x City Streetlight 27w LED 3000K Forward Throw B Optic with internal black shield mounted on 6m columns with 0/5 degree tilt at the open areas / pathways

Light levels are as follows:

Road & Paths – Section 1:8.7 lux average, 1.7 lux minimum (0.20 uniformity).

Road & Paths – Section 2: 7.5 lux average, 1.5 lux minimum (0.20 uniformity).

Road & Paths – Section 3:8.3 lux average, 1.6 lux minimum (0.20 uniformity).

Road & Paths – Section 4:8.0 lux average, 1.5 lux minimum (0.20 uniformity).

Road & Paths – Section 5: 9.0 lux average, 1.7 lux minimum (0.20 uniformity).

Road & Paths – Section 6: 9.8 lux average, 1.9 lux minimum (0.20 uniformity).

These levels comply with IS EN 13201-2:2015/BS 5489-1:2020 for residential roads and paths - Class P3 (7.5 lux average 1.5 lux minimum).

Link Road – Section 1: 10.9 lux average, 2.1 lux minimum (0.20 uniformity).

Link Road – Section 2:10.7 lux average, 2.1 lux minimum (0.20 uniformity).

These levels comply with IS EN 13201-2:2015/BS 5489-1:2020 for roads and paths - Class P2 (10.0 lux average, 2.0 lux minimum).

Carpark: 10.6 lux average, 2.6 lux minimum (0.25 uniformity). This complies with IS EN 12464-2:2014 for parking areas – medium traffic (10 lux average, 0.25 uniformity).

Ecological Impact Design Considerations:

Careful consideration has been given to the design of Public Lighting with regard to the existing natural habitat and the wildlife. The chosen luminaire Veelight Metro Series has a full cut off lantern type, that offers with a G6 Glare rating and no upward light making it dark sky friendly.

The public lighting design has been developed in conjunction with the ecological impact assessment carried out for this application.

• An inbuilt multi step dimming program within this luminaire allows for night time hours to be dimmed by up to 25%. This means during peak hours of nocturnal foraging, feeding and

activity the adjacent public lighting can be further designed to minimize impact on the local wildlife.

- The colour rendering of the selected light fitting is 3000k making the LED fittings a warmer light, helping to further minimize the impact on the local wildlife.
- Greater energy savings will also result using the inbuilt multi-step dimming program during late hours of darkens along the public lighting spaces.
- Unnecessary light spill is controlled through a combination of directional lighting and luminaire optics design.
- No floodlighting will be used on the scheme.
- The design is in reference to the Bats and Lighting in the UK Bats and the Built Environment Series (Institute of Lighting Professionals, September 2011;
- Guidance Notes for the Reduction of Obtrusive Light GN01 (Institute of Lighting Professionals, 2011.
- Bats and Lighting Guidance Notes for Planners, Engineers, Architects and Developers (Bat Conservation Ireland);

The proposed public lighting layout is demonstrated in figures 11-15.



Figure 11. Public Lighting Layout – sheet 1

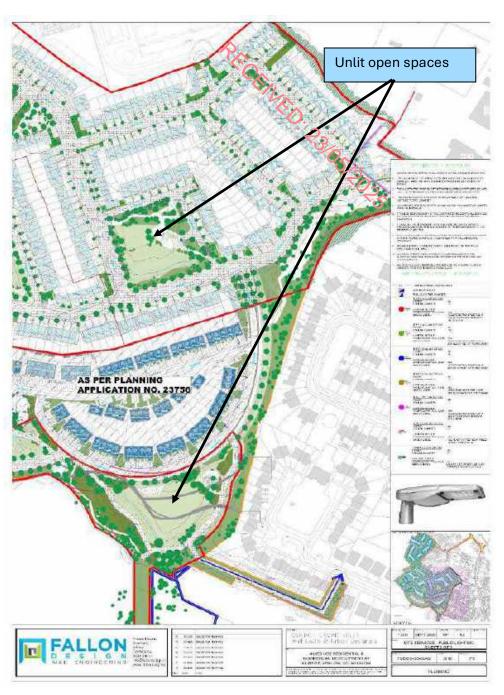


Figure 12. Public Lighting Layout – sheet 2

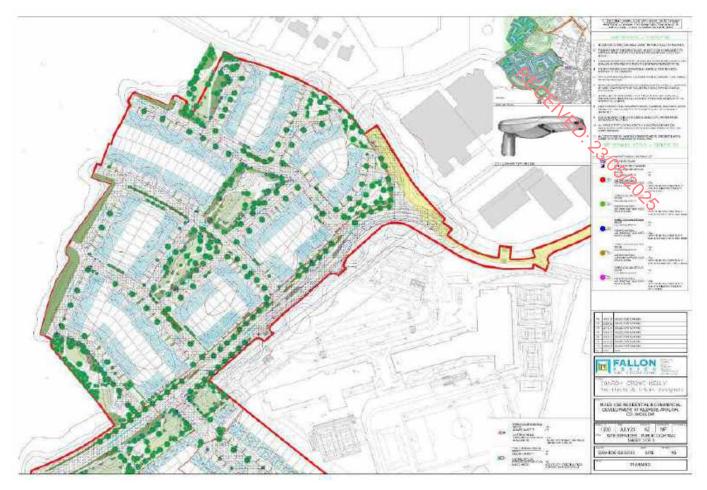


Figure 13. Public Lighting Layout – sheet 3



Figure 14. Public Lighting Layout – boardwalk

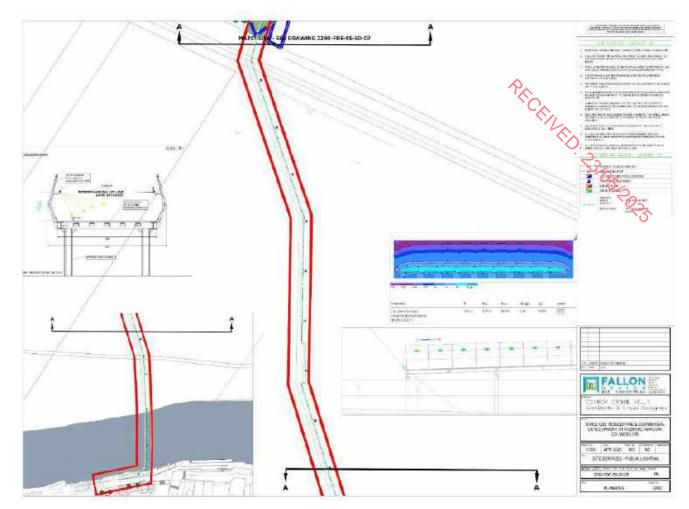


Figure 15. Public Lighting Layout – boardwalk

Bat survey

This report presents the results of handheld emergent and detector surveys (1st September 2019, 2nd October 2020, 22nd August 2021, 11th September 2023, 10th & 12th September 2024 and 9th April 2025), three static detector surveys and building inspection surveys undertaken by Bryan Deegan (MCIEEM) over 2020 and 2021. Two static detector surveys were also carried out (14th August 2020- 22nd August 2020, 10th August 2021-14th August 2021). A dawn re-entry survey was carried out on the abandoned house at the north of the site on the 9th May 2025.

Survey methodology

As outlined in Marnell et al. 2022 'The presence of a large maternity roost can normally be determined on a single visit at any time of year, provided that the entire structure is accessible and that any signs of bats have not been removed by others. However, most roosts are less obvious. A visit during the summer or autumn has the advantage that bats may be seen or heard. Buildings (which for this definition exclude cellars and other underground structures) are rarely used for hibernation alone, so droppings deposited by active bats provide the best clues. Roosts of species which habitually enter roof voids are probably the easiest to detect as the droppings will normally be readily visible. Roosts of crevice-dwelling species may require careful searching and, in some situations, the opening up of otherwise inaccessible areas. If this is not possible, best judgement might have to be used and a precautionary approach adopted. Roosts used by a small number of bats, as opposed to large maternity sites, can be particularly difficult to detect and may require extensive searching backed up by bat detector surveys (including static detectors) or emergence counts.' In relation to the factors influencing survey results the guidelines outlines the following 'During the winter, bats will move around to find sites that present the optimum environmental conditions for their age, sex and bodyweight and some species will only be found in underground sites when the weather is particularly cold. During the summer, bats may be reluctant to leave their roost during heavy rain or when the temperature is unseasonably low, so exit counts should record the conditions under which they were made. Similarly, there may be times when females with young do not emerge at all or emerge only briefly and return while other bats are still emerging thus confusing the count. Within roosts, bats will move around according to the temperature and may or may not be visible on any particular visit. Bats also react to disturbance, so a survey the day after a disturbance event, may give a misleading picture of roost usage.'

The survey involved the methodologies outlined in Collins (2016) which included the roost inspection methodologies i.e. external methodology outlined in section 5.2.4.1 and the internal survey outlines in section 5.2.4.2 of the guidelines. In addition, the methodologies for Presence absence surveys (Section 7) was carried out for dust emergent surveys.' As outlined in Collins (2016) 'The bat active period is generally considered to be between April and October inclusive (although the season is likely to be shorter in northern latitudes). However, because bats wake up during mild conditions, bat activity can also be recorded during winter months.'



A visual assessment of potential bat roosting sites within the onsite structures was carried out by Bryan Deegan, Emma Peters and Frank Spellman on the 9th of April 2025. The farm buildings on site were considered to be of low roosting suitability. The main house on site is considered of low bat roosting potential. A dawn re-entry survey of the main house on site was carried out on the 9th May 2025.

Trees as potential bat roosts.

A ground level roost assessment was carried and used to examine the trees on/proximate to the site for features that could form bat roosts. Potential roosting features include heavy ivy growth, broken limbs, areas of decay, vertical or horizontal cracks, cracks in bark etc. Trees of bat roosting potential were located on the east treeline All trees on site were assessed. The trees on the boundary of the site were mature and some were ivy cladded, these could be of low bat roost

potential with the individual trees highlighted in Figure 5. Whilst no trees were confirmed as bat roosts, bat activity was recorded in the 2024 surveys.

Emergent/detector surveys.

2024 Surveys

An emergent/detector survey was carried out by Emma Peters, Frank Spellman and Jack Doyle on the 10th and 12th September 2024. The detector surveys were undertaken during the active bat season and the transects covered the entire site multiple times. Weather conditions were good with light winds and no rain. During the 2024 survey, the following bat species were noted foraging: Soprano Pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus pygmaeus*), Common Pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus pipistrellus sensu lato*), Lesser Noctule (*Nyctalus leisleri*), Natterer's Bat (*Myotis nattereri*), and Whiskered Bat (*Myotis mystacinus*).

South of the woodland central to the site there are two derelict buildings within an agricultural courtyard. Bats were noted emerging from the building to the west and suspected to be roosting in the second building also (to the northeast). Two single bats were noted emerging from two separate oak trees onsite.

No bat roosts were noted inside the redline, however, three bat roosts are noted within the property ownership line. These are demonstrated in figure 18. The site included trees of bat roosting potential, and they are demonstrated in figure 18.

2025 Surveys

An emergent/detector survey was carried out by Bryan Deegan, Emma Peters and Frank Spellman on the 9th of April 2025. Four Soprano Pipistrelles (*Pipistrellus pygmaeus*) were noted emerging from a derelict building on the south side of the Avoca River (outside the site boundary) and went to forage along the treeline and marsh area of the north side of the riverbank. Leisler (Lesser Noctule (*Nyctalus leisleri*)), and Common Pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus pipistrellus sensu lato*) were noted foraging along the marsh and water's edge but in lesser amounts. Very little activity was noted in the farmland portion of the site. One Leisler's bat and three soprano pipistrelles were noted foraging along the redline portion of the marsh just after dusk.

A dawn re-entry survey of the main house to the north of the site was carried out by Jack Doyle on the 9th May 2025. No bats were recorded during the survey

Bat surveys have also been carried out by Altemar Ltd. on site on the 1st of September 2019, 2nd October 2020, 22nd August 2021 (Static Detectors 14th August 2020- 22nd August 2020, 10th August 2021-14th August 2021), 11th September 2023.

As outlined in Collins (2016) in relation to weather conditions 'The aim should be to carry out surveys in conditions that are close to optimal (sunset temperature 10°C or above, no rain or strong wind.), particularly when only one survey is planned.... Where surveys are carried out when the temperature at sunset is below 10°C should be justified by the ecologist and the effect on bat behaviour considered.' Therefore, it was considered to be optimal conditions to survey. There were no constraints in relation to the surveys carried out. All areas of the site were accessible bar attic of the abandoned house, where an external survey was done instead.

At dusk, the bat detector survey was carried out onsite using an *Echo meter touch 2 Pro* detector to determine bat activity. Bats were identified by their ultrasonic calls coupled with behavioural and flight observations.

Bat assessment findings

Review of local bat records

The review of existing bat records (sourced from Bat Conservation Ireland's National Bat Records Database) within three 2km² grids (Reference grids T27M, T27L, T27H) encompassing the study area reveals that five of the nine known Irish species have been observed locally (Table 1). The National Biodiversity Data Centre's online viewer was consulted in order to determine whether there have been recorded bat sightings in the wider area. This is visually represented in Figures 16, 17 & 18. The following species were noted in the wider area: Daubenton's Bat (*Myotis daubentonii*), Whiskered Bat (*Myotis mystacinus*), Lesser Noctule (*Nyctalus leisleri*), Common Pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus pipistrellus sensu stricto*), Soprano Pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus pygmaeus*), and Brown Long-eared Bat (*Plecotus auritus*) (Figures 16, 17 & 18).

Table 1: Status of bat species within three 2km² grid encompassing the subject site (Reference no. T27M, T27L and T27H)

Species name	Count	Date of last record
T27M		
Common Pipistrelle (<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus sensu stricto</i>)	2	26/08/2014
Daubenton's Bat (Myotis daubentonii)	1	26/08/2014
Lesser Noctule (Nyctalus leisleri)	1	26/08/2014
Soprano Pipistrelle (Pipistrellus pygmaeus)	1	26/08/2014
Whiskered Bat (Myotis mystacinus)	1	26/08/2014
T27L		
Daubenton's Bat (Myotis daubentonii)	1	13/08/2020
T27H		
None		

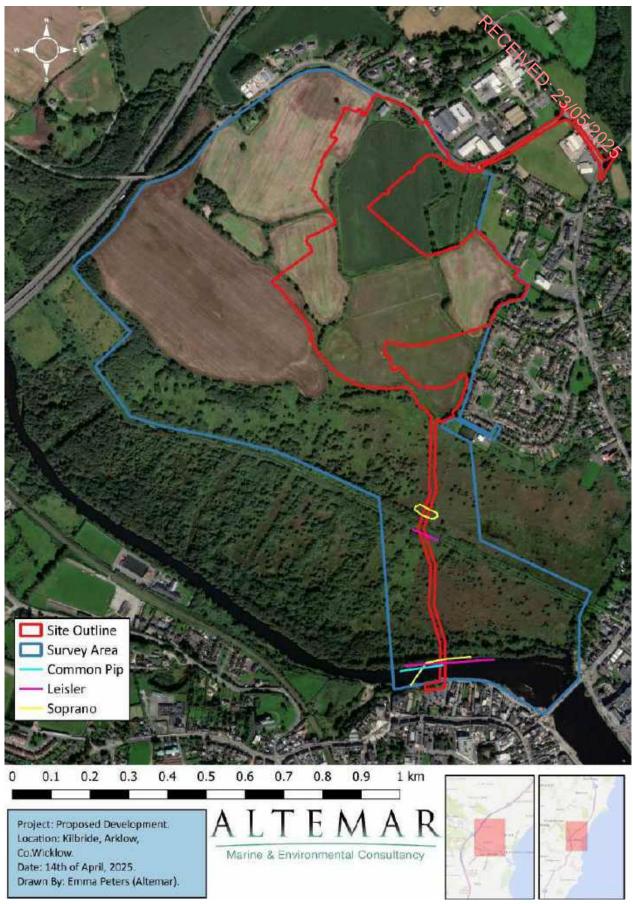


Figure 16. A map of the survey area denoting the species and activity of the bats noted during 2025 survey.

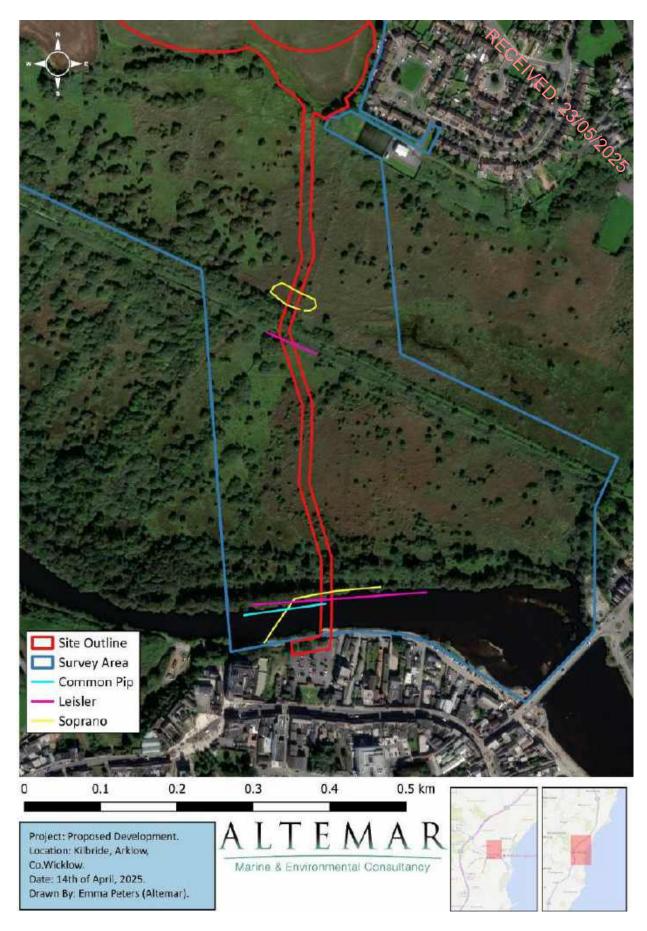


Figure 17. A map with closer view of bat activity noted during the 2025 survey.



Figure 18. A map of site demonstrating the flight paths of the various bat species noted onsite. The green rings demonstrate the locations of bat roosts noted during the 2024 surveys. The orange stars indicated trees of bat roosting potential.



Figure 19. Previous locations of bat roosts and foraging areas (2024). Bat Foraging Soprano pipistrelle (orange) Leisler's Bat (blue), Common pipistrelle (yellow). Static Detector Location (orange circle).



Figure 20. Daubenton's Bat (*Myotis daubentonii*) (purple), Whiskered Bat (*Myotis mystacinus*) (yellow), and both Daubenton's Bat and Whiskered Bat (orange) (Source NBDC). Site outline – red circle.



Figure 21. Lesser Noctule (*Nyctalus leisleri*) (purple), Common Pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus pipistrellus sensu stricto*) (yellow), and both Lesser Noctule and Common Pipistrelle (orange) (Source NBDC). Site outline – red circle.



Figure 22. Soprano Pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus pygmaeus*) (purple), Brown Long-eared Bat (*Plecotus auritus*) (yellow), and both Soprano Pipistrelle and Brown Long-eared Bat (orange) (Source NBDC). Site outline – red circle.

Evaluation of Results

The bat surveys comply with bat survey guidance documentation including Marnell et al (2022) and Collins (2016). No bats were observed emerging from trees. No evidence of bats roosting in buildings or trees were noted within the site outline. However, there was minor bat activity recorded on the tree lines onsite. Whilst there is a lack of direct evidence to point towards bats roosting in the trees on-site during the 2025 surveys, there are multiple trees of at roosting potential within the site outline (Figure 18). Bats are using the treelines onsite to hunt and roosting nearby in a derelict building on the south bank of the river. The 2024 surveys revealed that bats are roosting in the mature oaks trees outside of the redline.

Potential Impact of the development on Bats

Foraging activity was relatively low across the site and no bats were observed to be roosting or emerging onsite during the 2025 surveys however, in the 2024 surveys, three bat roosts were noted within the property ownership line. These are demonstrated in figure 18. It is considered that even though insect populations are high within the marsh area are high bat foraging activity is low. This is possibly due to a lack of roosting opportunities. Enhancement measures are proposed which will improve roosting opportunities in the marsh.

There were several trees of roosting potential along the boundary, as well as the treelines in the centre of the site, as can be seen in Figure 18. The proposed development will alter the local environment as new structures are to be erected and the existing buildings to be removed. In the absence of mitigation measures, these changes would impact any potential bat roosting habitats that may develop in the future and impact the existing ones. The removal of vegetation on site will reduce bat foraging habitats. Lighting during construction and operation has the potential to impact on foraging of bats on site in the absence of mitigation. Mitigation measures will be

required to limit light spill to protect bat foraging areas including within the marsh. The lighting plan has been designed to comply with bat lighting guidelines, minimizing potential impacts on bats. The proposed development is not in proximity to sensitive bat areas. In total 1269 trees will be planted on site. The potential for collision risk and impact on flight paths in relation to bats is considered low due to the fact the buildings would be deemed to be clearly visible to bats.

Mitigation Measures

As outlined in Marnell et al. (2022) "Mitigation should be proportionate. The level of mitigation required depends on the size and type of impact, and the importance of the population affected." In addition as outlined in Marnell et. al (2022) 'Mitigation for bats normally comprises the following elements:

- Avoidance of deliberate, killing, injury or disturbance taking all reasonable steps to ensure works do not harm individuals by altering working methods or timing to avoid bats.
 The seasonal occupation of most roosts provides good opportunities for this
- Roost creation, restoration or enhancement to provide appropriate replacements for roosts to be lost or damaged
- Long-term habitat management and maintenance to ensure the population will persist
- Post-development population monitoring to assess the success of the scheme and to inform management or remedial operations.'

Bats were not noted to be roosting on site. There are trees of bat roosting potential noted on site. The level of activity on site is moderate with no bats or evidence of bats roosting within the site outline. However, there are known bat roosts within the land ownership line. There are some areas that could be seen to have moderate roosting potential. As such the following mitigation measures are to be implemented.

- Pre-Construction inspection for bats in all buildings to be demolished and emergent survey will be carried out by a suitably qualified ecologists/bat worker, prior to the demolition of buildings.
- A post construction bat survey and light spill assessment will be carried out to ensure compliance with the lighting plan.

Specifically, in relation to the proposed boardwalk lighting, the following mitigation measures will be implemented:

- Lighting will be centred on the boardwalk to minimise spill into adjacent marsh.
- Light shielding will be used on the boardwalk lighting in consultation with the project ecologist to limit light spill into surrounding marsh and Avoca River.
- A post construction prototype light spill assessment will be [prepared in consultation with the project ecologist to minimise side spill.
- Post construction bat monitoring and surveys will be carried out to ensure bats are continuing to forage along marsh area and over Avoca River, proximate to the boardwalk.
- 18 bat boxes will be placed on site as an enhancement measure. Of these, 12 will be placed on the board walk. The position of these boxes will be carried out in consultation with an ecologist.

Predicted Residual Impact of Planned Development on Bats

The proposed development will change the local environment as new lights and structures are to be erected and the existing vegetation will be removed. No bat roosts were noted within the site

boundary. Foraging activity on site may be reduced during construction and operation due to the presence new structures and lighting. It would be expected that, with the implementation of mitigation measures as outlined above, foraging activity will continue on site. A pre-construction inspection will be carried out on onsite trees of bat roosting potential that are to be removed. Enhancement measures are proposed. The proposed development will result in a long term/low adverse/not significant/negative impacts on bats.

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PECENED. 23/05/2025

Appendix 6.1 Site Investigation Report

PRICEINARD: 23/05/2005 POST DATA

HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AT KILBRIDE ARKLOW CO WICKLOW LIONCOR DEVELOPMENTS

AECOM CONSULTING ENGINEERS

CONTENTS

I INTRODUCTION
II FIELDWORK
III TESTING
III DISCUSSION

APPENDICES

1	BORING RECORDS
П	TRIAL PIT LOGS
Ш	TRL PROBES
IV	BRE DIGEST 365
V	WATER AND GAS MONITORING
VI	LABORATORY
	a. Geotechnical
	b. Environmental
VII	SITE PLAN

FOREWORD

The following Conditions and Notes on Site Investigation Procedures should be read in conjunction with this report. ·23/05/20

General.

Recommendations made, and opinions expressed in the report are based on the strata observed in the exploratory holes, together with the results of in-situ and laboratory tests. No responsibility can be held for conditions which have not been revealed by exploratory work, or which occur between exploratory hole locations. Whilst the report may suggest the likely configuration of strata, both between exploratory hole locations, or below the maximum depth of the investigation, this is only indicative, and liability cannot be accepted for its accuracy.

Unless specifically stated, no account has been taken of possible subsidence due to mineral extraction below or close to the site.

Boring Procedures.

Unless otherwise stated, the 'Shell and Auger' technique of soft ground boring has been employed. All boring operations sampling and/or logging of soils and in-situ testing complies with the recommendations of the British Standard Code of Practice BS 5930 (1981), 'Site Investigation' and BS 1377:1990, 'Methods of test for soils for civil engineering purposes'.

Whilst the technique allows the maximum data to be obtained in soft ground, some disturbance and variation of soft and layered soils is unavoidable. Attention is drawn to this condition, whenever it is suspected. Where cobbles and boulders are recorded, no conclusion should be drawn concerning the size, presence, lithological nature, or numbers per unit volume of ground.

Where peat has been encountered during siteworks, samples have been logged in accordance with the Von Post Classification (ref. Von Post, L. 1992. Sveriges Gologiska Undersoknings torvinventering och nogra av dess hittils vunna resultat (SGU peat inventory and some preliminary results) Svenska Mosskulturforeningens Tidskrift, Jonkoping, Swedden, 36, 1-37 & Hobbs N. B. Mire morphology and the properties of some British and foreign peats. QJEG, Vol. 19, 1986).

PECENED.

Routine Sampling.

Undisturbed samples of soils, predominantly cohesive in nature are obtained unless otherwise stated by a 104mm diameter open-drive tube sampler. In granular soils, and where undisturbed sampling is inappropriate, disturbed samples are collected. Smaller disturbed samples are also recovered at intervals to allow a visual examination of the full strata section.

In-Situ Testing.

Standard penetration tests, utilising either the standard split spoon sampler or solid cone and automatic trip-hammer are conducted unless otherwise where required by instruction. Subsequent to a seating drive of 150mm, a summation for the number of blows for 300mm penetration is recorded on the boring records together with the blow count for each 75mm penetration. In cases where incomplete penetration is obtained, the number of blows for the recorded value of penetration are noted. In coarse granular soils, a cone end is fitted to the sampler and a similar procedure adopted.

Groundwater.

The depth of entry of any influx of groundwater is recorded during the course of boring operations. However, the normal rate of boring does not usually permit the recording of an equilibrium level for any one water strike. Where possible drilling is suspended for a period of twenty minutes to monitor the subsequent rise in water level.

Groundwater conditions observed in the borings or pits are those appertaining to the period of investigation. It should be noted however, that groundwater levels are subject to diurnal, seasonal and climatic variations and can also be affected by drainage condition, tidal variation or other causes.

Retention of Samples.

After satisfactory completion of all the scheduled laboratory tests on any sample, the remaining material is discarded unless a period of retention of samples is agreed, it is our normal practice to discard all soil samples one month after submission of our final report.

TION POSTOR

FACTUAL REPORT ON A SITE INVESTIGATION FOR A PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT AT KILBRIDE ARKLOW

FOR AECOM CONSULTING ENGINEERS

Report No. 21948

August 2019

I Introduction

A major new residential development is proposed for a site at Kilbride, Arklow, Co. Wicklow.

An investigation of sub soil conditions in the area of the new development has been carried out by IGSL for AECOM Consulting Engineers, on behalf of Lioncor Developments Limited.

The scheduled site investigation included the following elements:

*	Cable Percussion Borehole	6 nr.
•	Trial Pit Excavations	8 nr.
•	CBR by TRL Probe	4 nr.
•	BRE Digest 365 Percolation	6 nr.
•	Ground Water and Gas Monitoring	

Geotechnical Laboratory TestingEnvironmental Laboratory Testing

This report includes all factual data from field operations and laboratory and discusses these findings relative to the proposed new development.

II Fieldwork

The development is to take place on a greenfield site located at Kilbride, Arklov, County Wicklow. The area is quite extensive and sloping southwards towards the Avoca River. The low lying area north of the river is extremely boggy and wet and presented access difficulties for the IGSL equipment.

The site and the proposed exploratory locations are noted on the drawing and aerial map enclosed in Appendix VII. The drawing was provided by AECOM.

The various elements of the investigation are detailed in the following paragraphs. All field works were supervised by an experienced geotechnical engineer who carefully recorded stratification, recovered samples as required and prepared detailed records.

Each location was scanned electronically (CAT) to ensure that existing services were not damaged. The locations are also referenced to National Grid Co-ordinates.

Boreholes

Boreholes were 200mm diameter and were constructed using conventional cable percussion equipment. Holes were referenced BH01 to BH06 and were spaced out over the site area.

Detailed geotechnical records are contained in Appendix I to this report - the records give details of stratification, sampling, in-situ testing and groundwater. Note is also taken of any obstructions to normal boring requiring the use of the heavy chisel for advancement. It was not possible to recover undisturbed samples because of the high stone/cobble content of the strata encountered.

Boreholes BH01 and BH02 were located to the south of the site and both encountered surface topsoil and firm clay to approximately 2.00 metres. Medium dense to dense GRAVEL was noted from 1.00 to 3.80 metres. Stiff brown sandy gravelly CLAY was then noted, continuing to final refusal depths of 7.30 and 8.10 metres.

Boreholes BH03, BH04 and BH06 consistently identified stiff brown gravelly CLAY under shallow surface topsoil. The gravelly clay continued to depths between 6.00 and 7.00 metres. A stratum of dense GRAVEL underlies the gravelly clay at BH 06.

Finally at BH05 the stratification was quite different, with top soil overlying bands of loose sand and soft silty clay. At 4.50 metres dense sandy GRAVEL was noted with borehole refusal recorded at 5.90 metres BGL.

The final borehole refusal depths may be indicative of bedrock horizon. Proof core drilling was not scheduled as part of this investigation.

Ground Water / Standpipe Installation

Ground water was encountered in BHs 01, 02 and 06, generally in association with the granular soils. Relevant details are noted on the individual boring records. The remaining boreholes were dry during the construction period.

Slotted and sealed standpipes were installed in three boreholes to facilitate ground water and gas observation. Installation details are noted on the individual boring records and readings taken at intervals are presented in Appendix V.

Trial Pits

Pits were excavated using an 8 tonne tracked excavator under engineering supervision. Detailed trial pit logs with photographs are enclosed in Appendix II.

Surface top soil (400mm) overlies soft to firm mottled grey brown gravelly SILT/CLAY with strength increasing to firm/stiff below about 1.00 metre. Excavations continued to a final scheduled depth of 3.00 metres with no ground water encountered and side wall stability throughout.

Variations to the above were noted at TP03, TP07 and TP08. At TP03 a stratum of silty SAND was noted below the clay from 2.20 to 3.50 metres. A layer of sandy GRAVEL was noted within the clay stratum at BH07, extending from 1.50 to 2.60 metres. Finally at TP08 soft SILT and loose SAND extends below top soil to 1.00 metre where the gravelly clay stratum commences.

Ground water ingress was noted in each trial pit, recorded as light seepages at depths between 1.00 and 2.00 metres.

Trial Pits were excavated to depths ranging from 3.00 to 3.50 metres. Excavations in the cohesive soils were generally quite stable. Some instability was noted in areas where granular material was encountered.

In Situ CBR by Dynamic Cone Penetrometer

The CBR value of the soils at shallow depth was established at five locations using a Dynamic Cone Penetrometer. Testing was carried out approximately 0.50 metres BGL. The test data is processed and an equivalent CBR value is calculated. Results are summarised in the following table and detailed records are presented in Appendix III.

Test No.	Depth	CBR (%)
DCP 01	0.60	27.3
DCP 02	0.50	9.9
DCP 03	0.50	8.5
DCP 04	0.60	32.3
DCP 05	0.50	8.3

Percolation Test / BRE DIGEST 365

Infiltration testing was performed at six locations in accordance with BRE Digest 365 'Soakaway Design'. Testing was carried out in Trial Pits 02, 03, 04, 06, 07 and 8.

To obtain a measure of the infiltration rate of the sub-soils, water is poured into the test pits, and records taken of the fall in water level against time. The tests are carried over two cycles following initial soakage. Designs are based on the slowest infiltration rate, which is generally calculated from the final cycle.

The infiltration rate is the volume of water dispersed per unit exposed area per unit of time, and is generally expressed as metres/minute or metres/second. In these calculations the exposed area is the sum of the base area and the average internal area of the pit sides over the test duration.

In all six locations the test medium comprised firm to stiff gravelly CLAY. No fall in water level was observed in the relatively impermeable soils. The tests are therefore classed as failures. The results are typical of the extremely low permeability boulder clay forming the stratification in the site area. Full details are contained in Appendix IV.

Water and Gas Monitoring

Standpipes were installed at BH02, BH03 and BH05 to facilitate observation and measurement of ground water levels and gas concentrations.

The site was re-visited at intervals following the installations and readings taken in the standpipes.

Ground water levels were measured using a electronic dip-meter. A Geotech GA500 Infra-Red gas monitor was used to determine gas levels (CH4, CO2, O2, CO, H2S).

Detailed records for each site visit are presented in Appendix V.

III. Testing

a. In - Situ

Standard penetration tests were carried out at approximate 1.00 metre intervals in the geotechnical boreholes to measure relative in-situ soil strength. N values are noted in the right hand column of the boring records, representing the blow count required to drive the standard sampler 300mm into the soil, following initial seating blows. Where full test penetration was not achieved the blow count for a specific penetration is recorded, or refusal is indicated where appropriate. The results of the tests are summarised as follows:

STRATUM	N VALUE RANGE	COMMENTC
Brown gravelly SILT / C	CLAY (excluding BH05) 8 to 19	Firm to Stiff
2.00 metre BGL 3.00 metres BGL 4.00 metres BGL > 5.00 metres BGL	20 to 24 28 to 34 18 to 34 17 to 50	Stiff Stiff to very Stiff Stiff to very Stiff Stiff to Hard

Limited penetration SPT tests were occasionally recorded on cobbles or boulders within the boulder clay.

SPT tests in the GRAVEL zones found in BH01 and BH02 recorded N values ranging from 18 to 31.

The SAND stratum noted in BH05 from 0.20 to 2.50 metres is loosely compacted with SPT values of N=5 and N=6. The underlying SILT CLAY at this location is soft to firm in consistence with N=7 and N=12 recorded.

Laboratory

A programme of laboratory testing was scheduled following completion of site operations. Testing was in accordance with the requirements of the Bill of Quantities Geotechnical testing was carried out by IGSL in it's INAB-Accredited laboratory. Environmental and chemical testing was carried out in the UK by CHEMTEST Ltd. The test programme included the following elements:

- Liquid and Plastic Limits / Moisture Content
- PSD Grading by wet sieve and hydrometer.
- Compaction
- MCV
- CBR
- Sulphate Chloride and pH (BRE SO1 Suite)
- Environmental Test Suite 1
- Environmental Test Suite 2 (RILTA)

Individual test results are discussed in the following paragraphs.

Classification

Twenty two samples of the cohesive soils from the boreholes and trial pits had index Twenty two samples properties established. A high degree of consistency plotting in the CI / CL Zones of the Casagrande Classification indicative of sensing low plasticity clay matrix material. Natural Moisture content ranged from 13 to 25% properties two samples. Natural Moisture content ranged from 13 to 25% properties established. A high degree of consistency plotting in the CI / CL Zones of the Casagrande Classification indicative of sensing low plasticity clay matrix material. Natural Moisture content ranged from 13 to 25% properties established.

Grading

Wet sieve with hydrometer analysis was used to establish PSD grading curves for a number of samples of both the gravelly CLAY and sandy GRAVEL soils

Generally the cohesive samples have a straight-line pattern with smooth grading from the clay to gravel fraction. The graphs are typical of heterogeneous glacial till or boulder clay.

Samples from the granular zones reflect material graded through the sand and gravel fraction with 0 to 15% passing to the fine silt/clay fraction.

Dry Density/ Moisture Content Relationship

Compaction testing was scheduled on three samples of the boulder clay. Tests were carried out in accordance with BS1377 Part 4 1990 using a 2.5 Kg Rammer.

The results indicate Maximum Dry Density ranging from 1.81 to 1.98 Mg/cu.m. with Optimum Moisture Contents ranging from 8 to 15%.

Moisture Condition Value (MCV)

Five trial pit samples had MCV values and natural moisture content established. Results reflect quite a variation in MCV from a low of 3 to a maximum of 10.7.

CBR

CBR values were determined for several samples taken in the trial pits at depths between 0.60 and 1.00 metres. Material was compacted in the CBR moulds using Static Compaction method 2.

The results are presented in detail on individual record sheets and are summarised as follows:

Location	Depth of Test	Average CBR %	Moisture Content %
TP01	0.90	2	20
TP02	1.00	3.2	18
TP03	1.00	1.3	16
TP04	0.60	8	17
TP05	1.00	4.4	21
TP06	1.00	45	11
TP07	1.00	1.8	14

The high CBR value from TP06 was from a SANDY / GRAVEL material, the remaining tests were carried out on brown gravelly CLAY.

Sulphate and pH.

Eight samples were selected for BRE SO1 sulphate chloride and pH analysis. Sulphate concentrations (SO4 2:1 extract) of < 0.010 g/l were established with pH values of 7.6 to 8. Chloride contents were also consistently < 0.010 g/l. No special precautions are necessary to protect foundation concrete from sulphate or chloride aggression. A design class of DS-1 (ACEC Classification for Concrete) is indicated for sulphate concentrations less than 0.5 g/l.

Environmental Test Suite 1

Six samples were scheduled for testing by AECOM in accordance with Environmental Tests Suite I. Testing was carried out by CHEMTEST and the results are presented in detail in the Appendix.

Environmental Test Suite 2 (RILTA)

Two soil samples were submitted for detailed environmental analysis to RILTA (WAC) parameters. The results confirm that the material can be classified as INERT with no elevated contaminant levels recorded.

No asbestos traces were found during routine screening.

IGSL/JC FEB 2020

PRICEINED: 23/05/2025

Appendix I Boring Records



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GEOTECHNICAL BORING RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

22153

BOREHOLE NO. **BH01** CONTRACT Kilbride, Co.Wicklow SHEET Sheet 1 of 1 **DANDO 2000** RIG TYPE **CO-ORDINATES** 724,196.05 E DATE COMMENCED 06/12/2019 **BOREHOLE DIAMETER (mm)** 674,388.54 N 200 **BOREHOLE DEPTH (m)** 7.30 DATE COMPLETED 09/12/2019 **GROUND LEVEL (mOD)** CLIENT SPT HAMMER REF. NO. P.JHOMAS Lioncor V.L **ENGINEER ENERGY RATIO (%)** PROCESSED BY Aecom Samples Standpipe Details Ξ Depth (m) Elevation Sample Type Recovery Field Test Legend Description Depth Depth (m) Results - 0 N. 24 TOPSOIL 4.42 0.30 Brown, very sandy SILT/CLAY AA121843 ENV 0.50 4.02 0.70 Dense grey/brown fine to coarse sandy GRAVEL with cobbles N = 31(5, 9, 9, 7, 7, 6) ENV AA121844 AA121845 1.00 000000 AA121846 ENV 1.50 AA121847 В 2.00 N = 30(3, 5, 5, 6, 9, 10)0 80 N = 50/225 mm (4, 3, 8, 16, 26) F₃ AA121848 3.00 0000 8 . -જે.-3.70 1.02 Stiffto very stiff, brown, gravelly CLAY with cobbles ∇ N = 33AA121849 4,00 8 (5, 6, 8, 8, 9, 8) _ N = 29(3, 5, 6, 9, 7, 7) AA121850 В 5.00 AA126801 B 6.00 N = 33(3, 3, 5, 5, 9, 14) - -2.08 6.80 9-9-6 Dense angular clayey GRAVEL with broken angular N = 50/150 mm (8, 16, 19, 31) AA126802 В 7.00 cobbles -2.58 7.30 Obstruction End of Borehole at 7.30 m HARD STRATA BORING/CHISELLING WATER STRIKE DETAILS Water Time Casing Sealed Rise Time From (m) To (m) Comments Comments (h) Strike Depth Αt To (min) 1.5 2.50 2.50 3.70 2.40 20 Slow 2.60 7.00 7.30 2 6.80 6.80 No Rapid **GROUNDWATER PROGRESS** Depth to Water Hole Casing **INSTALLATION DETAILS** Date Comments Depth Depth Date Tip Depth RZ Top RZ Base Type REMARKS CAT scanned location and hand dug inspection pit carried out . Sample Legend Tracked dumper required to move rig on soft ground . 3 hrs moving rig into position P - Undislurbed Piston Sample W - Water Sample nial Sample (Jar + Vial + Tub)



GEOTECHNICAL BORING RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

22153

BOREHOLE NO. CONTRACT Kilbride, Co.Wicklow **BH02** SHEET Sheet 1 of 1 RIG TYPE **DANDO 2000 CO-ORDINATES** 724,189.90 E DATE COMMENCED 11/12/2019 674,561.14 N **BOREHOLE DIAMETER (mm)** 200 **GROUND LEVEL (mOD) BOREHOLE DEPTH (m)** 8.10 DATE COMPLETED 12/12/2019 11.46 CLIENT SPT HAMMER REF. NO. BORED BY POHOMAS Lioncor **ENERGY RATIO (%)** V.LO **ENGINEER** PROCESSED BY Aecom Samples Standpipe Details $\widehat{\mathbf{E}}$ Elevation Ref. Number Recovery Sample Type Field Test Description Legend Depth Depth Depth (m) Results n TOPSOIL 14. 11. 11.16 0.30 Firm grey/brown sandy SILT/CLAY with some gravel χö. AA126814 ENV 0.50 N = 12 (3, 4, 4, 3, 3, 2) AA126815 ENV 10.26 1.20 Medium dense grey/brown silty/clayey GRAVEL AA126817 ENV 1,50 N = 18 (2, 4, 5, 3, 4, 6) 20-0 8 AA126818 В 2.00 0 200 \$ 0 0 0 8 0 0 0 8 0 0 0 8.36 3.10 N = 13 (1, 1, 2, 3, 3, 5) AA126819 3.00 В Firm brown, sandy, gravelly CLAY 7.86 7.66 3.60 م می Medium dense grey fine to coarse GRAVEL Stiff to very stiff brown, sandy, gravelly CLAY with , N = 27 (3, 3, 5, 7, 7, 8) AA126820 В 4.00 some cobbles N = 49 (6, 8, 10, 11, 14, 14) AA126821 В 5.00 N = 39 (5, 7, 8, 9, 12, 10) AA126822 B 6 00 N = 39 (4, 9, 6, 9, 9, 15) AA126823 В 7.00 3.36 N = 50/75 mm (15, 27, 50) 8.10 AA126824 B 8 00 Obstruction End of Borehole at 8.10 m HARD STRATA BORING/CHISELLING WATER STRIKE DETAILS Time Water Rise Casing Sealed Time From (m) To (m) Comments Comments Strike Depth <u>(h)</u> Αt То (min) 0.75 1.80 1.80 Moderate 3.10 0.70 20 3.60 7.80 7.90 8.10 3.60 20 4.00 3.00 Moderate 6 7.80 6.50 No Moderate SS **GROUNDWATER PROGRESS** BH GP. Hole Casing Depth to Water **INSTALLATION DETAILS** Date Comments Depth Depth Tip Depth RZ Top RZ Base 22153 Date Type 12-12-19 9.10 1.00 8.10 50mm SP S Sample Legend
D - Small Disturbed (tub)
B - Buik Disturbed
Et - Large Buik Disturbed
Env - Environmental Sample (Jar + Vial + Tub) REMARKS CAT scanned location and hand dug inspection pit carried out . 표 Tracked dumper required to move rig on soft ground . 7 hrs UT - Undisturbed 100mm Diameter moving rig into position. Both rig and dumper sank in very soft Sample P - Undisturbed Piston Sample W - Water Sample



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GEOTECHNICAL BORING RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

22153 BOREHOLE NO. CONTRACT Kilbride , Co.Wicklow **BH03** SHEET Sheet 1 of 1 **CO-ORDINATES RIG TYPE DANDO 2000** 724,040.57 E **DATE COMMENCED 18/12/2019** 674,786.91 N **BOREHOLE DIAMETER (mm)** 200 **BOREHOLE DEPTH (m)** GROUND LEVEL (mOD) 6.80 **DATE COMPLETED 18/12/2019** 21.96 CLIENT SPT HAMMER REF. NO. P. THOMAS **BORED BY** Lioncor **ENERGY RATIO (%)** V.LO **ENGINEER** PROCESSED BY Aecom Samples Standpipe Details Ξ Elevation Recovery Ref. Number Sample Type Field Test Description Legend Depth (Depth Depth (m) Results - 0 N. F. 18. V. TOPSOIL 21.76 0.20 21.56 0.40 Brown sandy SILT/CLAY (Subsoil) A126840 ENV 0.50 XO Soft brown very sandy SILT/CLAY with occasional gravel σ AA126841 AA126842 ENV <u>X</u> (3, 3, 2, 2, 1, 1) __x ē 20.36 1.60 A126843 ENV 1,50 Stiff to very stiff brown, sandy, very gravelly CLAY Q. \$ 0 5 with occasional cobbles N = 24(2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 7) AA12684 В 2.00 N = 32 (3, 5, 7, 8, 8, 9) AA126845 3.00 " з 8 N = 34 (4, 5, 7, 7, 10, 10) AA126846 Я 4.00 N = 17 (3, 3, 4, 3, 4, 6) AA126847 В 5.00 N = 37 (2, 4, 6, 7, 10, 14) AA126848 В 6.00 _ N = 50/150 mm (16, 9, 29, 21) AA126849 В 6.50 ک ک 6.80 15.16 Obstruction End of Borehole at 6.80 m HARD STRATA BORING/CHISELLING WATER STRIKE DETAILS Time Water Casing Sealed Rise Time From (m) To (m) Comments Comments Strike Depth (h) То (min) 0.75 No water strike 6.50 6.80 **GROUNDWATER PROGRESS** Casing Hole Depth to Water **INSTALLATION DETAILS** Date Comments Depth Depth Tip Depth RZ Top RZ Base Date Type 18-12-19 6.70 1.00 6.80 50mm SP Sample Legend
D - Small Disturbed (tub)
8 - Bulk Disturbed
Let Large Bulk Disturbed
Env - Environmental Sample (Jar + Vial + Tub) REMARKS CAT scanned location and hand dug inspection pit carried out . Tracked dumper required to move rig on soft ground . 4.5 hrs UT - Undisturbed 100mm Diameter Sample P - Undisturbed Piston Sample W - Water Sample moving rig into position



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9												ļ			
HA	RD S	TRATA B	ORING/C	HISELLING					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		 WATER STRIKE DET/	All C
ron	n (m)	To (m)	Time	Comments	 }		Wate			Sealed	Rise		me	Comments	1120
2.	70	2.90	(h) 0.75		-,,-	*****	Strike) De	pth	At	То	(n	nin)		
6.	00	6.30	2											No water strike	
												ŀ			
		·····	<u></u>										G	ROUNDWATER PRO	GRESS
NS	TALL	ATION DI	ETAILS				Dat		Hole Depth	Casing Depth	Der	oth to ater	Comm	ents	
	Date	Tip De	pth RZ	op RZ Bas	е Туј	ре	_				T				
										İ					
REI	MARK	S CAT s	canned le	ocation and	hand dug ir	spection p	oit carried	out .	Samp	le Legen	d		117	- Undisturbed 100mm Diameter	
		moving	g rig into	er required to position .	move ng c	m son gro	una , 5 nr:	5	B - Sulk E LB - Larg	Disturbed e Bulk Disturbe	d	=	Sam P⊸t	nple Undisturbed Piston Sample	
									i mus - Env	Ironmental San	nple (Jar +	v(at + Tub)	W-	Water Sample	



GEOTECHNICAL BORING RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

22153

U	331	<u>/</u>										PA		22100	
CO	NTRA	ст кі	bride , C	o.Wicklow							- 1	BOREHO	DLE NO.		
CO-	ORDII	NATES		4,141.74 E 5,027.49 N		RIG TYP	E DLE DIAM	ETED (mml	DANDO :	2000	SHEET DATE CO	MMFN	Sheet 1 of 1 Ep 05/12/2019	
GRO	DUND	LEVEL (1		30.30		l l	DLE DEPT		111.13	5.90	- 1		•	ED 06/12/2019	
CLII	ENT	Lio	ncor			SPT HAR	MER RE	F. NO.				BORED	BY	P.THOMAS	
ENG	INEE	R Ae	com			ENERGY	RATIO (%	6)				PROCES	SED BY	Y V.LO	
a								_	€		T	nples		- 2	ω .
Depth (m)			[Description			pu	Elevation	Depth (m)	Ref. Number	Sample Type	₽	Recovery	Field Test Results	₩ ₩
Dep							Legend	e e	De C	Ref.	Sar	Depth (m)	Seco	Results	Standpipe Details
0	TOP	SOIL					718. 478.1	30.10	0.20		-		1 4		KØ I
	Loos	e brown s	slightly s	ilty fine to co	rse SAND)	×××			AA121834	ENV	0.50			
							x ´. ¸ x			AA121832	ENV	0.50			
1							×···×			AA121835	EÑA	1,00		N = 6 (1, 1, 1, 2, 1, 2)	
							x x			AA121836	1	1.00		(7, 1, 1) = 1 (1)	
							× .			AA121837	' ENV	1.50	į		
2							× ×			AA121838	8	2.00	1	N=5	°
							×××	27.80	2.50					(1, 1, 1, 1, 2)	0
Ī	Firm	grey/brow	vn very	sandy SILT/C	LAY										0
3										AA121839	8 8	3.00		N=7 (1, 1, 2, 1, 2, 2)	0
														(1, 1, 2, 1, 2, 2)	
													-		
4										AA121840	8	4.00		N = 12	°
4								05.00	4.50	1		4.50		(1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 5)	0
-	Dens	e grey fir	e to coa	rse very silty	GRAVEL	with	80 = °2 ×	25.80	4.50	-			ļ		0
		sional col					5 000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0							N = 45	
5							0000			AA121841	В	5.00	ļ	N = 45 (4, 8, 9, 9, 12, 15)	
							8000						***************************************	N = 50/150 mm	$ \cdot $
-							X000	24.40	5.90	AA121842	В	5.90		(18, 17, 19, 31)	
6		ruction of Boreho	le at 5.9	00 m						1]				
7															
8															
							:								
9									İ						
HA	RD ST	RATA BO	DRING/C	HISELLING							<u></u>		W	ATER STRIKE DE	TAILS
		To (m)	Time (h)	Comments		***************************************	Wate		sing	Sealed	Ris		me c	Comments	.,,,,,,
4.	75	4.90	0.5				Strike	2 1 0	epth	At	<u>To</u>	<u> </u>	nin)		
5.7	70	5.90	2					***************************************						No water strike	
								-							
								•					GR	OUNDWATER PRO	OGRES
		ATION DE					Dat	e	Hole Depth	Casing Depth	De W	oth to ater	Comme	nts	
	Date 12-19		oth RZ 1.0	Top RZ Base 0 5.70	Tyj 50mn				***************************************					***************************************	
REN	MARKS	CAT so	anned l	ocation and her required to	and dug in	spection p	oit carried	out .	Sam	ple Legen	d		UT.II	indisturbed 100mm Diameter	
		moving	rig into	position .	move ny (ni suit gro	unu . ∠ NF	•	B - Bulk	: Disturbed :ge Bulk Disturbe	ed	. 111	Sampl P - Un	e disturbed Piston Sample	
									i t≝nv - Ei	nvironmental Sar	upie (Jat	· viai + iub)	v4 - 4∧	ater Sample	

naar F

GEOTECHNICAL BORING RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

22153

BOREHOLE NO. CONTRACT **BH06** Kilbride, Co.Wicklow SHEET Sheet 1 of 1 RIG TYPE **DANDO 2000 CO-ORDINATES** 724,362.96 E **DATE COMMENCED 09/12/2019 BOREHOLE DIAMETER (mm)** 674,648,36 N 200 **GROUND LEVEL (mOD) BOREHOLE DEPTH (m)** 8.50 DATE COMPLETED 11/12/2019 11.85 CLIENT **TJHOMAS** Lioncor SPT HAMMER REF. NO. **BORED BY ENGINEER** Aecom **ENERGY RATIO (%)** PROCESSED BY Samples Standpipe Details E $\widehat{\mathbf{E}}$ Elevation Recovery Ref. Number Sample Type Field Test Legend Description Depth (Depth Depth (m) Results F 0 1 1 1 1 V TOPSOIL 11.55 0.30 Firm to stiff SILT/CLAY with some gravel ENV AA126803 0.50 10.75 1.10 N = 15 (2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4) AA126804 AA126805 ENV Stiff brown gravelly CLAY with occasional cobbles __ 0 AA126806 ENV 1.50 <u>_</u> [-2 AA126807 8 2.00 N = 23(3, 4, 4, 5, 7, 7) F-3 N = 28 (3, 5, 6, 5, 8, 9) AA126808 8 3.00 O 0 Ω 7.75 4.10 N = 34 (2, 4, 6, 7, 10, 11) AA126809 В 4.00 Brown very gravelly CLAY with cobbles (Possibly claybound gravel) ā N = 29F 5 AA126810 В 5.00 (4, 4, 6, 6, 8, 9) φ <u>-</u> N = 31 (6, 6, 8, 7, 7, 9) AA126811 6.00 В 5.55 6.30 Dark grey fine to coardr sandy GRAVEL with cobbles AA126812 7.00 В (3, 6, 8, 8, 8, 10) N = 39 (5, 7, 7, 8, 10, 14) AA126813 В 8.00 8.50 3.35 Obstruction End of Borehole at 8.50 m HARD STRATA BORING/CHISELLING WATER STRIKE DETAILS Water Time Casing Sealed Rise Time rom (m) To (m) Comments Comments (h) Strike Depth Αŧ To (min) 4.70 4.50 0.5 6.30 No 4.50 20 Rapid 7.60 7.80 0.75 9 8.30 8.50 1.5 <u>18</u> **GROUNDWATER PROGRESS** G Hole Casing Depth to Water **INSTALLATION DETAILS** Date Comments 표 Depth Depth Date Tip Depth RZ Top RZ Base 22153 Type BHIO REMARKS CAT scanned location and hand dug inspection pit carried out . Sample Legend Tracked dumper required to move rig on soft ground . 3 hrs UT - Undisturbed 100mm Diameter Sample P - Undisturbed Piston Sample W - Water Sample 8 moving rig into position

PRICEINED: 23/05/2025

Appendix II Trial Pit Records

Spinore Spin	53L		TRIA	L PIT	RECO	RD			\wedge		REPORT NU		
CON	ITRACT	Kilbride							TRIAL (1	T NO.	TP01		
LOG	GED BY	V. Lowe		ORDINAT		724,03 674,49	37.43 E 31.24 N		DATE ST		<u> </u>		~~~~~~
CLIE		Lioncor Aecom	GRO	DUND LE	VEL (m)	8.00			EXCAVA METHOD		8t Exc	avator	
		T-1400.		····						Sample	s	20	ee .
Geotechnical Description Geotechnical Description Geotechnical Description Dark brown TOPSOIL Soft to firm brown/brownish grey sandy SILT with rare subangular to subrounded gravel Samples Samples Accom Light Samples Samples Accom Accom Accom Samples Accom Acco	Hand Penetroneter												
	subange Firm to	ular to subrounded gravel	rev/orange san	ndv	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	0.50	7.50					88	
1,0	slightly	gravelly CLAY, gravel is sub own/grey sandy gravelly CLA up to 120mm, cobbles are	pangular to rou	inded		1.10	6.90	₹ (Seepage)	AA128551	В	0.90-1.00	90 92	
2.0		stiff light brown/brown sandy	y gravelly CLA	Y with		2.20	5.80		AA128552	В	1.90-2.00		
3.0						3.20	4.80		AA128553	В	2.90-3.00		
	End of 1	Frial Pit at 3.20m					.,	Address of the state of the sta					
4.0													
	indwater (page at 1.	Conditions 10m											
Stab Stab	ility le	9419-2				Yana							
	e ral Rema neer CAT	rks scanned area for services								· ·············			

J.	35L	Т	RIAL PIT	RECO	RD			\$.	5	REPORT NU 22	JMBER 153	
CON	ITRACT Kilbride							TRIAL (TNO.	TP0		
LOG	GED BY V. Lowe		CO-ORDINA	TES	724,08 674,60	34.99 E 07.52 N		DATE ST			t 1 of 1 2/2019 2/2019	
CLIE	INT Lioncor INEER Aecom		GROUND LE	VEL (m)	13.64			EXCAVA METHOD		81 Ex	cavator	
									Samples	5	(e _c)	(heter
	Geotech	inical Description		Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Sample Ref	Туре	Depth	Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer
0.0	Dark brown TOPSOIL (re	eworked)		7 77 77 77 77							<u> </u>	
	Soft to firm brown mottle CLAY with occasional co subangular to rounded	d grey/orange sand bbles up to 170mm	ly gravelly ı, gravel is	04 P 10	0.30	13.34		Lancass and an appropriate the same of the			50	
1.0					1.20	12,44		AA128538	В	0.90-1.00	44 62	
	Firm to locally soft brown sandy CLAY	। mottled grey/oran(ge slightly				1	AA128539	В	1.50-1.60		
`2.0	Firm to stiff light brown/b rare cobbles and boulde	rown sandy gravell rs up to 210mm	y CLAY with		1.70	11.94	(Seepage					
3.0				8 8 9				AA128540	В	2.50-2.60		
	End of Trial Pit at 3.30m			8	3.30	10.34		AA127203	В	3.20-3.30		
4.0				***************************************								
	undwater Conditions			www.eropoure.proproproproproproproproproproproproprop			-TOMOTERN D. TOPANO				Alexander and Association	
Stab	page at 1.70m											
Gene	ntly unstable down to 1.20n	01/4/14			·							
Engi	neer CAT scanned area fo	r services										

LOGO	GED BY	Kilbride						A .		221	153	
CLIEI	NT					***************************************	***************************************	TRIAL P	TNO.	TP0		
		V. Lowe	CO-ORDINA	ATES	724,14 674.68	49.91 E 35.57 N		DATE ST		04/12		····
ENGII	NEER	Lioncor	GROUND L	EVEL (m)	16.88			EXCAVA	TION	04/12		
		Aecom				Γ'	<u> </u>	METHOD)		0/2	
- 1									Sample	s	a (a)	Seter
		Geotechnical Description	nπ	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Sample Ref	Type	Depth	Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer
0,0	Dark hrov	vn TOPSOIL		对称	35	ă	Š	88	<u>``</u>	l a		문
}	Firm brov	vn sandy CLAY with rare subar	gular to		0.20	16.68						
}	subround Firm brow	ed gravel vn mottled grev/orange sandv s	lightly gravelly		0.40	16.48					72	
	CLAY, gri	avel is subangular to subround	ea	-, 0-,				AA128541	В	0.60-0.70	12	
1.0				-				AA128525	В	0.90-1.00	118	
											108	
a	Firm brow	vn mottled grey/orange sandy (CLAY with rare		1.50	15.38						
a de la companya de l	subangul	ar to subrounded gravel	.2 ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,									
2.0							4	AA128526	В	1.90-2.00		
}	Medium o	dense brown silty SAND with or	casional gravel,	,xo,	2.20	14.68	(Seepage)					
	gravei is s	subangular to subrounded		, X X o X								
				× 2 .				<u> </u> 				
3.0				~ × ~				AA128527	В	2.90-3.00		
				`o` X . ` X								
ŀ	End of Tri	ial Pit at 3.50m		жо	3.50	13.38						

4.0												
-							ļ					
	ndwater Co		*************						·····			
seep	age at 2.2(Jm										
Stabi	lity	THE PARTY OF THE P						······································				
Stable	9											
	ral Remari eer CAT s	cs canned area for services				***************************************						****
J												



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

<u>J</u>	13L	•	1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	\ \				A.	-	22	153	
CON	TRACT	Kilbride						TRIAL P	ITI NO.	TP0	4 t 1 of 1	
LOG	GED BY	K. Kinsella	CO-ORDINAT	ES	724,06 674,8	62.45 E 10.62 N		DATE S	TARTED OMPLET		2/2019	
CLIE	NT NEER	Lioncor Aecom	GROUND LEV	/EL (m)	23.16			EXCAVA METHO		-81-€ x	cavator	
		On the state of th							Samples		0/20	eter
		Geotechnical Description		Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Sample Ref	Туре	Depth	Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetropheter (KPa)
0.0	Dark bro	wn TOPSOIL		77 Y			·					
_	Firm bro	wn sandy CLAY with rare subangula ded gravel	ar to		0.20	22.96				***************************************		
- -	Firm bro	wn mottled grey/orange sandy CLA' lar to subrounded gravel	Y with rare		0.40	22.10		AA128542	В	0.60-0.70	80	
1.0	Eirm bro	wn/grey sandy CLAY			1.00	22.16		AA128522	: В	0.90-1.00	86	
	1 11111 1110	wingley sailty CEAT			1.30	21.86					108	
-	Firm bro subangu	wn mottled grey/orange sandy CLA lar to subrounded gravel	Y with rare		1,30	21.86	(Scepage)					
20								AA128523	8 B	1.90-2.00		
3.0	Firm brogu	wn/grey sandy slightly gravelly CLA lar to subrounded	Y, gravel is		2.60	20.56		AA128524	В	2.90-3.00		
-	End of T	rial Pit at 3.50m			3.50	19.66						
4.0												
		onditions										
	age at 1.6											
Stabi Stabi		THE STATE OF THE S					•••••					
Gene	ral Remar	ks					·					

IGSL TP LOG 22153 TP.GPJ IGSL.GDT 17/2/20

Engineer CAT scanned area for services



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

	04/12/2019 of Excavator
Geotechnical Description Geotechnical Descr	8t Excavator
Geotechnical Description Geotechnical Description Geotechnical Description Geotechnical Description Dark brown TOPSOIL Firm brown mottled light greyish brown/light grey sandy CLAY with rare gravel and boulder up to 220mm, gravel is subangular to subrounded AA128519 B 0	8t Excavator
Geotechnical Description Dark brown TOPSOIL Firm brown mottled light greyish brown/light grey sandy CLAY with rare gravel and boulder up to 220mm, gravel is subangular to subrounded AA128519 B 0	Depth Vane Test (KPa)
Dark brown TOPSOIL Firm brown mottled light greyish brown/light grey sandy CLAY with rare gravel and boulder up to 220mm, gravel is subangular to subrounded AA128519 B 0	Depth Vane Test (KF
Firm brown mottled light greyish brown/light grey sandy CLAY with rare gravel and boulder up to 220mm, gravel is subangular to subrounded AA128519 B 0	
2.0	0.90-1.00
	2.90-3.00
End of Trial Pit at 3.50m 3.50 23.57 AA127201 B 3	3.40-3.50
4.0	
Groundwater Conditions Seepage at 2.20m	
stability Stable	
General Remarks Engineer CAT scanned area for services	

	S. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.							ı	REPORT NU	JMBER	·····
US	TI TI	RIAL PIT	\$		22153						
ONT	RACT Kilbride	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					TRIAL (ITNO.	TPO		
ogo	SED BY V. Lowe	CO-ORDINAT	724,325.49 E 674,562.51 N					DATE STARTED 04/12/2019 DATE COMPLETED 04/12/2019			***********
CLIEN	IT Lioncor	GROUND LEVEL (m)		9.37			EXCAVATION			cavator	
	NEER Aecom				····	·	METHOD)	9/2		·
							Samples		S	(e)	eter
1	Geotechnical Description					iķe				ж Ж	retre
			end	ē	Elevation	Water Strike	Sample Ref	a	€	Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetroneter
1			Legend	Depth (m)	E E	Wat	San	Туре	Depth	Van	Fan
0.0	Dark brown TOPSOIL		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	n 20	0.47						
hander-traffic	Firm brown sandy CLAY with occasional subsubrounded gravel	angular to	8	0.20	9.17					42	
-	Loose to medium dense brown silty very grav gravel is subangular to rounded	elly SAND,	жо	0.45	8.92		AA127202	В	0.50-0.60	•	
	Arazar io ornandriai (n ionii060		a								
1.0			× . 8				AA128528	В	0.90-1.00		
L	Firm to stiff have been as a Clay 20		жо'	1.20	8.17						
	Firm to stiff brown/grey sandy CLAY with rare boulders, boulders are up to 300mm and sub subrounded	gravel and angular to	<u> </u>			(Seepage)				62	
	subrounded					(Seepage)					
2.0							AA128529	В	1.90-2.00		
							-				
				2.70	6,67						
	Stiff grey sandy CLAY with rare gravel, grave subangular to subrounded	l is		2.70	0.07						
3.0							AA127203	В	3.00-3.10		
L	End of Trial Dit at 2.20m			3.30	6.07						
	End of Trial Pit at 3.30m										
4.0						-					
	objector Condition		1			<u> </u>					<u> </u>
	ndwater Conditions age at 1.40m										
itabil Stable					***************************************		<u>., </u>				
 Sener	ral Remarks							7U			
Engin	eer CAT scanned area for services										

TRIAL PIT RECORD								REPORT NUMBER 22153				
CON	TRACT	Kilbride					TRIAL F	T)NO.	TP07			
LOGGED BY V. Lowe CO-ORDINA			674,454.64 N				DATE ST		Sheet 1 of 1 04/12/2019 04/12/2019			
CLIE ENGI	NT NEER	Lioncor Aecom	GROUND LE	VEL (m)	6.59			EXCAVA METHOD		-8 ,5x	cavator	
									Sample	s	(a)	neter
		Geotechnical Descripti	on	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Sample Ref	Туре	Depth	Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Peneticineter
0.0		own TOPSOIL		3 × 3 ×	0.20	6.39						
	very gra	o medium dense brown/greyish avelly SAND with occasional cot is up to 280mm, gravel and cobl ular to rounded	obles and rare	b 69 6				AA128534	В	0.50-0.60		
	Firm to	locally soft brown mottled grey/or CLAY, gravel is subangular to	orange sandy rounded	6	0.60	5.99			_		80	
1.0								AA128535	В	0.90-1.00	78	
				0			1				62	
	Medium occasion and cob	n dense grey silty very sandy GF nal cobbles and boulders up to obles are subangular to rounded	RAVEL with 310mm, gravel	0000	1.50	5.09	(Seepage)					
2.0				50000000000000000000000000000000000000				AA128536	В	1.90-2.00		
	Firm to	stiff brown/grey slightly sandy g s subangular to subrounded	ravelly CLAY,	8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2.60	3.99	(Slow)					
3.0	_	evel rose from 3.10m to 3.00m i	n 15 minutes					AA128537	В	2.90-3.00		
	End of 1	Trial Pit at 3.20m			3.20	3.39						
4.0												
				On admitted and the description								
		Conditions 50m & Slow flow at 2.60m	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				1	J.,L				ı
Stab i Sidev	ility wall collap	ose below 0.20m	·									
Gene	eral Rema	irks scanned area for services									nesewinessans.	
1911	.sc. on	The second of services										



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

22153

U.S	19L						P _		Area Area		
CONTRACT Kilbride							TRIAL P	ii NO.	TP0		
LOGGED BY V. Lowe			CO-ORDINATES 724,310.79 E 674,417.93 N				DATE ST		\ \ \ \		
		GROUND LEV	ROUND LEVEL (m) 5.4			5.47			₹9.5×	xcavator	
								Samples	es S		eter
	Geotechnical Description		Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Sample Ref	Туре	Depth	Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Peneticineter (KPa)
0.0	Dark brown TOPSOIL		<u> </u>	0.00							
	Firm grey sandy SILT with rare subangular to gravel	o subrounded	× × ×	0.20	5.27						
	Loose to medium dense reddish brown sligh gravelly SAND, gravel is subangular to round	tly silty ded	x	0.50	4 .97	₹ (Seepage)	AA128530	В	0.40-0.50	42	
1.0	Firm brown mottled grey/orange very sandy CLAY with rare gravel and cobbles, cobbless 150mm and subangular to subrounded Water level rose from 3.10m to 2.90m in 15	s are up to	× 0	1.00	4.47	(Slow)	AA128531	8	0.90-1.00	60	
2.0							AA128532		1.90-2.00 2.90-3.00		
3.0	End of Trial Pit at 3.10m		The state of the s	3.10	2.37						
4.0							ANTERONOME POPULATION AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN		Pando de describir de la constante de la const		
Seep Stabi	ndwater Conditions age at 0.80m & Slow flow at 1.40m lity lly unstable below 0.80m	9 No 400 A S No Anna A	<u> </u>				<u> </u>				
Gene	ral Remarks neer CAT scanned area for services							emente Taper de ana		121001100	



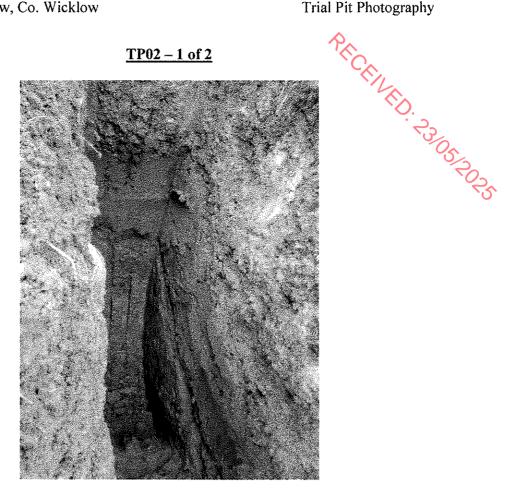


<u>TP01 - 2 of 2</u>

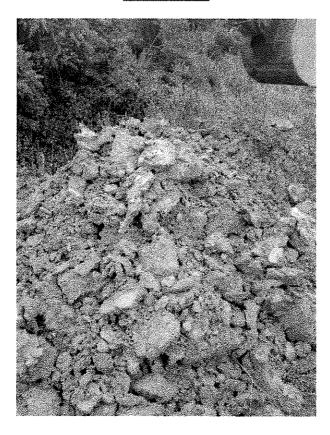


IGSL Ltd.

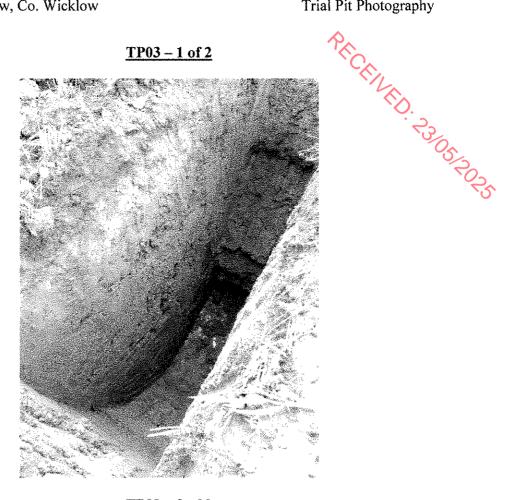
 $\underline{TP02-1 \text{ of } 2}$



TP02 - 2 of 2

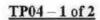


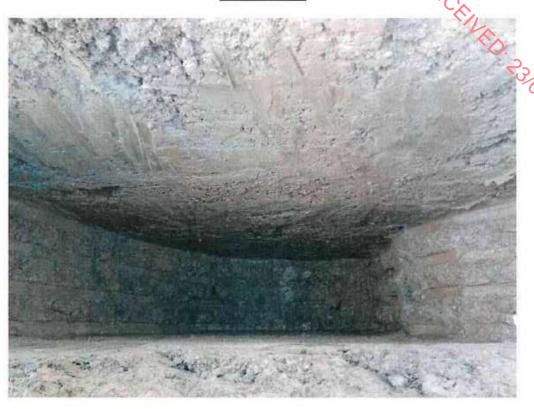
TP03 - 1 of 2



TP03 - 2 of 2



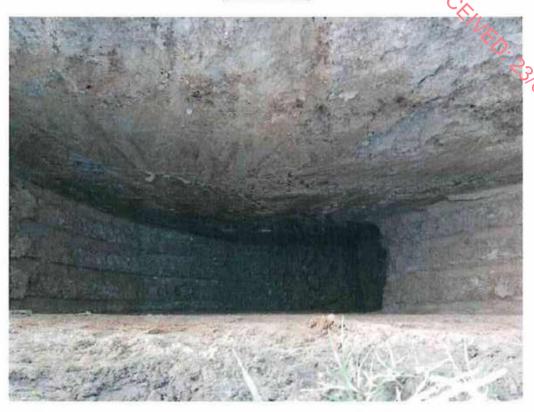




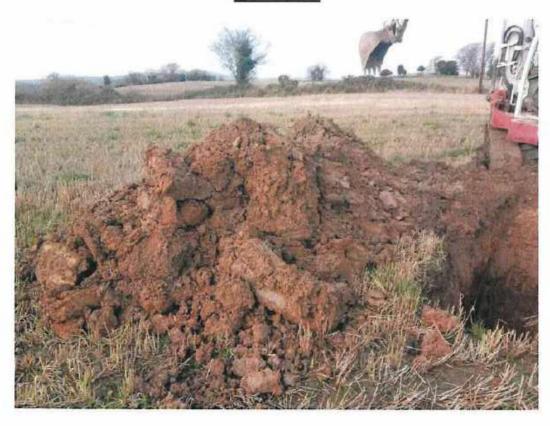
TP04-2 of 2



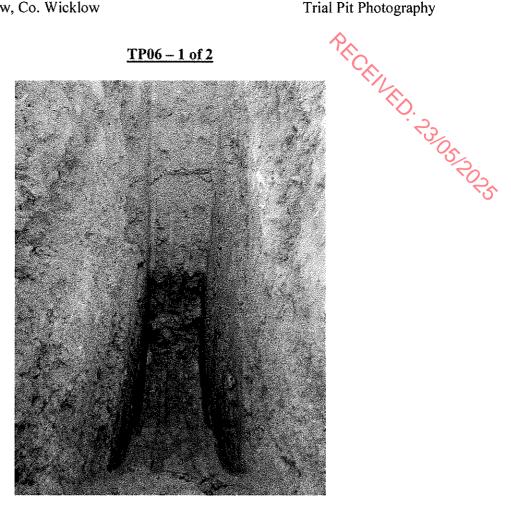




TP05-2 of 2

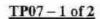


<u>TP06 - 1 of 2</u>



TP06 - 2 of 2





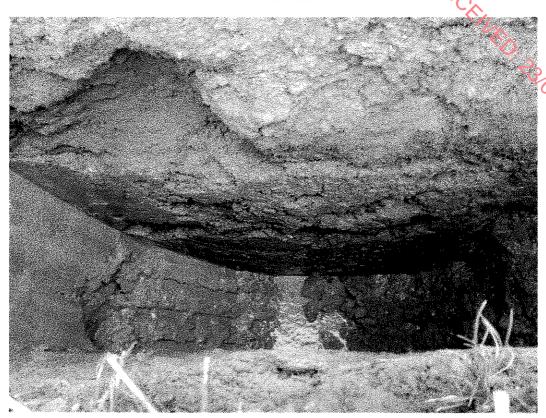


TP07 - 2 of 2

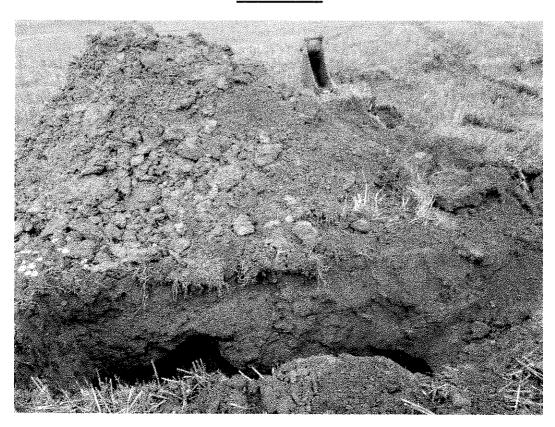


IGSL Ltd.





 $\underline{TP08-2 \text{ of } 2}$



PRCHINED. 23/05/2025

Appendix III TRL Probes (CBR)

Dynamic Cone Penetrometer

IGSL Field Records and Temps (F20)

Contract Client Kilbride, Arklow Aecom

Date:

06/12/2019

Test No. DCP01

IGSI

DCP Zero Reading

mm

Block No :

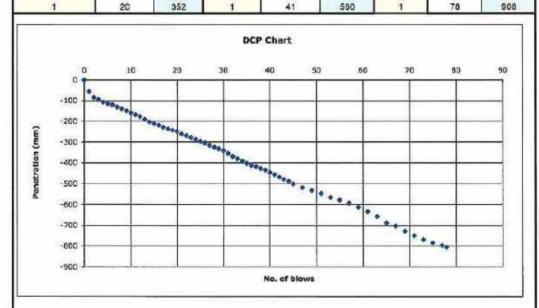
Contract No.

Start of Test at:

m bgl 0.6

Layer No:
Co-ordinates: 724252.461 674384.58 3.136
Co-ordinates: 724252.461 674384.58 3.136
Soil Description: Medium-dense, grey, very sandy, silty GRAVEL with a medium cobble content.

Reading No of Blows Total Blows mm Blows Total Reading Blows mm



Start Depth 0.6

m bgl

* Penetration range (mm) Blows

 Penetration

mm / blow

TRRL RN8

Log10 (CBR) = 2.48-1.057*Log10 (mm/blow)

Log10(CBR) = 1.436

> CBR = 27.3

IGSL Field Records and Temps (F20)

Kilbride, Arklow Client Aecom

Contract No. 22153 Date:

06/12/2019

Test No. DOP/12

DCP Zero Reading

90 mm

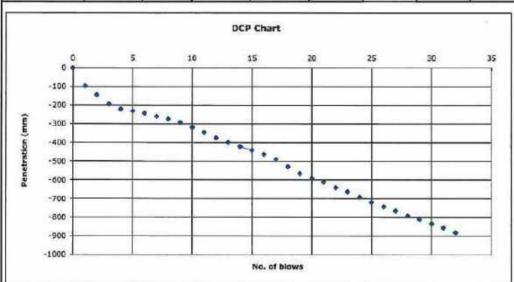
Block No :

Layer No:
Co ordinates: 724513.089 674642.13 12.084
Soil Description: Soft to firm, brown sandy CLAY.

Start of Test at:

0.5 m bgi

No of Blows	Total Blows	Reading mm	No of Biows	Total Blows	Reading mm	No of Blows	Fotal Blows	Reading mm
1	0	90	1	21	700		1	
1	9	186	1		730			
4	2	234	1	23	752			
1	3	282	1	24	780			
1	4	310	1	25	808		1.	
1	5	320	1	26	832		1	_
1	6	332	1	22 23 24 25 26 27	854			0
1	4 5 6 7 8 9	348	1	28	880			
1	8	364	1	29	898	1		
. 1	9	382	1	30	922			
1	10	406	1	30 31 32	944			100
1	11	434	1	32	970		- 1	
4	12	484	1587	(40.00)	0.55174			
1	13	488						
1	14	510			0			
3	14 15	530				1		
1	16	552						
1	16 17	578						
1	18	518						
1	19	854						
1	20	67B						



Start Depth 0.5 m bgl

* Penetration range (mm)

** From 880 96

Penetration 784

mm / blow 25

TRRL RNS

Log10 (CBR) = 2.48-1.057*Log10 (mm/blow)

9.9

Log10(CBR) = 0.997

CBR =

IGSL Field Records and Temps (F20)

Contract Client

Kilbride, Arklaw Aecom

Contract No. 22153 Date:

06/12/2019

Test No. DCP#3

Block No :

Start of Test at:

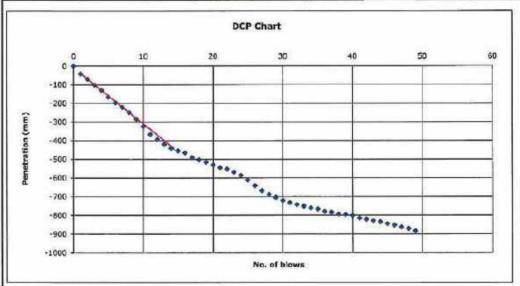
DCP Zero Reading

60 mm

m bgl

0.5

DIOCK NO.				otart of rest	O.L.	0.0	his other	
Layer No: Co ordinates : Soil Description:	724277.362 Firm, orangey	brown sand	dy CLAY, Rare,	fine to coarse				
No of Blows	Total Blows	Reading mm	No of Blows	Total Blows	Reading mm	No of Blows	Total Blows	Reading mm
1	0	60	1	21	604	1	42	880
1	1	102	1	22	612	1	43	888
1	2	130	1	23	628	1	44	894
1	3	160	1	24	646	1	45	904
1	4	188	1	25	670	1	46	912
1	5 6 7	226	1	26 27	700	1	47	922
1	6	256	1	27	726	1	48	930
1	7	280	1	28	748	1	49	942
1	8	308	1	29	764			
1	9	344	1	30	780			
1	10	384	1	31	792			-
1	10 11	426	1	32	802			
1	12	452	1	33	810		U	
1	13	478	1	34	820		1	
1	14	500	1	35	826			
1	15	514	1	36	838			100
1	16	524	1	37	844			
1	17	550	1	38	852		1	
1	18	562	1	39	854			
1	19	574	1	40	880			
1	20	590	1	41	874			



Start Depth 0.5

m bgt

 Penetration range (mm) Blows

to 454 42

Penetration 412

mm / blow

29

TRRL RN8

Log10 (CBR) = 2.48-1.057*Log10 (mm/blow)

Log10(CBR) = 0.928

CBR =

8.5

IGSL Field Records and Temps (F20)

Contract Client Kilbride, Arklow Aecom

22153

Date:

06/12/2019

Test No. DOP44

DCP Zero Reading

60 mm

Block No :

Contract No.

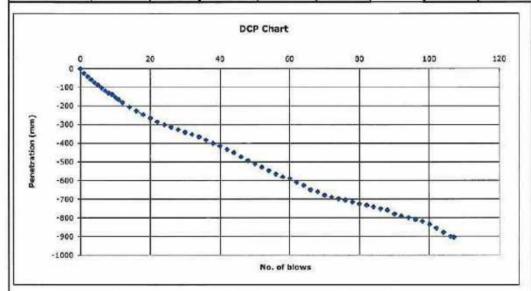
Start of Test at:

m bgl 0.6

Layer No: Co ordinates :

723917.986 674745.11 21.085

No of Blows	Total Blows	Reading mm	No of Blows	Total Blows	Reading mm	No of Blows	Total Blows	Reading mm
1	0	60	2	30	400	2	72	748
1	1	84	2	32	412	2	74	756
1	2	102	2	32 34	424	2	76	764
1	3	118	2 2 2 2 2	36	442	2	78	774
1	4	134	2	38	460	2	80	784
1	5	148	2	40	474	2	82	792
1	6	162	2	42	492	2	84	800
1	7	178	2	44	510	2	86	810
4	8	188	2 2 2 2 2 2	46 48	532	2	88	818
1	9	198	2	48	552	2	90	838
1	10	212	2	50	570	2	92	850
1	11	226	2	52	588	2	94	858
1	12	240	2	54	606	2	96	868
2	14	264	2	58	624	2	98	878
2	16	286	2 2 2 2	5B	840	2	100	894
2	18	306	2	60	648	2	102	914
2	20	324	2	62	668	2	104	936
2	22	344	2	64	684	2 2 2 2	106	958
2	24	360	2	66	708	1	107	962
2	26	372	2 2 2	68	720		1,110,111	
2	28	386	2	70	738			



Start Depth 0.5

* Penetration range (mm)

m bgl

"From 24

Penetration 878 106

902

mm / blow

TRRL RN8

Log10 (CBR) = 2.48-1.057'Log10 (mm/blow)

Log10(CBR) = 1.509

CBR =

32.3

IGSL Field Records and Temps (F20)



Contract Client

Kilbride, Arklow

Aecom Contract No. 22153

Date:

06/12/2019

Test No. DCP05

mm

m bg

DCP Zero Reading

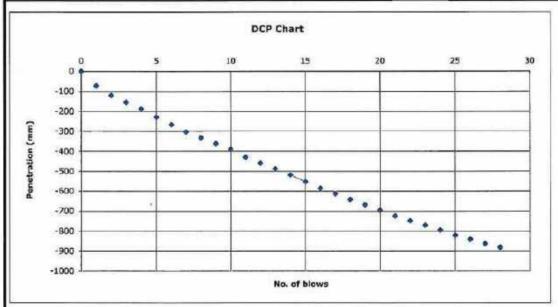
Start of Test at:

70 0.5

Block No:

Layer No:
Co ordinates: 724227.185 674915.48 25.272
Soil Description: Firm, orangey brown sandy CLAY. Rare, fine to coarse, rounded to sub-angular gravel.

No of Blows	Total Blows	Reading	No of Blows		Reading	No of Blows	Total Blows	Reading mm
1	0	70	1	21	794			
1	1	142	1	22	818		The state of the s	
1	2	190	1	23	840	1		
1	3	224	1	22 23 24 25 26 27 28	864			
1	4	258	21	25	890			
1	5	298	1	26	910			
1	5 6	336	1	27	932			
1	7	372	1	28	950			
1	8 9 10	402	- W		200000			
1	9	432			995			
1	10	460						
1	11	500						
1	12	530						
1	13	558	1			-1		
1	14	588			Mark Control			
1	15	622						
1	16	656						
1	17	682						
1	18	712						
1	19	738		l				
1	20	766						



Start Depth 0.5 m bgl

* Penetration range (mm) Blows

** From to 72 880 28

Penetration 808 27

mm / blow 30

TRRL RNB

Log10 (CBR) = 2.48-1.057*Log10 (mm/blow)

8.3

Log10(CBR) =

CBR =

PRICEINED: 23/05/2025

Appendix IV BRE Digest 365

/ · ,	The Control of the Co							F	EPORT N	UMBER	
U.	SSL/	RIAL PIT I	RECO	RD			P		22	153	
CON	ITRACT Kilbride	1745-1741 - 1745-1747 - 1745-1747 - 1745-1747 - 1745-1747 - 1745-1747 - 1745-1747 - 1745-1747 - 1745-1747 - 1					TRIAL I	IT NO.	SAC		•
LOG	GED BY V. Lowe	CO-ORDINAT	ES	724,08 674,60	34.99 E 07.52 N			TARTEQ	05/1:	et 1 of 1 2/2019 2/2019	
CLIE	ENT Lioncor	GROUND LEV	/EL (m)	13.64			EXCAV	ATION		cavator	
ENG	INEER Aecom		1	ı	<u> </u>		METHO	<u> </u>	~~	3	
								Samples		(Pa)	officier
	Geotechnical Description		Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Sample Ref	Туре	Depth	Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
0.0	Dark brown TOPSOIL (reworked)		27.77								
	Soft to firm brown mottled grey/orange sand CLAY with occasional cobbles up to 170mm subangular to rounded	y gravelly , gravel is		0.30	13.34		1				
1.0	End of Trial Pit at 0.90m		0_0	0.90	12.74						
2.0											
]			G	
			-								
3.0											

4.0											
Gro u Dam	undwater Conditions		,I	!	I.	L		<u> </u>	.1.	<u>l</u> i	<u> </u>
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Gen e Engi	eral Remarks ineer CAT scanned area for services					***************************************					

						,			REPORT N	IUMBER	
u.	T 5534	RIAL PIT R	ECO	RD			P		22	153	
CON	TRACT Kilbride						TRIAL	NO.	SA		.,
LOG	GED BY V. Lowe	CO-ORDINATE	S	724,14 674,68	49.91 E 35.57 N		DATE S		05/1	et 1 of 1 2/2019 2/2019	
CLIE	NT Lioncor	GROUND LEV	EL (m)	16.88			EXCAV	ATION	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	xcavator	
ENG	NEER Aecom				I		METHO	ט		25	l
***************************************								Sample	?\$	² a)	Defer
	Geotechnical Description		Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Sample Ref	Туре	Depth	Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetroneter (KPa)
0.0	Dark brown TOPSOIL		<u> 78 %</u>		ш		0711		-		
-	Firm brown sandy CLAY with rare subangula	ar to	<u> </u>	0.20	16.68					***************************************	
+	subrounded gravel Firm brown mottled grey/orange sandy slight CLAY, gravel is subangular to subrounded	lly gravelly		0.40	16.48						
}	CLAY, gravel is subangular to subrounded		<i>S</i>		***************************************						
-	End of Trial Pit at 0.90m			0.90	15.98						
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Dam											
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Gen	eral Remarks neer CAT scanned area for services		····								
-1191	Oodinioo died ioi selvices										
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	SSL T	RIAL PIT	RECO	RD			Ŷ,	manit — mineral de l'ancient de	22	153	
CON	ITRACT Kilbride			~~~~			TRIAL	IT NO.	SAC		
LOG	GED BY V. Lowe	CO-ORDINAT		724,06 674,8	32.45 E 10.62 N			TARTEO OMPLET	05/1:	et 1 of 1 2/2019 2/2019	
CLIE	INT Lioncor	GROUND LE	VEL (m)	23.16			EXCAV/ METHO	ATION D	816	cavator	
								Samples		200	eter
-	Geotechnical Description		Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Sample Ref	Туре	Depth	Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrofieter (KPa)
0.0	Dark brown TOPSOIL		77.77			8	ώα	<u> </u>	ă	*	ΞE
1	Firm brown sandy CLAY with rare subangula subrounded gravel	ar to		0.20	22.96 22.76						
- - - - -	Firm brown mottled grey/orange sandy CLA' subangular to subrounded gravel	Y with rare		0.40							
1.0	Firm brown/grey sandy CLAY			1.00	22.16					***************************************	
- -	Firm brown mottled grey/orange sandy CLA' subangular to subrounded gravel	Y with rare		1.30	21.86						
-	End of Trial Pit at 1.50m			1.50	21.66						
-								-		***************************************	
2.0											
-											
3,0											
-											
4.0											
المسلسا											
-			-								
Grou Dam	andwater Conditions				.		1	I	<u> </u>	1	
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Stab Stab Stab Engi	eral Remarks neer CAT scanned area for services					**************************************					
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CONTRACT	Kilbride						TRIAL I	IT NO.	SAC		
LOGGED BY	V. Lowe	CO-ORDINATE	ES	724,32 674,56	5.49 E 2.51 N		DATE ST			et 1 of 1 2/2019 2/2019	
LIENT	Lioncor	GROUND LEV	EL (m)	9.37			EXCAVA METHO	ATION		cavator	
NGINEER	Aecom		1			**************************************	METRO) <u>,</u>	
				:				Sample	es	(a)	eler
	Geotechnical Description				_	rike				st (KP	netr©
termed from declarate physical program.			Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Sample Ref	Type	Depth	Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetremeter
^{,0} Dark b	rown TOPSOIL		7 F 77		ш	حـ	0,00				
Firm b	rown sandy CLAY with occasional su inded gravel	bangular to	14_31/4_31 	0.20	9.17						
Loose	to medium dense brown silty very gra is subangular to rounded	avelly SAND,	— °— XD X	0.45	8.92						
graver	is subangular to rounded		x								
.0			X X								
	·		×	1.30	8.07						
Firm to boulde subrou	o stiff brown/grey sandy CLAY with ra rs, boulders are up to 300mm and sunded	re gravel and ubangular to		1.50	7.87						
	Trial Pit at 1.50m										
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.o											
						}					
	Conditions		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>]			1	<u> </u>
eepage at 1	.40m										
tability											
table											
Seneral Rem	arks T scanned area for services										
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J.S	15L		T	RIAL PIT I	RECO	RD			PA		22	153	
CON	TRACT	Kilbride						***************************************	TRIAL	NO.	SA		
_og	GED BY	V. Lowe		CO-ORDINAT	ES	724,23 674,45	38.20 E 54.64 N			TARTE		et 1 of 1 2/2019 2/2019	····
LIE	NT	Lioncor		GROUND LEV	VEL (m)	6.59			EXCAV	ATION		xcavator	
	NEER	Aecom					,	1	METHO	D	0	2	
										Sample	s 	Pa) (	) Heter
		Geotechnical Desc	cription		Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Sample Ref	Type	Depth	Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetroheter (KPa)
0.6	Dark bro	own TOPSOIL			12 31 X								
	very gra	o medium dense brown/grey velly SAND with occasional s up to 280mm, gravel and o	l cobbles	and rare	0 X	0.20	6.39				Section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the sectio		
	Firm to I	ular to rounded locally soft brown mottled gr	rey/orang	e sandy very	==	0.60	5.99						
0		CLAY, gravel is subangular Frial Pit at 0.90m	r to round	ed		0.90	5.69						
										Andrewsky and the second second second second second second second second second second second second second se			
2.0									And a minima de de mande de mande de de mande de de mande de de mande de de mande de de mande de de mande de d		eren en en eren en en en en en en en en en en en en e		
									**************************************		4		
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4.0										**************************************			
				<b>X</b> .4									
	ndwater ( age at 1.	Conditions 50m											
Stabi Sidev	lity vall collap	ose below 0.15m											<u> </u>
Gene Engir	ral Rema neer CAT	rks scanned area for services				***************************************		<u>.                                    </u>			e de combonida de como e como e como e como e como e como e como e como e como e como e como e como e como e c		
***													

U.S	13IL			TRIAL PIT	RECO	RD			PA	K	EPORT N 22	имвек 153	
CON	TRACT	Kilbride		***************************************					TRIAL	IT NO.	SAC		
LOGO	GED BY	V. Lowe		CO-ORDINA	TES		10.79 E 17.93 N			TARTEO OMPLETE	05/1:	2/2019 2/2019	
CLIEI	NT NEER	Lioncor Aecom		GROUND LE	EVEL (m)	5.47			EXCAV/ METHO	ATION D	8t Ex	cavator	
		,								Samples		50	eter
		Geotech	nical Descriptio	n	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Sample Ref	Type	Depth	Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetropeter
0.0		wn TOPSOIL			27.27	1	5.27		, -, -	<u> </u>			
	Firm gre gravel	y sandy SILT wit	h rare subangu	ar to subrounded	×××								
	Loose to gravelly	medium dense SAND, gravel is	reddish brown s subangular to r	slightly silty ounded	a	0.50	4.97						
1.0	Firm bro	wn mottled grey/ ith rare gravel ar	orange very cla	yey gravelly		1.10	4.37						
	_150mm :	and subangular t	o subrounded		9	1.40	4.07						
١	\150mm	wn mottled grey/ th rare gravel an and subangular t rial Pit at 1.50m	orange very sa d cobbles, cobl to subrounded	ndy gravelly pless are up to		1.50	3.97						
2.0													
3.0													
4.0													
	arhamato - C	ondistan	MANOR LALA.	- A Proper									
Seepa	age at 0.8	onditions 0m & Slow flow	at 1.40m				~~~~						
<b>Stabil</b> Slight		e below 1.00m											
	ral Remai eer CAT :	ks scanned area for	services			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							

	way L	esign f-v	alue from	n field tes	sts 🔥	IGSL
ontract:		rklow, Co. Wicklow				A N. 22152
	SA2	note national particles.				act No. 22153
ngineer .	Aecom					\\/_
Date:	05.12.20	19				
ummary of	f ground c	onditions				<b>`O</b> .
from	to	Descri	ption			Groupe water
0.00	0.30	Dark brown TOPSOIL				0/0
0.30	0.90	Soft to firm brown m				asional Damp
		cobbles up to 170m	m, gravel is subai	ngular to rounde	d	~
						asional Damp
ield Data			Field Test			
icid Data			riciu rest			
Depth to	Elapsed	1	Depth of	Pit (D)	0.90	m
Water	Time		Width of I		0.40	m
(m)	(min)		Length of		1.40	m
	- GHOWARK		AIR MILE CONTINUE	MANUEL C.		
0.470	0.00		Initial dep	th to Water =	0.47	m
0.470	1.00			h to water =	0.47	m
0.470	2.00	]		me (mins)=	60.00	
0.470	3.00					
0.470	4.00		Top of pe	rmeable soil		m
0.470	5.00	1	Base of pe	ermeable soil		m
0.470	6.00					
0.470	7.00					
0.470	8.00	]				
0.470	9.00	]		-		
0.470	10.00	-	Base area		0.56	m2
0.470	12.00	*Av. side area of per				m2
0.470	14.00		Total Exp	osed area =	2.108	m2
0.470	16.00	-				
0.470	18.00	4				
0.470	20.00	4				
0.470	25.00	4				
0.470	30.00 60.00	Infiltration rate (f) =	Valume a	fumtor upod /up	it avenued area	/ conit bines
0.470	60.00	Immicración race (1) =	volume o	water used/un	it exposed area	/ unit time
		f=	0 m/min	or		0 m/sec
			O 1111 111111	O.		0 1117 300
		Depth of w	vater vs Elapsed	Time (mins)		
	70.00	100 Mar 2014 A. C.	TANTAN ITA LIMBAN MITA CASA.			
	70.00					
ins)						
me(m	40.00					
d T	30.00					
lapsed Time(mins)	20.00					<u>:</u>
417	10.00					<u>i</u>
	10.00					ž
		100				I .
	0.00	000 0.100	0.200	0.300	0.400	0.500

	way L	Design f -value from field tests		IGS
Contract:		rklow, Co. Wicklow	Contract N	lo. 22153
est No.	SA3	and the committee of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contr	(C)	10. 22153
ngineer	Aecom			7/_
	05.12.20			
Summary o	of ground o	onditions		
from	to	Description		Grou <del>ge</del> water
0.00	0.20	Dark brown TOPSOIL		
0.20	0.40	Firm brown sandy CLAY with rare subangular to subrounded	ed gravel	Damp
0.40	0.90	Firm brown mottled grey/orange sandy slightly gravelly Cl	LAY, gravel is	2
		subangular to subrounded		Damo
Field Data		Field Test		
ielu Data		rielo Tesc		
Depth to	Elapsed	Depth of Pit (D)	0.90	m
Water	Time	Width of Pit (B)	0.40	m
(m)	(min)	Length of Pit (L)	1.40	m m
1930000	XXXX TITOLOGY		100.00	
0.550	0.00	Initial depth to Water =	0.55	m
0.550	1.00	Final depth to water =	0.55	m
0.550	2.00	Elapsed time (mins)=	60.00	
0.550	3.00			
0.550	4.00	Top of permeable soil		m
0.550	5.00	Base of permeable soil		m
0.550	6.00			-10
0.550	7.00	**Water level rose 30mm in 30mins		
0.550	8.00			
0.550	9.00	]		
0.550	10.00	Base area=	0.56	m2
0.550	12.00	*Av. side area of permeable stratum over test period	1.26	m2
	14.00	Total Exposed area =	1.82	m2
0.550	14.00			
0.550	16.00			
0.550 0.550	16.00 18.00			
0.550 0.550 0.550	16.00 18.00 20.00			
0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550	16.00 18.00 20.00 25.00			
0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550	16.00 18.00 20.00 25.00 30.00			
0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550	16.00 18.00 20.00 25.00	Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit ex	kposed area / uni	t time
0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550	16.00 18.00 20.00 25.00 30.00	Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit ex	xposed area / uni	700
0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550	16.00 18.00 20.00 25.00 30.00		kposed area / uni	t time 0 m/sec
0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550	16.00 18.00 20.00 25.00 30.00	Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit ex	kposed area / uni	700
0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550	16.00 18.00 20.00 25.00 30.00	Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit ex	kposed area / uni	700
0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550	16.00 18.00 20.00 25.00 30.00	Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit ex	kposed area / uni	700
0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550	16.00 18.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 60.00	Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit ex	kposed area / uni	700
0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550	16.00 18.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 60.00	Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit ex	kposed area / uni	700
0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550	16.00 18.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 60.00	Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit ex	kposed area / uni	700
0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550	16.00 18.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 60.00	Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit ex	kposed area / uni	200
0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550	16.00 18.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 60.00	Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit ex	kposed area / uni	200
0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550	16.00 18.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 60.00	Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit ex	kposed area / uni	200
0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550	16.00 18.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 60.00	Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit ex	kposed area / uni	200
0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550	16.00 18.00 20.00 25.00 30.00 60.00	Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit ex	kposed area / uni	
0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550	70.00 60.00 70.00 30.00 60.00 25.00 30.00 60.00 30.00 20.00	Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit ex	kposed area / uni	
0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550 0.550	70.00 60.00 70.00 30.00 60.00 70.00 60.00 10.00	Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit ex	****	

	way D		· ·	IGSI
est No.	Kilbride, A SA4 Aecom	rklow, Co. Wicklow	Contract	No. 22153
late:	05.12.20	9		
ummary o	of ground c	onditions		
from	to	Description		Groupe water
0.00	0.20	Dark brown TOPSOIL		
0.20	0.40	Firm brown sandy CLAY with rare subangular to subrounded		Damp
0.40	1.50	Firm brown mottled grey/orange sandy CLAY with rare grav	vel	Damp
ield Data		Field Test		
Depth to	Elapsed	Depth of Pit (D)	1.50	m
Water	Time	Width of Pit (B)	0.40	m m
(m)	(min)	Length of Pit (L)	1.50	
WHILE	200000000	Larger of the (L)	1100	—'''
0.540	0.00	Initial depth to Water =	0.54	m
0.540	1.00	Final depth to water =	0.54	m m
0.540	2.00	Elapsed time (mins)=	60.00	
0.540	3.00	Liopasti (interpress)	00.00	<del></del>
0.540	4.00	Top of permeable soil		m
0.540	5.00	Base of permeable soil		m
0.540	6.00	bade of permaners are		
0.540	7.00	**Water level rose 20mm in 30mins		
0.540	8.00	11363 15161 1555 2511111 11 5511111		
0.540	9.00	1		
0.540	10.00	Base area=	0.6	m2
0.540	12.00	*Av. side area of permeable stratum over test period	3.648	m2
0.540	14.00	Total Exposed area =	4.248	m2
0.540	16.00		U.T. L.T.	
0.540	18.00			
0.540	20.00			
0.540	25.00			
0.540	30.00			
0.540	60.00	Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit exp	osed area / un	it time
		f= 0 m/min or		0 m/sec
	70.00	Depth of water vs Elapsed Time (mins)		
	60.00			
, aire	50.00			
sime Time	40.00			-
- Food	30.00		:	-
<u> </u>			1	
	10.00		•	†
	0.00	000 0.100 0.200 0.300 0.400	0.500 0	.d .600

### f -value from field tests Soakaway Design IGSL Contract: Kilbride, Arklow, Co. Wicklow Contract No. 22153 Test No. Engineer Aecom Date: 05.12.2019 Summary of ground conditions to Description 0.00 0.20 Dark brown TOPSOIL Seepage at 0.20 0.45 Firm brown sandy CLAY with occasional subangular to subrounded gravel 1.400 0.45 1.30 Loose to medium dense brown silty very gravelly SAND 1.30 1.50 Firm to stiff brown/grey sandy CLAY with rare gravel and boulders up to 30cm Field Data Field Test Depth to Depth of Pit (D) 1.50 Elapsed m Water Time Width of Pit (B) 0.40 m (m) (mim) Length of Pit (L) 1.30 m 1.240 0.00 Initial depth to Water = 1.24 m 1.00 1.240 Final depth to water = 1.24 60.00 1.240 2.00 Elapsed time (mins)= 1.240 3.00 1.240 4.00 Top of permeable soil m 1.240 5.00 Base of permeable soil 1.240 6.00 1.240 7.00 **Water level rose 30mm in 30mins 1.240 8.00 1.240 9.00 1.240 10.00 0.52 Base area= m2 1.240 12.00 *Av. side area of permeable stratum over test period 0.884 m2 1.240 14.00 Total Exposed area = 1.404 m2 1.240 16.00 1.240 18.00 1.240 20.00 25.00 1.240 1.240 30.00 1.240 60.00 Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit exposed area / unit time f= 0 m/min 0 m/sec or Depth of water vs Elapsed Time (mins) 70.00 60.00 50.00 40.00 30.00 20.00 10.00 0.00 0.600 0.000 0.200 0.400 0.800 1.000 1.200 1.400 Depth to Water (m)

### Soakaway Design f -value from field tests IGSL Contract: Kilbride, Arklow, Co. Wicklow Contract No. 22153 Test No. SA7 Engineer Aecom Date: 05.12.2019 Summary of ground conditions Description 0.00 0.20 Dark brown TOPSOIL Seepage at 0.60 0.20 Brown/greyish brown slightly silty very gravelly SAND with occasional cobbles 1.50m in adjacent 0.60 0.90 Firm to locally soft brown mottled grey/orange sandy very gravelly CLAY TP07 Field Data Field Test Depth to Elapsed Depth of Pit (D) 0.90 m Water Time Width of Pit (B) 0.40 m Length of Pit (L) (m) (min) 1.30 m 0.560 0.00 Initial depth to Water = 0.56 m 0.560 1.00 Final depth to water = 0.56 m 0.560 2.00 Elapsed time (mins)= 60.00 0.560 3.00 0.560 4.00 Top of permeable soil m 0.560 5.00 Base of permeable soil m 0.560 6.00 7.00 0.560 **Water level rose 20mm in 30mins 0.560 8.00 0.560 9.00 0.560 10.00 Base area= 0.52 m2 0.560 12.00 *Av. side area of permeable stratum over test period 1.156 m2 0.560 14.00 Total Exposed area = 1.676 m2 0.560 16.00 0.560 18.00 0.560 20.00 0.560 25.00 0.560 30.00 0.560 60.00 Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit exposed area / unit time 0 m/min 0 m/sec f= or Depth of water vs Elapsed Time (mins) 70.00 60.00 Elapsed Time (mins) 50.00 40.00 30.00 20.00 10.00 0.00 0.000 0.100 0.200 0.300 0.400 0.500 0.600 Depth to Water (m)

### f -value from field tests Soakaway Design **IGSL** Contract: Kilbride, Arklow, Co. Wicklow Contract No. 22153 Test No. Engineer Aecom Date: 05.12.2019 Summary of ground conditions Description 0.00 0.50 Dark brown TOPSOIL and subsoil Seepage at 0.50 0.80m and slow 1.10 Loose to medium dense reddish brown slightly silty gravelly SAND 1.10 1.40 Firm very clayey gravelly SAND with rare gravel and cobbles up to 150mm flow at 1.40m 1.40 1.50 Firm very sandy gravelly CLAY with rare gravel and cobbles Field Data Field Test Depth to Elapsed Depth of Pit (D) 1.50 m Water Time Width of Pit (B) 0.40 m (min) Length of Pit (L) (m) 1.40 m 1.110 0.00 Initial depth to Water = 1.11 m 1.110 1.00 Final depth to water = 1.11 m 1.110 2.00 Elapsed time (mins)= 60.00 1.110 3.00 1.110 4.00 Top of permeable soil m 1.110 5.00 Base of permeable soil m 1.110 6.00 **Water level rose 100mm in 30mins 1.110 7.00 1.110 8.00 9.00 1.110 1.110 10.00 Base area= 0.56 m2 1.404 1.110 12.00 *Av. side area of permeable stratum over test period m2 1.110 14.00 Total Exposed area = 1.964 m2 16.00 1.110 1.110 18.00 1.110 20.00 25.00 1.110 1.110 30.00 1.110 60.00 Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit exposed area / unit time f= 0 m/min 0 m/sec or Depth of water vs Elapsed Time (mins) 70.00 60.00 Elapsed Time(mins) 50.00 40.00 30.00 20.00 10.00 0.00 0.000 0.200 0.400 0.600 0.800 1.000 1.200 Depth to Water (m)

PRICEINED: 23/05/2025

Appendix V Water and Gas Levels

		Gas & Gi	roundwat	er Monito	rizin	
Site Location	Kilbride, Arklow		Canana	01 111011110		1
Project No.		, OO. VIICKIOV				
	Lioncor					\IGSL/
Data	16-Jan-20					1.td.
Engineer	<del></del>					2
Engineer	Geotech GA50	nn				.00
Equipment		State Readings				3
Location ID				3H02		<b>5</b> 05
Time (sec)	30	60	90	120	180	Peak
Water Level (mbgl)	1.12				100	1001
Gas Flow (I/hr)	0	T 0	0	0	0	0
CH4 (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
CO2 (%)	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4
O2 (%)	20.9	21.0	20.9	20.9	20.8	21
CO (ppm)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
H2S (ppm)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Balance (%)	78.7	78.7	78.8	78.7	78.9	78.6
Barometric Pressure (mbar)	1001					
Weather/Temp.	Dry /6 degrees					
Location ID			Ε	3H03		
Time (sec)	30	60	90	120	180	Peak
Water Level (mbgl)	1.45	-				
Gas Flow (I/hr)	0	0.1	0.1	0,1	0.1	0.1
CH4 (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
CO2 (%)	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9	0.9
O2 (%)	19.5	19.3	18.8	16.6	16.2	19.5
CO (ppm)	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0	1
H2S (ppm)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0
Balance (%)	79.2	79.4	80.7	82.7	82.7	78.6
Barometric Pressure (mbar)	1002					
Weather/Temp.	Dry / 6 degrees	,				
Location ID				3H05		
Time (sec)	30	60	90	120	180	Peak
Water Level (mbgl)	5,22		T			
Gas Flow (I/hr)	0	0	0	0	0	0
CH4 (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
CO2 (%)	0,3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
O2 (%)	19.6	19.8	20.3	19.8	20	20.3
CO (ppm)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
H2S (ppm)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Balance (%)	80.1	79.9	79.4	79.9	79.7	80.1
Barometric Pressure (mbar)	1000				********	
Weather/Temp.	Dry / 6 degrees			······································		
Comments						

	Gas & Gi	roundwate	er Monito	ring.	
Kilbride, Arklov					1/512
22153					
					I GSL
	·······				7,2
Geotech GA50	00	······································			0,
					2
		3	H02		
30	60	90	120	180	Peak
0.67					
0	0	0	0	0	0
0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0
				0.3	0.3
<del></del>	1	1			21
	1			0.0	0
					0
	1				78.8
	<u> </u>			, , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
		8	H03		
30	60	90	120	180	Peak
	0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
					0
					1.2
					19.3
					1
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					Ö
					84.4
	1 00.0	01.3	00.0	04.4	1 04.4
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		8	H05		
30	60	1		180	Peak
	1		120	100	1 Can
	1 0	0	0	n	0
		T			1 0
					0.5
	7				21.1
					0
	1			[	0
					78.8
	1 (0.0	10.1	/0./	10.0	10.8
	22153 Lioncor 14-Feb-20 V.Lowe Geotech GA50 Peak / Steady 30 0.67	Lioncor  14-Feb-20  V.Lowe  Geotech GA5000  Peak / Steady State Readings  30 60  0.67  0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 78.7 78.7  1005  Rain; 8°c  30 60  1.1  0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0.1 11 0 0 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	22153 Lioncor 14-Feb-20 V/Lowe Geotech GA50UD Peak / Steady State Readings	22153 Lioncor 14-Feb-20 VLowe Geotech GA5000  Peak / Steady State Readings	22153 Lioncor 14-Feb-20 VLowe  Geotech GA5000  Peak / Steady State Readings

PRICEINED: 23/05/2025

### Appendix VI Laboratory

a. Geotechnical

Ттр: Pl.II Rev 02/10

R108699.PIBH

) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) (	<b>V</b> NAB	TESTING DETAULED (N. SCOPE NGO NO. 1331					velly, CLAY	LAY	velly, CLAY		relly, CLAY		АҰ			velly, CLAY	reliy, CLAY			1	5	- T	`_\	onth,		1 of 1	
	hannal value	NEW SEEK	clow			Description	Brown slightly sandy, slightly gravelly, CLAY	Brown slightly sandy, gravelly, CLAY	Brown slightly sandy, slightly gravelly, CLAY	Brown sandy gravelly CLAY	Brown slightly sandy, slightly gravelly, CLAY	Brown sandy gravelly CLAY	Brown slightly sandy, gravelly, CLAY	Brown sandy gravelly CLAY	Brown sandy gravelly CLAY	Brown slightly sandy, slightly gravelly, CLAY	Brown slightly sandy, slightly gravelly, CLAY				Results apply to the sample as received.	ublication of ISO17892-1:20	, L	Any remaining material will be retained for one month.	Date Page	04/02/20 CO	
		83	t , Co.Wic			Classification (BS5930)	- - 5	CL	CI	- ၁	- - -	CI	CI	CI	CL	l O	10					dard due to p	of accreditation	aining mate			
	c Limits	.3, 4.4 & 5	velopmen			Liquid Limit Clause	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4					ıdrawn" starı	the scope c	ed. Any rem	X	中部分學	
	s & Plasti	ses 3.2*, 4	Kilbride Development , Co.Wicklow			Preparation Liquid Limit Clause	SM	SM	MS	WS	MS	SM	MS	SM	SM	SM	MS				le as received	377 is a "with	ns are outside	ecimens test	Approved by	四字	
ort	nt, Liquic	1990, clau				% <425µm	82	56	63	99	62	90	73	55	66	63	81				to the sampl	se 3.2 of BS1	interpretation	late to the sp	~1		
Test Report	nination of Moisture Content, Liquid & Plastic Limits	ccordance with BS1377:Part 2:1990, clauses 3.2*, 4.3, 4.4 & 5.3	Contract Name:			Plasticity Index	20	19	24	21	56	22	21	25	20	19	20			Remarks:	Results apply	VOTE: "Claus	Opinions and	The results relate to the specimens tested.		lanager)	
1	of Moistu	with BS1				Plastic Limit %	16	16	18	18	19	16	21	22	15	17	17					<del></del> -			re reports	Bvrne (Laboratory Manager)	
	mination	accordance	22153		16/01/20	Liquid Limit %	36	35	42	39	45	38	42	47	35	36	37		•	B - Bulk Disturbed	U - Undisturbed				ized to approv	H Bvrne (La	
	Determ	Tested in a			eq:	Moisture Content %	20	18	16	16	17	23	16	17	25	13	19			Sample Type: B					Persons authorized to approve reports		
			Contract No.		Date Tested:	Sample Type (	В	В	В	В	В	В	8	В	8	8	В			_O			method	method	Δ.	#*************************************	
					07/01/20	Lab. Ref	A20/0107	A20/0109	A20/0110	A20/0111	A20/0112	A20/0113	A20/0114	A20/0115	A20/0117	A20/0119	A20/0120						neter definitive	neter one point	-	ooratory	
			R108699	Aecom		epth (m)	5.0	4.0	7.0	2.0	4.0	1.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	2.0	5.0		**********	WS · Wet sieved	AR - As received	NP - Non plastic	4.3 Cone Penetrometer definitive method	4.4 Cone Penetrometer one point method		ıdsL Ltd Materiais Laboratory	
ratory	siness Park		Report No.	Customer A	Samples Received:	Sample No. Depth (m)	AA121850	AA126820	AA126823	AA128844	AA128846	AA126833	AA126836	AA126838	AA121839	AA126807	AA126810			Preparation: W	₹		iii.	Clause: 4.		il Ltd Ma	
IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory	Unit J5, M7 Business Park Newhall, Naas	Co. Kildare 045 846176	<u>.</u>	•	<b>5</b> ,	BH/TP 8	BH01	BH02		BH03	BH03	BH04	BH04	BH04	BH05	BH06	BH06			 Notes: P			J ¹	ن	Š	3	

Tmp: Pl.II Rev 02/10

	IVNAB	TEXENO SEARCE PED NO. 1921					velly CLAY	thlly gravelly, CLAY	velly CLAY	ΑΥ	velly CLAY	AY	ihtly gravelly, CŁAY	velly CLAY	intly gravelly, CLAY	АУ	veily CLAY			イ	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	12-1:2014	Conservation the	Page	1 of 1	
			klow			Description	Mottled brown sandy gravelly CLAY	Brown slightly sandy, slightly gravelly, CLAY	Mottled brown sandy gravelly CLAY	Brown sandy gravelly CLAY	Motified brown sandy gravelly CLAY	Brown sandy gravelly CLAY	Brown slightly sandy, slightly gravelly, CLAY	Mottled brown sandy gravelly CLAY	Brown slightly sandy, slightly gravelly, CLAY	Brown sandy gravelly CLAY	Mottled brown sandy gravetly CLAY				Results apply to the sample as received.	publication of ISO1789	Opinions and interpretations are outside the scope of accreditation.  The results relate to the snerimens tested. Any remaining material will be retained for one month.	Date	Ô	5 O
		5.3	, Co.Wic			Classification (BS5930)	CL	0.1	10	- - -	CL	- 0	- - 0	-0	CL	CL	CI					ard due to	f accreditati aining mafe	6		
	c Limits	.3, 4.4 & 5.	velopment			Liquid Limit Clause	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4					drawn" stand	the scope of	<u> </u>	,	
	l & Plasti	ses 3.2*, 4	Kilbride Development , Co.Wicklow			Preparation	WS	MS	MS	SM	SM	MS	SM	SM	WS	WS	ws				e as received	3//isawith	is are outside ecimens test	Approved by		
ort	nt, Liquic	1990, clau				% <425µm	53	64	89	71	64	62	61	93	65	99	59				to the sampl	e 3.2 of BS1	interpretation	1	<b>i.</b>	
Test Report	ination of Moisture Content, Liquid & Plastic Limits	cordance with BS1377:Part 2:1990, clauses 3.2*, 4.3, 4.4 &	Contract Name:			Plasticity Index	18	23	23	23	16	29	23	27	18	17	19			Remarks:	Results apply	CIE: Claus	Jointons and The results re		4	anager)
<b>—</b>	of Moistu	with BS13				Plastic Limit %	17	22	16	21	15	15	21	15	17	15	20						×	1	, :	Byrne (Laboratory Manager)
	mination		22153		16/01/20	Liquíd Limit %	35	45	39	44	31	44	44	42	35	32	39			3 - Bulk Disturbed	U - Undisturbed			zed to approv	: 5	H Byrne (La
	Determi	Tested in a				Moisture Content %	21	17	17	17	17	22	16	24	13	14	16			Sample Type: B -	_			Persons authorized to approve reports	•	<u> </u>
			Contract No.		Date Tested:	Sample Type	В	В	В	В	В	B	В	8	В	В	В	 		,		3	method		********	
					07/01/20	Lab. Ref	A20/0122	A20/0123	A20/0124	A20/0125	A20/0126	A20/0128	A20/0129	A20/0130	A20/0131	A10/0133	A20/0134					1	neter definitive		ooratory	
			R108700	Aecom	sived:	epth (m)	1.0	3.0	1.0	2.5	0.9	9.0	3.0	1.0	3.0	2.0	1.0			WS - Wet sieved	AR - As received	NP - Non piastic	4.3 Cone Penetrometer definitive method 4.4 Cone Penetrometer one point method		terials Lal	
ratory	siness Park		Report No.	Customer A	Samples Received:	Sample No. Depth (m)	AA128551	AA128553	AA128536/7	AA128540	AA128525	AA128542/3	AA128524	AA128519	AA128521	AA128529	AA128535			Preparation: W	∢ :		Liquid Limit 4.		IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory	
IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory	Unit J5, M7 Business Park Newhall, Naas	Co. Kildare 045 846176	<u></u>		<u></u>	BH/TP	TP01	TP01	TP02			TP04	TP04	TP05	TP05	TP06	TP07			Notes: P		•			<u> </u>	

R108700.PITP

### Determination of Particle Size Distribution Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990 , clause 9.2 & 9.5 (note: Sedimentation stage not accredited) TEST REPORT



				(		
particle	%		Contract No:	22153 Report No.	R108843	
size	passing		Contract:	Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow	Wicklow	
75	100	CORRI FS	BH/TP:	TP01		
63	100		Sample No.	AA128553 Lab. Sample No.	: No. A20/122	
20	100		Sample Type:	8		
37.5	100		Depth (m)	2.90 Customer:	Aecom	
28	66		Date Received	07/01/2020 Date Testing started	g started 15/01/2020	
20	97		Description:	Brown slightly sandy, slightly gravelly, CLAY	tly gravelly, CLAY	
14	96	GRAVEL	,			
10	93	] 	Remarks	Note: Chase 9.2 and Chase 9.5 of 881377 Part 2:1990 have been	Hare Chase 9.2 and Chase 9.5 of IRS1377 Part 2:1990 have been soperfeed by 15017892-4-2016 . Peralis spapt to semple as recoved.	
6.3	87				S2 8 9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ις	82		( (		5.0 .≱.0 .b.0	2 3 5 5 7 1 1 2 2 8 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
3.35	62		202			
2	72		06			
1.18	29		08			
9.0	63		2 %) f			
0.425	61	SAND	09 Suiss			
0.3	09		S base			
0.15	28					
0.063	57					
0.037	51					
0.026	49		- 50			
0.017	43	VA 17/T IIS	0			
0.010	34		0			
0.007	28		0.0001	0.001 0.01	0.1	100
0.005	22			CLAY SILT	Sieve size (mm) SAND	GRAVEL 1
0.002	13				тер деробия желерден үчү байлан желерден желерден желерден желерден желерден желерден желерден желерден желерд	00
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Approved by:	Date: C Page no:
		163L L1	lost Ltd Materials Laboral	atory	44 Eyer	04/02//20 1 of 1
				Persons auth	Persons authorised to approve report: JBarrett (C	J Barrett (Quality Mahager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

## TEST REPORT Determination of Particle Size Distribution



particle	%			Contract No:	22153 Repor	Report No. R108844			
size	passing		=	Contract:	Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow	nt , Co.Wicklow			
7.5	100	CORRIEC		BH/TP:	TP02				
63	100	CORRECT		Sample No.	AA128540 Lab. 8	Lab. Sample No.	A20/125		
50	94			Sample Type:	B				
37.5	94			Depth (m)	2.50 Custo	Customer: Aecom			
28	94			Date Received	07/01/2020 Date Testing started	Testing started	16/01/2020		
20	06			Description:	Brown slightly sandy	Brown slightly sandy, slightly gravelly, CLAY			
4	88	GRAVE							
10	98			Remarks	Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9.5 of 851 377: Part 2	Nore, Charso 9.2 and Charso 9.5 of 851 377 Part 2:1990 have been superveded by 1501 7892 4:2016. Results apply to sample as received.	apply to sample as received.		
6.3	82						SZ	8	\$
Ŋ	81		(			0		3.5 8.5 9.1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	52 20 20 25 25 25
3.35	78		<u>00</u>						
~	75		06						
1.18	72		80						
9.0	68		2 %) E						
0.425	99	SAND	oinies 9						
0.3	63		ed (						
0.15	28								
0.063	54								
0.039	48								
0.028	43		50						Ŷ,
0.018	37	AV IJ/L IIS	0						
0.010	32	2777	0						
0.007	59		··o	0.0001 0.0	0.001 0.01	0.1	<del></del>	10	100
0.005	56				CLAY	SILT Sieve size (mm) SAND	SAND	GRAVEL	^
0.002	17							00	
		1001		-		Approved by:		Date:	Page no:
		IGSL L1	td Mate	IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory	ory	4 Bycan		04/02/20	1 of 1
					Pers	Persons authorised to approve report:		J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)	aboratory Manager)

### Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990, clause 9.2 & 9.5 (note: Sedimentation stage not accredited) Determination of Particle Size Distribution TEST REPORT

			?:. <b>,</b>		פנפאפ ווסר שנים בתונפת/	(cen)		C C TON 938 Zerrye av	
particle	%			Contract No:	22153	Report No.	R108914		
size	passing			Contract:	Kilbride De	Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow	cklow		
7.5	100	CORRIES		BH/TP:	TP03				
63	100			Sample No.	AA128527	7 Lab. Sample No.	o. A20/127		
20	100			Sample Type:	Ω.				
37.5	100			Depth (m)	3.00	Customer:	Aecom		
58	100			Date Received	07/01/20	07/01/2020 Date Testing started	tarted 16/01/2020	120	
20	100			Description:	Brown ver	Brown very sandy, slightly gravelly, SILT/CLAY	avelly, SILT/CLAY		
4	100	(BVVE)							
9	66	1114		Remarks	Note: Glause 9.2, and Clau	10 9.5 of 651 377 Part 2:1990 have been super	Nete: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9.5 of 851377 April 2:1990 have been superrepied by (5017892-42016 . Results sopy to sample as recoved.		
6.3	98						S 2 8	S	ς.
Ŋ	26						90.0 1.0 E.0 S.Þ.0 3.⊾.0	2.3 3.3 5.6 10 10 10 10 10	28 20 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50
3.35	96		100						
7	93		06						
1.18	90		80						
9.0	82		2 %)f						A-10-10-1
0.425	22	SAND	gnie:						
0.3	89		Sed :						
0.15	35								
0.063	24		ueo.						
			07						
		SILT/CLAY	2 C						
			o	0.0001	0.001	0.01	0.1	10	100
					CLAY	S/LT Si	Sieve size (mm) SAND	GRAVEL CL	
							Approved by:	Date:	Page no:
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						Persons author	Persons authorised to approve report: J Barrel	J Barrett (Quality Mahager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)	Laboratory Manager)

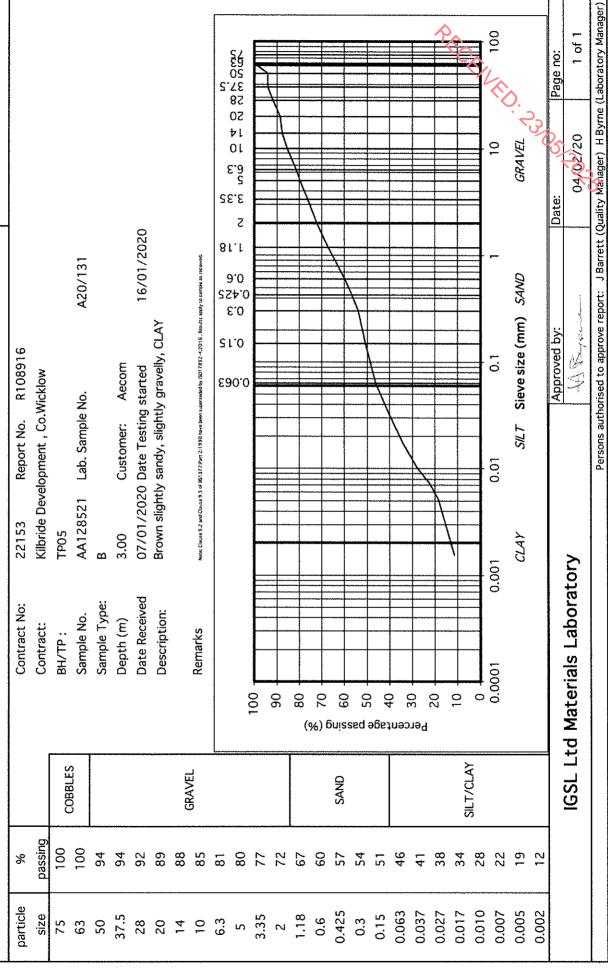
## TEST REPORT Determination of Particle Size Distribution



			12117	(יוסנפ: ספמווופוונמנוטון פנמאפ יוטר מככן פתונפת)	מאפ ווחר שכהו בתור	(ac)			est ON Bill Mere In	4
particle	%			Contract No:	22153	Report No.	R108915			
size	passing			Contract:	Kilbride Dev	Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow	icklow			
7.5	100	CORRIES		BH/TP:	TP04					
63	100			Sample No.	AA128524	Lab. Sample No.		A20/129		
50	100			Sample Type:	89					
37.5	100			Depth (m)	3.00	Customer:	Aecom			
28	98			Date Received	07/01/202	07/01/2020 Date Testing started	started	16/01/2020		
20	93			Description:	Brown slight	Brown slightly sandy, slightly gravelly, CLAY	gravelly, CLAY			
4	90	GRAVE								
9	98	<u> </u>		Remarks	Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9	.5 of IS3 377:Part 2:1990 have been sug	More: Classa 9.2 and Classo 9.5 of 851372 Pert 2:1950 have been superteded by iSD17692-4-2016, Annote apply to sample as received	ody to sarple as received.		
6.3	81						SI	SZ	8	5.
Ŋ	62						0		2.5 5.5 10 14 2.6 2.6 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5	82 82 85 85 85 85 85
3.35	74		200							
2	69		<u>6</u>							
2.18	65		80							
9.0	09		2 %) 6					\		
0.425	28	SAND	6 Suiss							
0.3	55		bs:							
0.15	5						Ę.			
0.063	48		Lueo.							
0.037	42									
0.027	39		702							
0.017	34	\V   J/⊥   S	0		V					
0.010	56	31-17-21-31	0							
0.007	23		0.0	0.0001	0.001	0.01	0.1	<b>,</b>	10	100
0.005	19	<del></del>			CLAY	SILT S	Sieve size (mm) SAND	SAND	GRAVEL	<u> </u>
0.002	12								00	
		- 200	- T - F - G - G - G - G - G - G - G - G - G	in the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second se			Approved by:		Date:	Page no:
		165L L1	td Matel	IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory	ory		**************************************	Appen s Adm	04/02/20	1 of 1
						Persons autho	rised to approve re	oort: JBarrett (Q	Persons authorised to approve report: J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)	aboratory Manager.

## TEST REPORT Determination of Particle Size Distribution





### Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990, clause 9.2 & 9.5 (note: Sedimentation stage not accredited) Determination of Particle Size Distribution TEST REPORT



particle	%			Contract No:	22153	Report No.	R1088917			
size	passing			Contract:	Kilbride Deve	Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow	Vicklow			
7.5	100	CORRIEC		BH/TP:	TP06					
63	87	CODECE		Sample No.	AA128528	Lab. Sample No.	No.	A20/132		
20	87			Sample Type:	8					
37.5	80			Depth (m)	1.00	Customer:	Aecom			
28	2.2			Date Received	07/01/202(	07/01/2020 Date Testing started	started	16/01/2020		
20	20			Description:	Brown clayes	//silty, very sar	ndy, GRAVEL w	Brown clayey/silty, very sandy, GRAVEL with some cobbles		
4	62	CD AVE								
0.	26	Š		Remarks	Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9.5	Nete: Clause 9.2 and Chasa 9.5. of 851377 Part 2.1990 have been supersected by (S017892-4-2016 . Acades spoky to sample as received.	uperseded by 4501 7832-4:2016 . Ru	isuts apply to sample as received.	Sample size Gid not meet the requirements of BS1377	<u>.</u>
6.3	48			- Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Comp	***************************************			52	{	ζ.
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						Persons auth	Persons authorised to approve report:		J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)	e (Laboratory Manage
								ı		

100 82.5 37.5 50 53 53 Sample size did not neet the requirements of BSI 377 SO bι GRAVEL. 01 10 5 6.3 3.35 z 16/01/2020 Brown clayey/silty, very sandy, GRAVEL with some cobbles 81.1 A20/135 Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9.5 of 6\$1377 Part 2:1990 have been superseded by ISO17892-4:2016 . Results apply to sample as roceived. 9'0 Sieve size (mm) SAND SZ₽'0 ε.0 91'0 Report No. R108918 0.1 Aecom 07/01/2020 Date Testing started Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow 690.0 Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990 , clause 9.2 & 9.5 AA128536 Lab. Sample No. Determination of Particle Size Distribution SILT Customer: 0.01 (note: Sedimentation stage not accredited) 22153 **TP07** 2.00 CLAY TEST REPORT 0.001 Date Received Sample Type: Contract No: Description: Sample No. Depth (m) Contract: BH/TP: Remarks 0.0001 100 80 20 9 20 4 30 90 Percentage passing (%) SILT/CLAY COBBLES GRAVEL SAND 86 84 77 67 63 63 57 57 43 38 30 4 particle 75 63 50 37.5 28 20 14 10 6.3 5 3.35 2 2 2 0.6 0.425 0.15

Persons authorised to approve report: J Barrett (Quality Mahager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

1 of 1

04/02/20

Approved by:

GSL Ltd Materials Laboratory

Page no:

Date:

TEST REPORT Determination of Particle Size Distribution

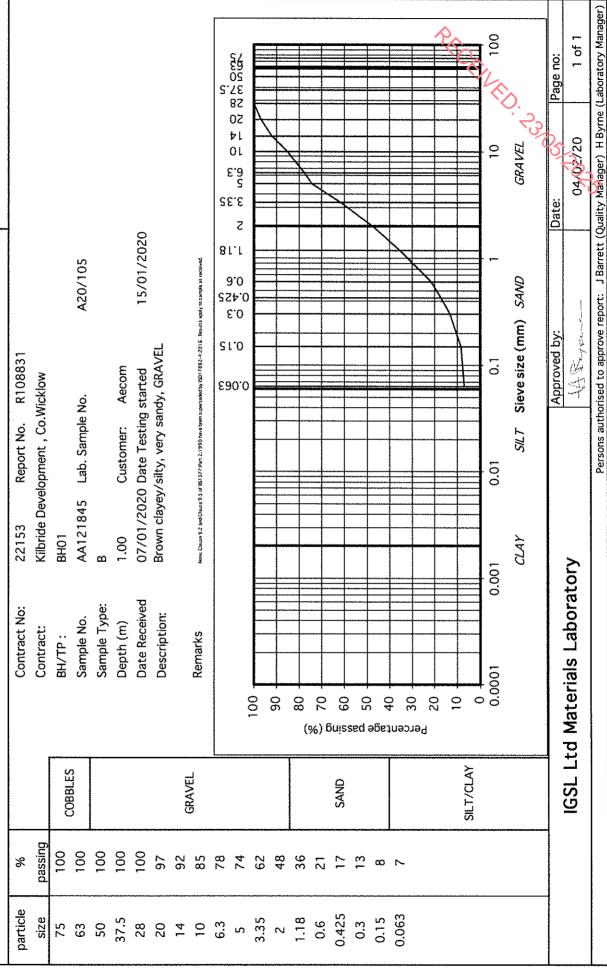


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particle	%			Contract No:	22153	Report No. R	R108845		AAAAA AAAAA AAAAA AAAAA AAAAAA AAAAAA AAAA
size	passing			Contract:	Kilbride Deve	Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow	klow		
75	100	CORRIEC		BH/TP:	TP08				
63	100	CORRECT		Sample No.	AA128332	Lab. Sample No.	. A20/136		
20	100			Sample Type:	B				
37.5	100			Depth (m)	2.00	Customer: A	Aecom		
28	66			Date Received	07/01/202(07/01/2020 Date Testing started	arted 15/01/2020	020	
20	96			Description:	Brown slightl	Brown slightly sandy, slightly gravelly, CLAY	ıravelly, CLAY		
14	95	GRAVEI							
10	92))		Remarks	Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9.5	of 651 377:Part 2:1990 have been superso	Note: Chash 9.2 and Cleans 9.5 of 851 577-Part 2:1990 have been supersolved by (\$017892-42016 . Rosults suppy to search as rocesed.		
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1.18	74		80						
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0.425	63	SAND	gnie:						
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0.010	25		0						
0.007	20		ŏ	0.0001	0.001	0.01	,, O	10	100
0.005	17				CLAY	S/LT Sie	Sieve size (mm) SAND	GRAVEL) .
0.002	10							0	
		+1 1001	A Motor	- C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C	í	<u> </u>	Approved by:	Date:	Page no:
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						Persons authoris	Persons authorised to approve report: JBarn	J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)	(Laboratory Manager)

Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990, clause 9.2 & 9.5 Determination of Particle Size Distribution TEST REPORT

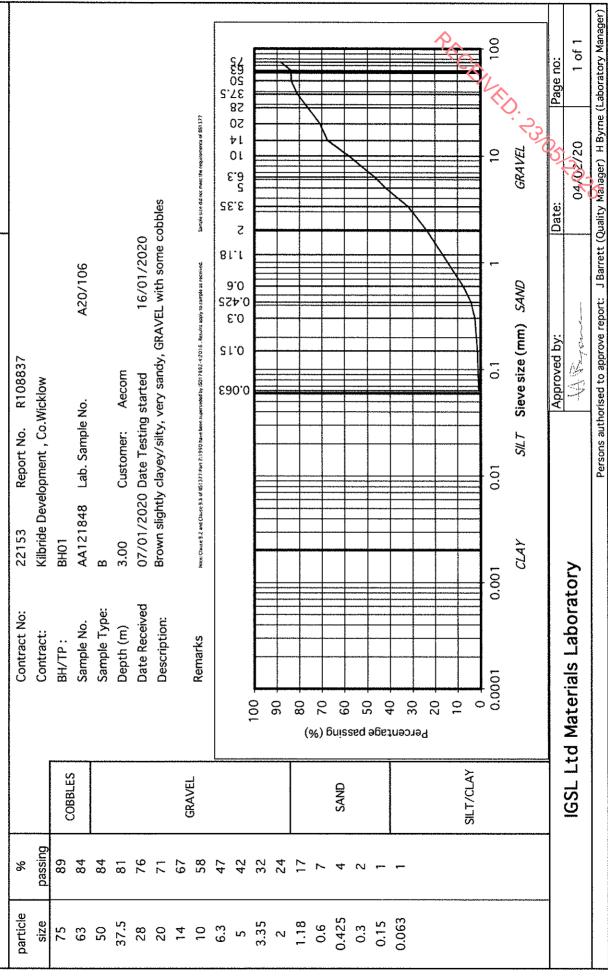
(note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)





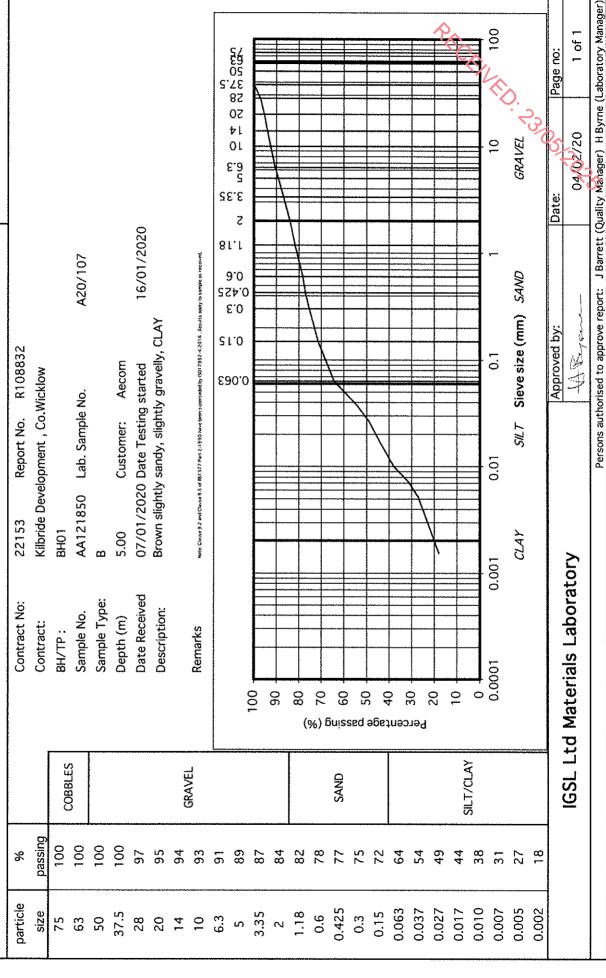
Determination of Particle Size Distribution TEST REPORT





TEST REPORT Determination of Particle Size Distribution





Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990 , clause 9.2 & 9.5 (note: Sedimentation stage not accredited) Determination of Particle Size Distribution **TEST REPORT**

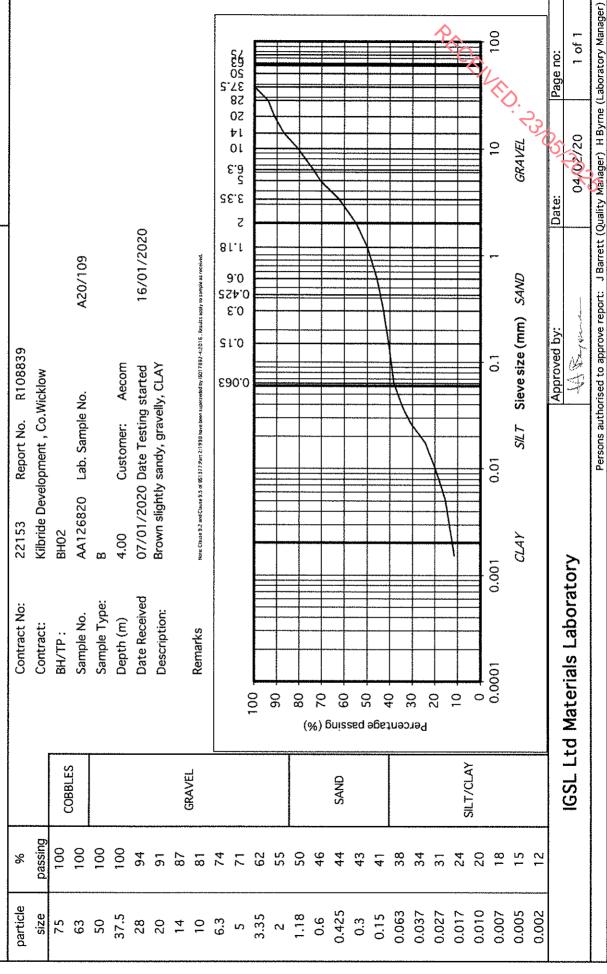


						•				
particle	%			Contract No:	22153	Report No.	R108838			
size	passing			Contract:	Kilbride Dev	Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow	Vicklow			
75	100	CORRIES		BH/TP:	BH02					
63	100	CODDEES		Sample No.	AA126818	Lab. Sample No.	No.	A20/108		
50	100			Sample Type:	ω					
37.5	100			Depth (m)	2.00	Customer:	Aecom			
28	98			Date Received	07/01/20	07/01/2020 Date Testing started	started	16/01/2020		
20	95			Description:	Brown claye	Brown clayey/silty, sandy, GRAVEL	SRAVEL			
<u>+</u>	85	CPAVE								
2	72	פֿוּאַ		Remarks	Maro, Clause 9.2 and Clause	has Chase 92 and Chaus 93, of \$51377 fart 2:1990 have been separabled by 15017892-42016 . Results apply to sample as received	sparseded by 1501 7892-4:2016 . Re	suits apply to sample as received.		
6.3	52							52	8	S'
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3.35	35		100							
7	21		06							
1.18	13		80							
9.0	&		2 %) f							
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0.3	ဖ									
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0.063	9		ruəb Luəb							

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					CLAY	SILT	Sieve size (mm) SAND	n) SAND	GRAVEL (``
							***************************************	and the executive section of the executive designation of the section		
		100					Approved by:		Date:	Page no:
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						Persons auth	Persons authorised to approve report:		J Barrett (Quality Mahager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)	(Laboratory Manager)

TEST REPORT Determination of Particle Size Distribution





Determination of Particle Size Distribution Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990, clause 9.2 & 9.5 (note: Sedimentation stage not accredited) TEST REPORT



					•	•					
particle	%			Contract No:	22153	Report No.	R108840				
size	passing			Contract:	Kilbride Dev	Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow	Vicklow				
75	100	CORRIEC		BH/TP:	BH02						
63	100	COBBELS		Sample No.	AA126823	Lab. Sample No.	No.	A20/110			
20	100			Sample Type:	80						
37.5	97			Depth (m)	7.00	Customer:	Aecom				
28	95			Date Received	07/01/202	07/01/2020 Date Testing started	started	16/01/2020			
20	93			Description:	Brown sligh	tly sandy, slightl	Brown slightly sandy, slightly gravelly, CLAY				
7	92	CD / / CE	************								
10	88	GRAVEL		Remarks	Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause:	9.5 of 851377/Part 2:1990 have been s	More Chuce 9.2 and Chuae 9.5 of ISS 1377 Part 2:1990 have been supersected by ISO17892-1;2016 , Results apply to sample as received.	s apply to sample as received.			
6.3	98							SZ	1	S.	
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3.35	80		100								
2	75		06								
1.18	71		8								
9.0	64		2 %)£					1			
0.425	61	SAND	gnie:								
0.3	56		Sed a				\				
0.15	53										
0.063	47										
0.038	4										
0.027	36		50		1					Î	
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						Persons auth	Persons authorised to approve report:		J Barrett (Quality Mahager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)	(Laboratory Manager	_

TEST REPORT Determination of Particle Size Distribution

Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990 , clause 9.2 & 9.5 (note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)



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particle	%			Contract No:	22153	Report No. R1	R108910		
size	passing			Contract:	Kilbride Dev	Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow	dow		
75	100	CORRIES		BH/TP:	BH03				
63	100	COBBLES		Sample No.	AA126846	Lab. Sample No.	A20/112		
20	100			Sample Type:	В				
37.5	97			Depth (m)	4.00	Customer: Ae	Aecom		
28	26			Date Received	07/01/202	07/01/2020 Date Testing started	15/01/2020	0	
20	95			Description:	Brown slight	Brown slightly sandy, slightly gravelly, CLAY	ravelly, CLAY		
4	90	GRAVEL							
5	87] 		Remarks	Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9.	5 of BS1377-Part 2:1990 have been superrede	Note Chase 9.2 and Chase 8.5 of 851377-Part 2:1990 have been superfeed by 15017892-4-2016. Results apply to sergio as received.		
6.3	83						S 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	8	S.
Ŋ	80		•				0.0 1.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 1.1	2.5 5.5 10 10 14 20 20 20	82 82 82 83 84 85 85
3.35	75		001						
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0.007	22	i	0.0001		0.001	0.01	0.1	10	100
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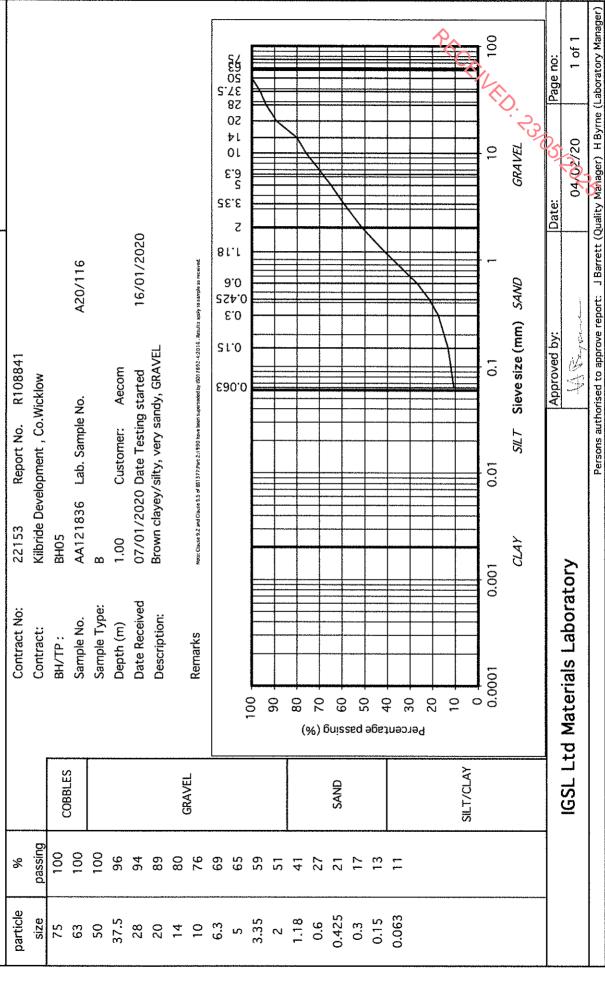
TEST REPORT Determination of Particle Size Distribution

Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990 , clause 9.2 & 9.5 (note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)



			(note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)		VETALED BY SCOPE REB NO. 1355	
particle	%		Contract No: 22153 Repor	Report No. R108911		
size	passing		Contract: Kilbride Development , Co.Wicklow	nt , Co.Wicklow		
75	100	CORRIES	BH/TP: BH04			
63	100		Sample No. AA126836 Lab. S	Lab. Sample No. A20/114		
50	20		Sample Type: B			
37.5	20		Depth (m) 3.00 Custo	Customer: Aecom		
28	29		Date Received 07/01/2020 Date Testing started	Testing started 16/01/2020		
20	29		Description: Brown slightly sandy, gravelly, CLAY	y, gravelly, CLAY		
4	99	GRAVE				
10	65	1	Remarks Here, Chase 9.2 and Chaoe 9.5 of 881371 Ann. 2:	Note. Classe 9.2 and Chaoe 9.5 of 881371 Ann 2:1990 have been superseaded by 15017892-4-2016. Deadls spoly to sorption a received.	Sample size did not meet the requires of BS1377	
6.3	62		The state of the s	S 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	8	
ທ	61			90.0 1.0 1.0 1.10	2 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	
3.35	58					
2	54		06			
1.18	51		08 (
9.0	47		02 %) f			
0.425	46	SAND	Og Og Og Og Og Og Og Og Og Og Og Og Og O			
0.3	44					
0.15	42					
0.063	40					
0.038	37					
0.027	33		700			
0.017	30	SII T/CI AY	0			
0.010	28					
0.007	25		0.0001 0.001 0.01	0.1	100	
0.005	22		CLAY	S/LT Sieve size (mm) SAND	GRAVEL 1	
0.002	17				00	
		1 100			Date: C Page no:	
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			Pers	Persons authorised to approve report: J Barrett (Q	J Barrett (Quality Marlager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)	iger)

Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990, clause 9.2 & 9.5 Determination of Particle Size Distribution (note: Sedimentation stage not accredited) TEST REPORT



Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990, clause 9.2 & 9.5 (note: Sedimentation stage not accredited) Determination of Particle Size Distribution TEST REPORT

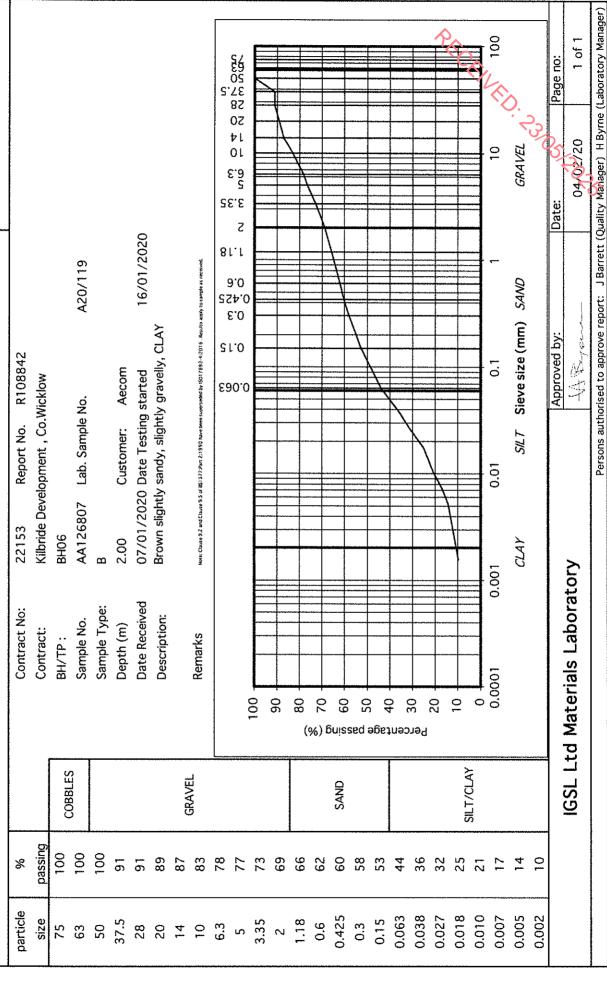


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particle	%	_		Contract No:	22153	Report No.	R108912			
size	passing			Contract:	Kilbride Dev	Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow	Vicklow			
75	100	CORRIES		BH/TP:	BH05					
63	100			Sample No.	AA121841	Lab. Sample No.	No.	A20/118		
20	100			Sample Type:	В					
37.5	86			Depth (m)	5.00	Customer:	Aecom			
58	62			Date Received	07/01/202	07/01/2020 Date Testing started	started	16/01/2020		
50	20			Description:	Brown claye	Brown clayey/silty, very gravelly, SAND	avelly, SAND			
4	69	GRAVEL								
20	89			Remarks	Note: Clarke 9.2 and Clause \$	Hare: Clauso 9.2 and Clauso 8.5 of BS) 377-Part 2;1990 have been equerophic by ISO17892-4:2016 . Royalts apoly to sample as received.	арегосфату 1501 7892-4:2016 , Resu	its apply to sample as received.		
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					CLAY	SILT	Sieve size (mm) SAND) SAND	GRAVEL CL	<u>``</u>
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						Persons auth	Persons authorised to approve report:		J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)	aboratory Manager)

TEST REPORT Determination of Particle Size Distribution

Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990, clause 9.2 & 9.5 (note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)

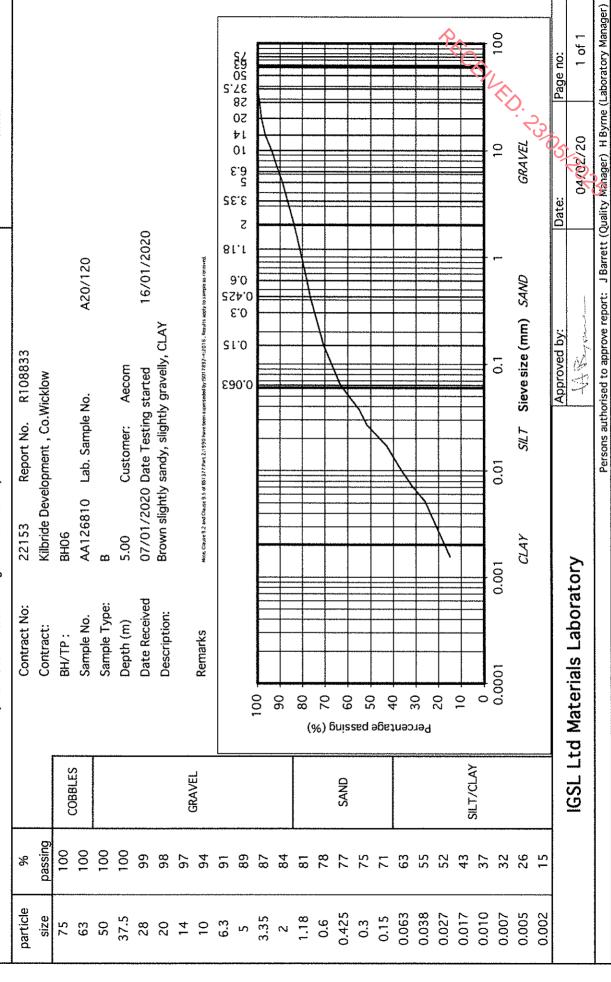




TEST REPORT Determination of Particle Size Distribution

Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990, clause 9.2 & 9.5 (note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)





Determination of Particle Size Distribution TEST REPORT

Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990, clause 9.2 & 9.5 (note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)



			(note: Se	(note: Sedimentation stag	tage not accredited)	ed)			DETAILED IN SCOPE RESING, 1351	į.
particle	%		ප	Contract No:	22153	Report No.	R108913			
size	passing		S	Contract:	Kilbride Dev	Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow	Wicklow			
75	100	CORBLES	HB	BH/TP:	8H06					
63	100		Sai	Sample No.	AA126812	Lab. Sample No.	No.	A20/121		
50	100		Sa	Sample Type:	8					
37.5	100		De	Depth (m)	2.00	Customer:	Aecom			
28	95		Da	Date Received	07/01/202	07/01/2020 Date Testing started	gstarted	16/01/2020		
20	89		De	Description:	Brown claye	Brown clayey/silty, very sandy, GRAVEL	ındy, GRAVEL			
4	8	CD AVEL								
10	71	1100	Re	Remarks	Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9	1.5 of 851377.Part 2:1990 have bear	Heter Chase 9.2, and Chase 9.5 of 601377 Part 2.1990 have been superseded by (5017892-4.2016 , Results appy to sample 81 received	ults apply to sample as received		
6.3	09							52	8	S
Ŋ	56						0.0		3 5 5 7 0 1 4 5 5 5 5 6 7 0 1 4 5 5 5 6 7 0 1 4 5 6 7 0	59 28 28 28 32 32
3.35	53		001							
N	45									
1.18	37		80							
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					CLAY	SILT	Sieve size (mm) SAND	n) SAND	GRAVEL	``
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				•			Approved by:		Date:	Page no:
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					***************************************	Persons aut	Persons authorised to approve report:		J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)	Laboratory Manage

IGSL Ltd

Materials Laboratory

Naas Co. Kildare

M7 Business Park

Test Report

Dry Density/Moisture Content Relationship



Tested in accordance with BS1377:Part 4:1990

Report No.

R109020

Contract No.

22152

Contract Name:

Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow

Lab Contract No.

22152

TP02 Location:

Sample No.

AA128536/37

Depth (m)

Material Type

В

Lab sample no. Date Received: A20/0124

Customer: Aecom

07/01/2020

Test Method:

2.5 KG Rammer

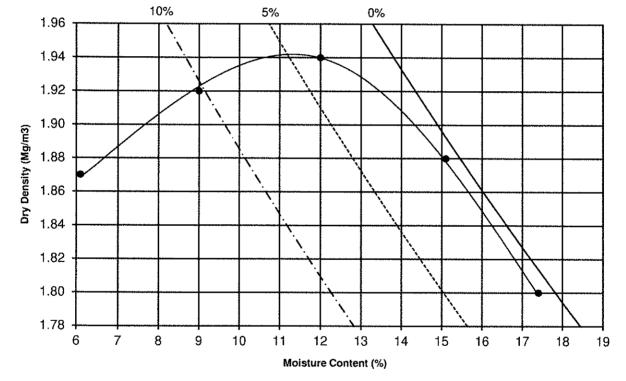
Date Tested:

27/01/2020

BS1377:Part 4:1990

3.3

Dry Density (Mg/m ³)	1.80	1.88	1.94	1.92	1.87	0.00	
Moisture Content (%)	17	15	12	9.0	6.1	0	



Maximum Dry Density (Mg/m³):

1.94

Optimum Moisture Content (%):

12

Description:

Mottled brown sandy gravelly CLAY

Sample Preparation:

Material passing 20mm

Single / Separate samples used

Particle Density (Mg/m³):

2.65

Particle Density:

Assumed

% retained on 20/37.5mm sieve:

35

R109020.TP02@1.00m.OMC

Persons authorised to approve reports

J Barrett (Quality Manager)

H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

The result relates to the specimen tested.

Opinions and interpretations are outside the scope of accreditation

Approved by Mary and the second

Date Page 04/02/20 1 of 1

IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory M7 Business Park Naas Co. Kildare

Test Report

Dry Density/Moisture Content Relationship



Tested in accordance with BS1377:Part 4:1990

Report No.

R108924

Contract No.

22152

Contract Name:

Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow

Lab Contract No.

22152

Location:

TP04

Sample No.

AA128542/43

Depth (m)

Material Type

В

Lab sample no.

Date Received:

A20/0128

Customer: Aecom

0.6

Test Method:

2.5 KG Rammer

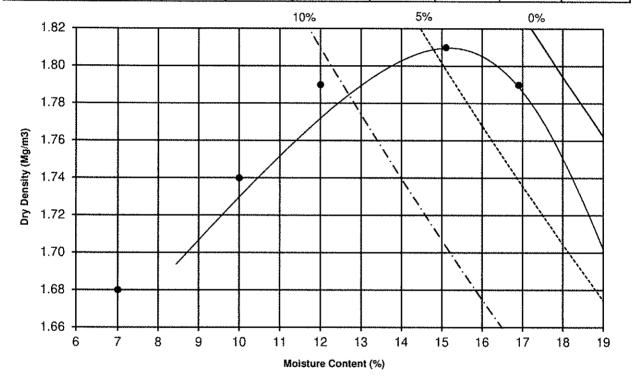
Date Tested:

07/01/2020 21/01/2020

BS1377:Part 4:1990

3.3

Dry Density (Mg/m³)	1.79	1.81	1.79	1.74	1.68	1.74	
Moisture Content (%)	17	15	12	10	7.0	20	



Maximum Dry Density (Mg/m³):

1.81

Optimum Moisture Content (%):

15

Description:

Brown sandy gravelly CLAY

Sample Preparation:

Material passing 20mm

Single / Separate samples used

Particle Density (Mg/m³):

2.65

Particle Density:

Assumed

% retained on 20/37.5mm sieve:

0

Persons authorised to approve reports

J Barrett (Quality Manager)

H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

The result relates to the specimen tested.

Opinions and interpretations are outside the scope of accreditation

Approved by Date Page 04/02/20 1 of 1

Naas Co. Kildare

Test Report

Dry Density/Moisture Content Relationship



Tested in accordance with BS1377:Part 4:1990

Report No.

R108925

Contract No.

22152

Contract Name:

Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow

Lab Contract No.

22152

Location: TP07

Sample No.

AA128535

Depth (m)

Material Type

В

Lab sample no.

A20/0134

Customer: Aecom

Date Received:

07/01/2020

Test Method:

2.5 KG Rammer

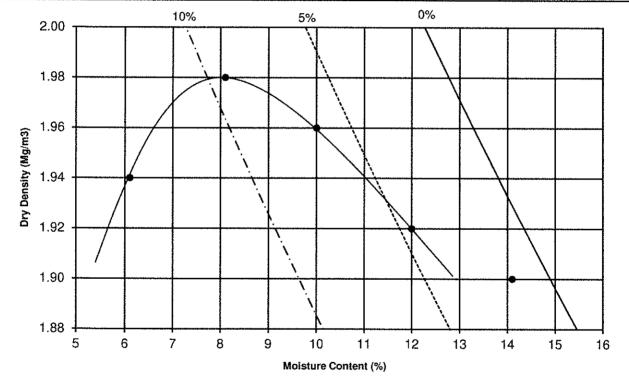
Date Tested:

21/01/2020

BS1377:Part 4:1990

3.3

Dry Density (Mg/m³)	1.90	1.92	1.96	1.98	1.94	0.00	
Moisture Content (%)	14	12	10	8.1	6.1	0	



Maximum Dry Density (Mg/m³):

1.98

Optimum Moisture Content (%):

8

Description:

Mottled brown sandy gravelly CLAY

Sample Preparation:

Material passing 20mm

Single / Separate samples used

Particle Density (Mg/m³):

2.65

Particle Density:

Assumed

% retained on 20/37.5mm sieve:

9.6

Persons authorised to approve reports

J Barrett (Quality Manager)

The result relates to the specimen tested.

Opinions and interpretations are outside the scope of accreditation

J Barrett (Quality Manager)
H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

IGSL Materials Laboratory

 Approved by
 Date
 Page

 04/02/20
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Naas

Co. Kildare 045 899324

Test Report

Determination of Moisture Condition Value at Natural Moisture
Content



Tested in accordance with BS1377:Part 4:1990, clause 5.4

Report No. R108851

Contract No. 22153

Contract Name: Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow

Customer: Aecom

BH/TP TP02

Sample No. AA128536/37

Depth (m) 1.00

Sample Type: B

Lab Sample No. A20/0124

Source (if applicable) unknown

Material Type (if applicable): B

Sample Received: 07/01/20

Date Tested: 21/01/20

Sample Cert: N/A

Moisture Content (%): 16

% Particles > 20mm

(By dry mass):

MCV: 3

Interpretation of Plot: Steepest Straight Line

Description of Soil: Mottled brown sandy gravelly CLAY

41

The result applies to the sample as received.

Any remaining material will be retained for one month.

Sampling and opinions and interpretations are outside the scope of accreditation.

Persons authorised to approve reports

J Barrett (Quality Manager)

H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

Approved by

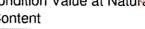
	Approved by	Date	Page
IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory	H Rym-	04/02/20	1 of 1

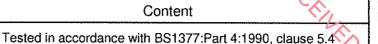
Naas

Co. Kildare 045 899324

Test Report

Determination of Moisture Condition Value at Natural Moisture Content







Report No. R108852

Contract No. 22153

Contract Name: Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow

Customer: Aecom

BH/TP **TP03**

Sample No. AA128525

Depth (m) 0.90

Sample Type: В

Lab Sample No. A20/0126

Source (if applicable) unknown

Material Type (if applicable): В

Sample Received: 07/01/20

Date Tested: 21/01/20

Sample Cert: N/A

Moisture Content (%): 16

% Particles > 20mm 23

(By dry mass):

MCV: 5.8

Interpretation of Plot: Steepest Straight Line

Description of Soil: Mottled brown sandy gravelly CLAY

The result applies to the sample as received.

Any remaining material will be retained for one month.

Sampling and opinions and interpretations are outside the scope of accreditation.

Persons authorised to approve reports

J Barrett (Quality Manager)

H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

Approved by	Dat	te Page
MEx	04/02	2/20 1 of 1

045 899324

Naas Co. Kildare

Test Report

Determination of Moisture Condition Value at Natural Moisture Content



Tested in accordance with BS1377:Part 4:1990, clause 5.4

Report No. R108853

Contract No. 22153

Contract Name: Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow

Customer: Aecom

BH/TP **TP04**

Sample No. AA128542/43

Depth (m) 0.60

Sample Type: В

Lab Sample No. A20/0128

Source (if applicable) unknown

Material Type (if applicable): В

Sample Received: 07/01/20

Date Tested: 21/01/20

Sample Cert: N/A

Moisture Content (%): 20

% Particles > 20mm (By dry mass):

MCV: 10.7

Interpretation of Plot: Steepest Straight Line

Description of Soil: Brown sandy gravelly CLAY

The result applies to the sample as received. Any remaining material will be retained for one month.

Sampling and opinions and interpretations are outside the scope of accreditation.

Persons authorised to approve reports J Barrett (Quality Manager)

H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

Approved by	Date	Page
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Co. Kildare 045 899324

Naas

Test Report

Determination of Moisture Condition Value at Natural Moisture Content



Tested in accordance with BS1377:Part 4:1990, clause 5.4

Report No. R108919

Contract No. 22153

Contract Name: Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow

Customer: Aecom

BH/TP **TP06**

Sample No. AA128528

Depth (m) 1.00

Sample Type: В

Lab Sample No. A20/132

Source (if applicable) unknown

Material Type (if applicable): В

Sample Received: 07/01/20

Date Tested: 22/01/20

Sample Cert: N/A

Moisture Content (%): 11

% Particles > 20mm 16

(By dry mass):

MCV: 13.4

Interpretation of Plot: Steepest Straight Line

Description of Soil: Brown clayey/silty, very sandy, GRAVEL with some

cobbles

The result applies to the sample as received.

Any remaining material will be retained for one month.

Sampling and opinions and interpretations are outside the scope of accreditation.

Persons authorised to approve reports

J Barrett (Quality Manager)

H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

Approved by	Date	Page
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Naas

Co. Kildare 045 899324

Test Report

Determination of Moisture Condition Value at Natural Moisture
Content



Tested in accordance with BS1377:Part 4:1990, clause 5.4

Report No. R108854

Contract No. 22153

Contract Name: Kilbride Development, Co.Wicklow

Customer: Aecom

BH/TP TP07

Sample No. AA128535

Depth (m) 1.00

Sample Type: B

Lab Sample No. A20/0134

Source (if applicable) unknown

Material Type (if applicable): B

Sample Received: 07/01/20

Date Tested: 21/01/20

Sample Cert: N/A

Moisture Content (%): 15

% Particles > 20mm 11

(By dry mass):

MCV: 4.6

Interpretation of Plot: Steepest Straight Line

Description of Soil: Mottled brown sandy gravelly CLAY

The result applies to the sample as received.

Any remaining material will be retained for one month.

Sampling and opinions and interpretations are outside the scope of accreditation.

Persons authorised to approve reports

J Barrett (Quality Manager)

H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

pproved by	Date	Page
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IGSL Ltd

045 899324

Materials Laboratory Unit J5,M7 Business Park Naas Co.Kildare

TEST REPORT Determination of California Bearing Ratio (CBR)



Tested in accordance with BS1377:Part 4:1990, clause 7

Report No. R108724 Contract Kilbride Development , Co.Wicklow

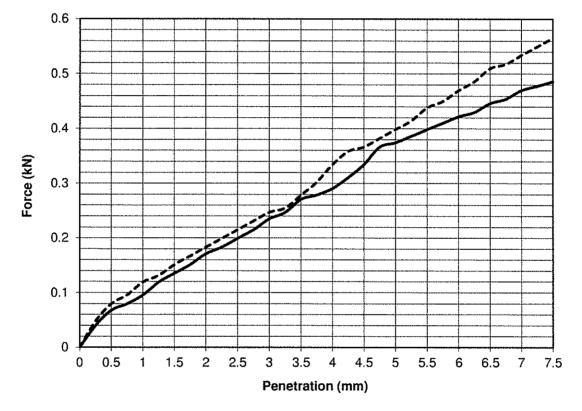
Contract No. 22153 Customer

Aecom

Date received 07/01/20 Date Tested 16/01/20

BH/TP No. TP01 Sample No. AA128551 Type: B

Depth (m) 0.90 Lab sample No. A20/0122



Key: ----- Base

Description: Mottled grey/brown sandy gravelly CLAY

Initial Condition: Unsoaked

Moisture Content (%): 20 Bulk Density (Mg/m³): 2.08 Surcharge (kg): 4 Dry Density (Mg/m³): 1.74

% Material >20mm: 19

Method of compaction: Static Compaction Method 2

Test Result	Тор	Base
CBR %	1.9	2.0
Moisture	19	20
Content %	'3	۵.0

Results apply to sample as received.

Persons authorized to approve reports

J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

Approved by Date Page No. 04/02/20 1 of 1

IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory

045 899324

Unit J5,M7 Business Park Naas Co.Kildare

TEST REPORT Determination of California Bearing Ratio (CBR)



Tested in accordance with BS1377:Part 4:1990, clause 7

Report No. R108927 Contract Kilbride Development , Co.Wicklow

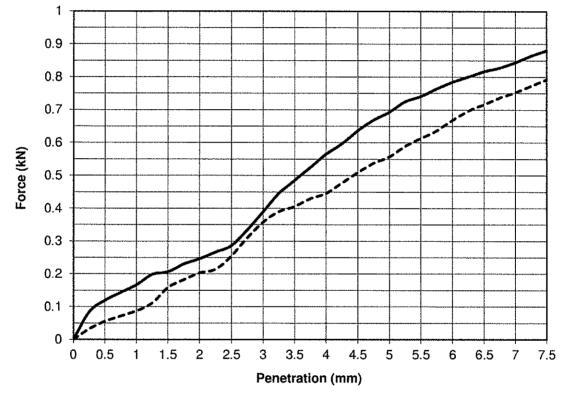
Contract No. 22153 Customer

Aecom

Date received 07/01/20 Date Tested 22/01/20

BH/TP No. TP02 Sample No. AA128536/7 Type: B

Depth (m) 1.00 Lab sample No. A20/0124



Key: ----- Base

Description: Mottled brown sandy gravelly CLAY

Initial Condition: Unsoaked

Moisture Content (%): 18 Bulk Density (Mg/m³): 2.15 Surcharge (kg): 4 Dry Density (Mg/m³): 1.83

% Material >20mm: 35

Method of compaction: Static Compaction Method 2

Test Result	Тор	Base
CBR %	3.5	2.8
Moisture	17	18
Content %	17	10

Results apply to sample as received.

Persons authorized to approve reports

J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

Approved by Date Page No. 04/02/20 1 of 1

Naas Co.Kildare 045 899324

TEST REPORT Determination of California Bearing Ratio (CBR)

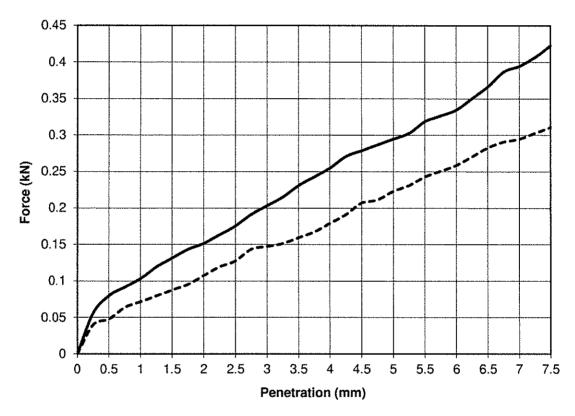


Tested in accordance with BS1377:Part 4:1990, clause 7

Report No.	R108846	Contract	Kilbride Development , Co.Wicklow
Contract No.	22153	Customer	3
Date received	07/01/20	Date Tested	Aecom < 7 21/01/20

BH/TP No. TP03 Sample No. AA128525 Type: B

Depth (m) 1.00 Lab sample No. A20/0126



Key: ----- Base

Description: Mottled brown sandy gravelly CLAY Initial Condition: Unsoaked 16 Bulk Density (Mg/m³): Moisture Content (%): 2.15 Dry Density (Mg/m³): Surcharge (kg): 4 1.85 % Material >20mm: 20 Method of compaction: Static Compaction Method 2

 Test Result
 Top
 Base

 CBR %
 1.5
 1.1

 Moisture Content %
 16
 16

Results apply to sample as received.

Persons authorized to approve reports

J. Barrett (Quality Manager)

J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

Approved by	Date	Page No.
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IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory Unit J5,M7 Business Park Naas Co.Kildare 045 899324

TEST REPORT Determination of California Bearing Ratio (CBR)



Tested in accordance with BS1377:Part 4:1990, clause 7

Report No. R108847 Contract Kilbride Development , Co.Wicklow

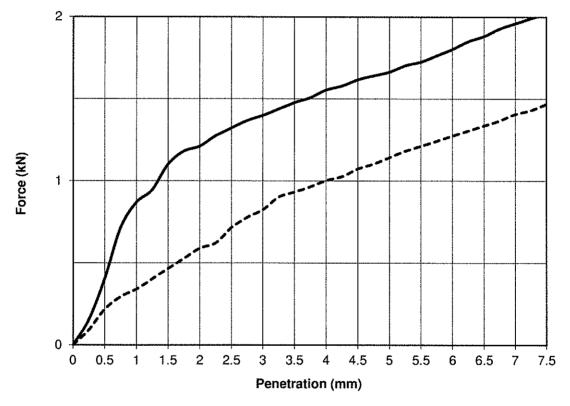
Contract No. 22153 Customer

Aecom

Date received 07/01/20 Date Tested 21/01/20

BH/TP No. TP04 Sample No. AA128542/43 Type: B

Depth (m) 0.60 Lab sample No. A20/0128



Key: ----- Base

Description: Brown sandy gravelly CLAY

Initial Condition: Unsoaked

Moisture Content (%): 17 Bulk Density (Mg/m³): 2.09 Surcharge (kg): 4 Dry Density (Mg/m³): 1.79

% Material >20mm: 0

Method of compaction: Static Compaction Method 2

Test Result	Тор	Base
CBR %	10	6
Moisture	17	17
Content %	17	1.7

Results apply to sample as received.

Persons authorized to approve reports

J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory

Approved by

Date Page No.

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Naas Co.Kildare 045 899324

TEST REPORT Determination of California Bearing Ratio (CBR)



Tested in accordance with BS1377:Part 4:1990, clause 7

Report No. R108725 Contract Kilbride Development , Co.Wicklow

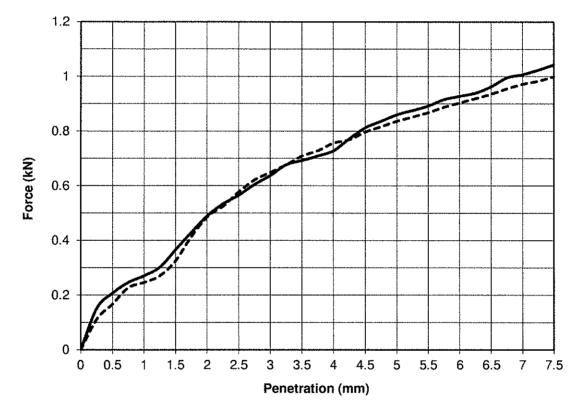
Contract No. 22153 Customer

Aecom

Date received 07/01/20 Date Tested 16/01/20

BH/TP No. TP05 Sample No. AA128519 Type: B

Depth (m) 1.00 Lab sample No. A20/0130



Description: Mottled brown sandy gravelly CLAY

Initial Condition: Unsoaked

Moisture Content (%): 21 Bulk Density (Mg/m³): 2.03 Surcharge (kg): 4 Dry Density (Mg/m³): 1.68

% Material >20mm: 0

Method of compaction: Static Compaction Method 2

Test Result	Тор	Base
CBR %	4.3	4.4
Moisture	20	21
Content %	0	<u> </u>

Results apply to sample as received.

Persons authorized to approve reports

J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory

Approved by

Date Page No. 04/02/20 1 of 1

IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory Unit J5,M7 Business Park Naas Co.Kildare

045 899324

TEST REPORT Determination of California Bearing Ratio (CBR)



Tested in accordance with BS1377:Part 4:1990, clause 7

Report No. R108726 Contract Kilbride Development , Co.Wicklow

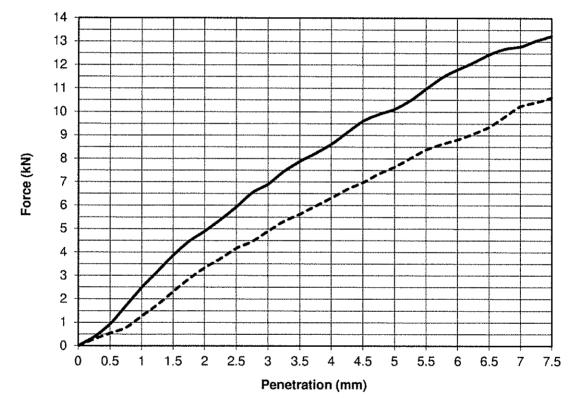
Contract No. 22153 Customer

Aecom

Date received 07/01/20 Date Tested 16/01/20

BH/TP No. TP06 Sample No. AA128528 Type: B

Depth (m) 1.00 Lab sample No. A20/0132



Key: ----- Base

Description: Brown clayey/silty, very sandy, GRAVEL with some cobbles

Initial Condition: Unsoaked

Moisture Content (%): 11 Bulk Density (Mg/m³): 2.25 Surcharge (kg): 4 Dry Density (Mg/m³): 2.02

% Material >20mm: 0

Method of compaction: Static Compaction Method 2

Test Result	Тор	Base
CBR %	51	38
Moisture	11	11
Content %	''	' '

Results apply to sample as received.

Persons authorized to approve reports

J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory

Approved by

Date Page No.

04/02/20 1 of 1

IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory Unit J5,M7 Business Park Naas Co.Kildare

045 899324

TEST REPORT Determination of California Bearing Ratio (CBR)



Aecom

Tested in accordance with BS1377:Part 4:1990, clause 7

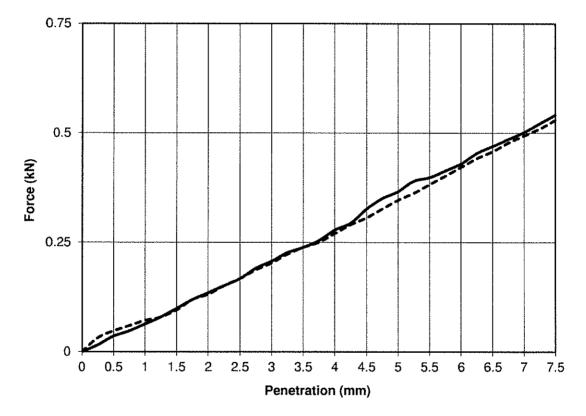
Report No. R108850 Contract Kilbride Development , Co.Wicklow

Contract No. 22153 Customer

Date received 07/01/20 Date Tested 21/01/20

BH/TP No. TP07 Sample No. AA128535 Type: B

Depth (m) 1.00 Lab sample No. A20/134



Key: _____ Top _____ Base

Description: Mottled brown sandy gravelly CLAY

Initial Condition: Unsoaked

Moisture Content (%): 14 Bulk Density (Mg/m³): 2.16

Surcharge (kg): 4 Dry Density (Mg/m³): 1.89

% Material >20mm: 9.6

Method of compaction: Static Compaction Method 2

Test Result	Тор	Base
CBR %	1.8	1.7
Moisture	14	14
Content %		1-1

made apply to early to its receiver.

Persons authorized to approve reports

J Barrett (Quality Manager)

H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

Approved by	Date	Page No.
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PRICEINED: 23/05/2025

Appendix VI Laboratory

b. Chemical and Environmental



Chemtest
The right chemistry to deliver results
Chemtest Ltd.
Depot Road
Newmarket
CB8 0AL
Tel: 01638 606070
Email: info@chemtest.com

Final Report

Report No.:

20-01302-1

Initial Date of Issue:

28-Jan-2020

Client

IGSL

Client Address:

M7 Business Park

Naas

County Kildare

Ireland

Contact(s):

Darren Keogh

Project

22153 Killbride Development Wicklow

(Aecom)

Quotation No.:

Q19-18246

Date Received:

16-Jan-2020

Order No.:

Date Instructed:

20-Jan-2020

No. of Samples:

16

Turnaround (Wkdays):

Results Due:

28-Jan-2020

Date Approved:

28-Jan-2020

Approved By:

Details:

Darrell Hall, Director



Project: 22153 Killbride Development Wicklow (Aecom)

Client: IGSL			Che	Chemtest Job No.:	: ON GO	20-01302	20-01302
Quotation No.: Q19-18246			Chemte	Chemtest Sample ID.:	ole ID.:	954291	954295
Order No.:			Clle	Client Sample Ref .:	e Ref.:	128530	126841
			Š	Sample Location:	scation:	TP8	BH3
				Sample	Sample Type:	SOIL	SOIL
				Top Depth (m):	oth (m):	0.40	1.00
			Bo	Bottom Depth	th (m):	0.50	1.00
Determinand	Accred.	SOP	Type	Units	1.00		
Hd	n	1010	10:1		N/A	8.5	8.4
Ammonium	n	1220	10:1	l/bm	0.050	0.20	0.12
Ammonium	z	1220	10:1	mg/kg	0.10	2.3	1.4
Boron (Dissolved)	ח	1450	10:1	l/Brl	50	< 20	< 20
Boron (Dissolved)	ס	1450	10:1	mg/kg	0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20

PRICEINED: 23/05/2025



	(Aecom)
	Klow
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7	Pro

Clear Sample 10:2 Security	Cliant IGSI		Cho	Chambast Joh No .	- NA NA	20.01303	20,0420.9	CUERTING	20.04302	20.04202	20.04302	20510.02	20,01302	COPPORT	COFFE OC
Client Sample Red. T128	Quotation No.: 019-18246		hemt	est Sam	Die ID:	954287	954288	954289	954290	954291	954292	954293	954294	954295	954296
Sample Location TP1 TP3 TP6 TP6 TP9 SP01 S	Order No.:		Cie	ant Sam	le Ref :		128541	128519	128529	128530	121844	126815	126817	126841	128844
Semple Type: SOIL SOIL SOIL SOIL SOIL SOIL SOIL SOIL			S	ample	ocation:	TPT	TP3	TP5	TP6	TP8	BH01	BH02	BH02	BH3	BH3
Colored Store Colored Stor				Samp	e Type:	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL
Marcheller Bottom Depth (n):				Top De	pth (m):	0.40	09'0	1.00	2.00	0.40	1.00	1.00	1.50	1.00	2.00
Marchelice Lab: Abbesice Lab: Absence Lab:			Bc	ttom De	pth (m):		0.60	1.00	2.00	0.50	1.00	1.00	1.50	1.00	2.00
Marchell SOP Units LOD 1292 % 0.001 14 15 17 12 9.6 11 11 12 9.6 11 12 12 13 13 13 14 14 15 17 12 9.6 11 14 15 17 12 9.6 11 12 13 13 14 14 15 17 12 9.6 11 14 15 17 12 9.6 11 14 15 17 12 9.6 11 14 15 17 12 9.6 11 14 15 17 12 9.6 11 14 15 17 12 9.6 11 14 15 17 12 9.6 11 14 15 17 12 9.6 11 14 15 17 12 9.6 11 14 15 17 12 9.6 11 14 15 17 12 9.6 11 14 15 17 12 9.6 11 14 15 17 12 9.6 11 14 15 17 12 9.6 11 14 15 17 12 9.6 11 14 15 17 12 9.6 11 14 15 11 14 11 14 15 11 14 15 11 14 15 11 14 15 11				Asbes	tos Lab:					DURHAM				DURHAM	
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U 2192 % 0.001 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001 % 0.001	ACM Type	n	2192		NA					5 1				Ť	
December December	Asbestos Identification	Ď	2192	1000	0.001					No Asbestos				No Asbestos Datected	
N 2030 % 0.020	ACM Detection Stage	0	2192		N/A					,				-	
be) N 2210 mg/kg 0.40	Moisture	z	2030		0.020	14	15	11	12	9.6	7	17	12	16	12
Barrow Day Barrow Barr	pH (2.5:1)	z	2010	上	4.0			[A] 7.8	[A] 8.2			[A] 7.8			[A] 8.1
Decision	Boron (Hot Water Soluble)	n	2120	_	_					< 0.40				< 0.40	
Die) 85 SO4 M 2120	Magnesium (Water Soluble)	z	2120	_	-	< 0.010		< 0.010	< 0.010			< 0.010			< 0.010
M 2175 % 0.070 IA) 0.022 (A) 0.011 (A) < 0.010 (Sulphate (2:1 Water Soluble) as 504	×	2120	L	0.010	< 0.010		< 0.010	< 0.010			< 0.010			< 0.010
M 2180 mg/kg 1.0 Could Coloro	Total Sulphur	×	2175		0.010	[A] 0.022		[A] 0.011	[A] < 0.010			[A] < 0.010			[A] 1.1
U 2220 g/l 0.010 [M] < 0.010 C 0.010 </td <td>Sulphur (Elemental)</td> <td>Z</td> <td>2180</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>[A] < 1.0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>[A] 5.4</td> <td></td>	Sulphur (Elemental)	Z	2180	_						[A] < 1.0				[A] 5.4	
N 2220 g/l 0.010 0.050 0.0010 0.0010 0.0010 0.0010 0.0010 0.0010 0.0010 0.0010 0.0010 0.0010 0.0010 0.001 0.	Chloride (Water Soluble)	0	2220		0.010	[A] < 0.010		[A] < 0.010	_			[A] < 0.010		265	[A] < 0.010
M 2300 mg/kg 0.50 D.04 D.04 D.05 D.04 D.05 D.04 D.05 D.04 D.05 D.04 D.05 D.04 D.05 D.04 D.05 D.04 D.05 D.04 D.05 D.04 D.05 D.04 D.05 D.04 D.05 D.04 D.05 D.04 D.05 D.04 D.05 D.05 D.04 D.05 D.05 D.04 D.05 D.05 D.04 D.05 D.	Nitrate (Water Soluble)	z	2220		0.010	< 0.010		< 0.010	< 0.010			< 0.010		Office and the second	< 0.010
ble) N 2326 mg/kg 0.50	Cyanide (Total)	N	2300		_					[A] < 0.50				[A] < 0.50	
March Marc	Sulphide (Easily Liberatable)	z	2325					100000000000000000000000000000000000000		[A] 1.5				[A] 1.3	
M 2430 % 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 [M] < 0.010 <	Ammonium (Water Soluble)	M	2120			0.08		0.04				0.02		2000000	90'0
M 2450 mg/kg 1.0 11 14 M 2450 mg/kg 1.0 35 M 2450 mg/kg 1.0 0.10 M 2450 mg/kg 2.0 40 N 2450 mg/kg 2.0 40 N 2450 mg/kg 0.10 <0.10	Sulphate (Acid Soluble)	M	2430		0.010	[A] < 0.010		[A] < 0.010		(A) < 0.010		[A] < 0.010		[A] < 0.010	[A] < 0.010
M 2450 mg/kg 10	Arsenic	M	2450	mg/kg			11			14	9.2		21	20	
M 2450 mg/kg 0.10 0.10 M 2450 mg/kg 1.0 17 N 2450 mg/kg 2.0 18 22.0 N 2450 mg/kg 0.50 18 15 N 2450 mg/kg 0.10 <0.10	Barium	M	2450	mg/kg	10					35				55	
M 2450 mg/kg 1.0 17 N 2450 mg/kg 2.0 18 <2.0	Cadmium	M	2450	mg/kg	_					0.10				< 0.10	
M 2450 mg/kg 2.0 16 < 2.0 N 2450 mg/kg 2.0 16 42.0 N 2450 mg/kg 0.10 < 0.10	Chromium	M	2450	mg/kg						17				21	
N 2450 mg/kg 2.0 16 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	Molybdenum	M	2450	mg/kg						< 2.0				< 2.0	
U 2450 mg/kg 0.50 16 15 M 2450 mg/kg 0.10 <0.10	Antimony	z	2450	mg/kg						< 2.0				< 2.0	
M 2450 mg/kg 0.10 < 0.10 < 0.10 M 2450 mg/kg 0.50 40 21 M 2450 mg/kg 0.50 11 19 M 2450 mg/kg 0.20 0.21 0.36 48 N 2490 mg/kg 0.50 24 17 48 N 2490 mg/kg 0.50 < 0.50 < 0.50 < 0.50 N 2670 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 N 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0	Copper	ח	2450		_		18			15	11		28	29	
M 2450 mg/kg 0.50 40 21 M 2450 mg/kg 0.50 11 19 19 M 2450 mg/kg 0.20 0,21 0.35 U 2450 mg/kg 0.50 36 48 N 2490 mg/kg 1.0 24 N 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 <	Mercury	M	2450		_		< 0.10			< 0.10	< 0.10		< 0.10	< 0.10	
M 2450 mg/kg 0.50 41 19 M 2450 mg/kg 0.20 0.21 0.36 48 U 2450 mg/kg 0.50 24 17 48 N 2490 mg/kg 1.0 24 17 N 2490 mg/kg 0.50 < 0.50	Nickel	M	2450		0.50		9			21	17		43	33	9
M 2450 mg/kg 0.20 0.21 0.35 U 2450 mg/kg 0.50 36 48 N 2490 mg/kg 1.0 24 17 N 2490 mg/kg 0.50 < 0.50	Lead	M	2450		0.50		11			19	8.9		14	18	
U 2450 mg/kg 1.0 24 48 N 2490 mg/kg 1.0 24 17 N 2490 mg/kg 1.0 < 0.50	Selenium	Σ	2450		_		0.24			0.35	0.23		0.37	0.21	
N 2480 mg/kg 1.0	Zinc	כ	2450	_	0.50		98			48	32		99	62	
N 2450 mg/kg 0.50 < 0.50 < 0.50 M 2625 % 0.20 [A] 0.80 N 2670 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0	Chromium (Trivalent)	z	2490		1.0		24			17	11		27	21	
M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0	Chromium (Hexavalent)	z	2490				< 0.50			< 0.50	< 0.50		< 0.50	< 0.50	
N 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A]<1.0 [A]<1.0 N 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A]<1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A]<1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A]<1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A]<1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A]<1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A]<1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A]<1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A]<1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A]<1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A]<1.0 [A]<1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A]<1.0 [A	Total Organic Carbon	M	2625		0.20					[A] 0.80				[A] < 0.20	
N 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0	Mineral Oil	z	2670							< 10				Q 4 10	
N 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0	Aliphatic TPH >C5-C6	z	2680		1.0		[A] < 1.0			[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0	1	[A] < 1.0	CA (A) < 1.0	
M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 Mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 Mg/kg 1.0 Mg/	Aliphatic TPH >C6-C8	z	2680				[A] < 1.0			[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0	100	[A] < 2.0	[A] < 1.0	
M 2680 mg/kg 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0 [A] < 1.0	Aliphatic TPH >C8-C10	2	2680				[A] < 1.0			[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		VI	[A] < 1.0	
M 2580 mc/kg 10 [A] < 10	Aliphatic TPH >C10-C12	Z	2680				[A] < 1.0			[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] × 1.0	[A] < 1.0	
M. COO HISTORY IN	Aliphatic TPH >C12-C16	Σ	2680	mg/kg	1.0		[A] < 1.0			[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0	

Results - Soil

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Clout: GS		Chor	Chamtest Job No.:	20-01302	20-01302	20-01302	20,01302	20-01302	20-01302	20-01309	20-01302	20-04302	201201302
Quotation No.: Q19-18246		Chemte	Chemtest Sample ID.:	956	954288	954289	954290	954291	954292	954293	954294	954295	954296
Order No.:		Clien	Client Sample Ref :		128541	128519	128529	128530	121844	126815	126817	126841	128844
		Sa	Sample Location:	TP1	TP3	TP5	TP6	TP8	ВНО1	BH02	BH02	843	BH3
			Sample Type:	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL
			Top Depth (m):		09'0	1,00	2.00	0.40	1.00	1.00	1.50	1.00	2.00
		Bott	om Depth (m):		0.60	1.00	2.00	0.50	1.00	1.00	1.50	1.00	2.00
			Asbestos Lab:					DURHAM				DURHAM	
Determinand	Accred.	SOP	Units LOD										
Aliphatic TPH >C16-C21	M		mg/kg 1.0		[A] < 1.0			[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0	
Aliphatic TPH >C21-C35	×	2680	mg/kg 1.0		[A] < 1.0			[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0	
Aliphatic TPH >C35-C44	z	2680	mg/kg 1.0		[A] < 1.0			[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0	
Total Alphatic Hydrocarbons	z	2680	mg/kg 5.0		[V] < 5.0			[A] < 5.0	[A] < 5.0		[A] < 5.0	[A] < 5.0	
Aromatic TPH >C5-C7	z		0.1 gA/gm		[A] < 1.0			[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0	
Aromatic TPH >C7-C8	z		mg/kg 1.0		[A] < 1.0			[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0	- W
Aromatic TPH > C8-C10	M	2680	mg/kg 1.0		[A] < 1.0			[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0	
Aromatic TPH >C10-C12	N	2680	mg/kg 1.0		[A] < 1.0			[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0	0
Aromatic TPH > C12-C16	M	2680	0.1 g/kg 1.0		[A] < 1.0			[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0	
Aromatic TPH > C16-C21	n	2680	mg/kg 1.0		[A] < 1.0			[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0	
Aromatic TPH >C21-C35	M	2680	mg/kg 1.0		[A] < 1.0			[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0	
Aromatic TPH >C35-C44	z		mg/kg 1.0		[A] < 1.0			[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0	
Total Aromatic Hydrocarbons	z	2680	mg/kg 5.0		[A] < 5.0			[A] < 5.0	[A] < 5.0		[A] < 5.0	[A] < 5.0	
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	z	2680	mg/kg 10.0		[A] < 10			[A] < 10	[A] < 10		[A] < 10	[A] < 10	
Naphthalene	M		mg/kg 0.10		[A] < 0.10			1000	[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10		
Acenaphihylene	Σ		mg/kg 0.10		[A] < 0.10				[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10		9 3
Acenaphthene	Σ		mg/kg 0.10		[A] < 0.10				[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10		
Fluorene	Σ		тр/кд 0.10		[A] < 0.10				[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10		
Phenanthrene	Σ		_	12	[A] < 0.10				[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10		
Anthracene	Σ		_		[A] < 0.10				[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10		
Fluoranthene	Σ		та/ка 0.10		[A] < 0.10				[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10		
Pyrene	Σ	2700	mg/kg 0.10		[A] < 0.10				[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10		
Benzo[a]anthracene	Σ	2700	тр/кд 0.10		[A] < 0.10				[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10		
Chrysene	Σ	2700	_		[A] < 0.10				[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10		
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	Σ		_		[A] < 0.10				[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10		
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	Σ		_		[A] < 0.10				[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10		P
Benzo[a]pyrene	Σ		mg/kg 0.10		[A] < 0.10				[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10		
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)Pyrene	2		mg/kg 0.10		[A] < 0.10				[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10		
Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene	Σ		mg/kg 0.10		[A] < 0.10				[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10		
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	Σ	2700	mg/kg 0.10		[A] < 0.10				[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10		
Total Of 16 PAH's	M	2700	mg/kg 2.0		[A] < 2.0				[A] < 2.0		[A] < 2.0).	
Benzene	Σ	2760	1.0 1.0					[A] < 1.0				[A] ©1.0	
Toluene	×	2760	µg/kg 1.0					0.r > [A]				Aj < 1.0	
Ethylbenzene	M	2760	µ9/kg 1.0					[A] < 1.0				(A) < 1.0	
m & p-Xylene	M	2760	1.0 t g/kg					[A] < 3.0			() ()	[A] < 1.0	
o-Xylene	Σ		µg/kg 1.0					[A] < 1.0			2	[A] < 1.0	
Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether	M	2760	pg/kg 1.0					[A] < 1.0			5^	[A] < 1.0	
Naorthalene	M	2800	ma/kg 0 10					< 0.10				< 0.10	

Results - Soil

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Quotation No.: Q19-18246 Order No.:	L	Chem		Ų	2000	2		70-03	20-01-02	200	200	1	20510-02	200
Order No.:		-	Chemtest Sample ID.:	_	954287	954288	954289	954290	954291	954292	954293	954294	954295	954298
		Ci	Client Sample Ref .:	le Ref .:		128541	128519	128529	128530	121844	126815	126817	126841	128844
		9)	Sample Location:	ocation:	TP1	TP3	TPS	TP6	TP8	BH01	BH02	BH02	BH3	BH3
			Sample	Sample Type:	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL
			Top Depth (m):	oth (m):	0.40	09:0	1.00	2.00	0.40	1.00	1.00	1.50	1.00	2.00
		B	Bottom Depth (m):	oth (m):		09:0	1.00	2.00	0.50	1.00	1.00	1.50	1.00	2.00
		4	Asbestos Lab	os Lab:					DURHAM				DURHAM	
Determinand	Accred.	I. SOP	Units	COD							STATISTICS OF			
Acenaphthylene	z	2800	0 mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10				< 0.10	
Acenaphthene	Σ	2800	0 mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10				< 0.10	
Fluorene	Σ	2800	0 mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10				< 0.10	
Phenanthrene	Σ	2900	0 mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10				< 0.10	
Benzo[j]fluoranthene	z	2800		0.10					< 0.10				ot'0 >	
Anthracene	2	2800		0.10	1117)				< 0.10				< 0.10	
Fluoranthene	2	2800	0 mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10				< 0.10	
Pyrena	2	2800	0 mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10				< 0.10	
Benzo[a]anthracene	Σ	2800		0.10					< 0.10				< 0.10	
Chrysene	Σ	2800		0.10					< 0.10				< 0.10	
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	2	2800	3 mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10				< 0.10	
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	Σ	2800							< 0.10				< 0.10	
Benzofalpyrene	Σ	2800	ma/kg	0.10					< 0.10				< 0.10	
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)Pyrene	Σ	2800	_	0.10					< 0.10				< 0.10	
Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene	z	2800	mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10				< 0.10	
Benzo[g,h,i]peryiene	M	2800) mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10				< 0.10	
Coronene	z	2800		0.10					< 0.10				< 0.10	
Total Of 17 PAH's	z	2800) mg/kg						<20				< 2.0	
PCB 28	n	2815	5 mg/kg	0.010					[A] < 0.010				[A] < 0.010	
PCB 52	n	2815	5 mg/kg	0.010					[A] < 0.010				[A] < 0.010	
PCB 90+101	ס	2815	5 mg/kg	0.010					[A] < 0.010				[A] < 0.010	
PCB 113	ח	2815	5 mg/kg	0.010					[A] < 0.010				[A] < 0.010	
PCB 153	n	2915	5 mg/kg	0.010					[A] < 0.010				[A] < 0.010	
PCB 138	n	2815	5 mg/kg	0.010					[A] < 0.010				[A] < 0.010	
PCB 180	n	2815	5 mg/kg	0.010					[A] < 0.010				[A] < 0.010	
Total PCBs (7 Congeners)	ם	2815	5 mg/kg	_					[A] < 0.10				[A] < 0.10	9
Demeton-O	z	2820) mg/kg	_		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Phorate	z	2820	0 mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Demeton-S	z	2820) mg/kg	_		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Disulfoton	z	2820) mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20	?	
Fenthion	z	2820) mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20) .	
Trichloronate	z	2820	_	0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20	ر ک	
Prothiofos	z	2820) mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Fensulphothion	z	2820	0 mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20	25	
Suiprofos	z	2820		0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		<0.20 ×		
Azinphos-Methyl	z	2820	gy/gm (0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		× 020		
Coumaphos	z	2820) mg/kg			< 0.20				< 0.20		₹0.20		
Alpha-HCH	z	2840	2840 mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		

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Quotation No.: Q19-18246		Chemtest Job No.:	JOD NO.	20510-02	2000	20-01302	20-01302	20-01302	20-01302	200000	2000	20-01302	20-01302
Outles Man		Chemtest Sample ID.:	mple ID.:	954287	954288	954289	954290	954291	954292	954293	954294	954295	954296
Order No.		Client Sample Ref.:	nple Ref.:		128541	128519	128529	128530	121844	126815	126817	126841	128844
		Sample	Sample Location:	TP1	TP3	TP5	TP6	TP8	BH01	BH02	BH02	BH3	BH3
		Sam	Sample Type:	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL
		Top L	Top Depth (m):	0.40	09'0	1.00	2.00	0.40	1.00	1,00	1.50	1.00	2.00
		Bottom D	Bottom Depth (m):		09.0	1.00	2.00	0.50	1.00	1.00	1.50	1.00	2.00
		Asbe	Asbestos Lab:					DURHAM				DURHAM	
Determinand	Accred.	. SOP Units	IS LOD									15 76 1 1 1 1	THE RESIDENCE
Gamma-HCH (Lindane)	z	2840 mg/kg	ug 0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Beta-HCH	z	2840 mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Delta-HCH	z	2840 mg/kg	(g 0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Heptachlor	z	2840 mg/kg	g 0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Aldrin	z	2840 mg/kg	g 0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Heptachlor Epoxide	z	2840 mg/kg	(g 0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Gamma-Chlordane	z	2840 mg/kg	g 0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Alpha-Chlordane	Z	2840 mg/kg	og 0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Endosulfan I	z	2840 mg/kg	ig 0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
4,4-DDE	z	2840 mg/kg	(g 0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Dieldrin	Z	2840 mg/kg	ig 0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Endrin	z	2840 mg/kg	ig 0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
4,4-DDD	z	2840 mg/kg	g 0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Endosulfan II	z	2840 mg/kg	g 0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Endrin Aldehyde	z	2840 mg/kg	g 0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
4,4-DDT	z	2840 mg/kg	G 0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Endosulfan Sulphate	z	2840 mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Methoxychior	z	2840 mg/kg	ig 0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Endrin Ketone	z	2840 mg/kg	ig 0.20		< 0.20				< 0.20		< 0.20		
Total Phenols	M	2920 mg/kg	g 0.30					< 0.30				< 0.30	

RECEIVED: 23/05/2025

- Soil

20-01302 126807

20-01302

20-01302

126803

954300

BHB SOIL 0.50

848 SOIL 3.00 3.00

954301

SOIL 2.00 BH6

2.00

The right chemistry to deliver results Project: 22153 Killbride Development Wicklow (Aecom)	results t Wicklow (A	ecom)					
Client: IGSL	The second	Che	Chemtest Job No.:	: oN do	20-01302	20-01302	20-01302
Quotation No.: Q19-18246		Chemte	Chemtest Sample ID.:	ple ID.:	954297	954298	954299
Order No.:		Clie	nt Samp	Client Sample Ref.:	126833	126834	121835
		S	Sample Location:	ocation;	BH4	BH4	BH5
			Sampl	Sample Type:	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL
			Top De	Top Depth (m):	1.00	1.50	1.00
		Bot	Bottom Depth (m):	(m) (lp	1.00	1.50	1.00
		7	Asbest	. 0			
Determinand	Accred.	SOP	Units	COD		College and	
ACM Type	Э	2192		N/A			
Asbestos identification	כ	2192	*	0.001			
ACM Detection Stage	>	2102		V/V			
Moisture	z	2030	8	0.020	16	14	16
pH (2.5.1)	z	2010		4.0	[A] 7.6		
Boron (Hot Water Soluble)	ח	2120	mg/kg	0.40			
Magnesium (Water Soluble)	z	2120	/6	0.010	< 0.010		
Sulphate (2:1 Water Soluble) as SO4	M	2120	6	0.010	< 0.010		
Total Sulphur	M	2175	%	0.010	[A] 0.048		
Sulphur (Elemental)	M	2180	mg/kg	1.0			
Chloride (Water Soluble)	0	2220	1/6	0.010	[A] < 0.010		
Nitrate (Water Soluble)	z	2220	/6	0.010	< 0.010		
Cyanide (Total)	M	2300	тд/кд				
Sulphide (Easily Liberatable)	z	2325	тд/кд	0.50			
Ammonium (Water Soluble)	N	2120	9/1	0.01	0.04		
Sulphate (Acid Soluble)	M	2430	%	0.010	[A] < 0.010		
Arsenic	N	2450	mg/kg	1.0		8.9	5.3
Barium	M	2450	mg/kg	10			
Cadmium	M	2450	mg/kg	0.10			
Chromium	M	2450	mg/kg	1.0			
Molybdenum	Σ	2450	mg/kg	2.0			
Antimony	z	2450	mg/kg	2.0			
Copper	n	2450	mg/kg	1.5		14	6.7
Mercury	Σ	2450	mg/kg	5		< 0.10	< 0.10
Nickel	M	2450	mg/kg	0.50		26	16
Lead	M	2450	mg/kg	0.50		-11	5.3
Selenium	Σ	2450	mg/kg	0.20		0.37	< 0.20
Zinc	n	2450	mg/kg	_		31	18
Chromium (Trivalent)	z	2490	mg/kg	1.0		25	9.5
Chromium (Hexavalent)	z	2490	mg/kg			< 0.50	< 0.50
Total Organic Carbon	Σ	2625	%	\sim			
Mineral Oil	z	2670	mg/kg				
Aliphatic TPH >C5-C6	z	2680	mg/kg			[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0
Aliphatic TPH >C6-C8	z	2680	mg/kg	1.0		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0
C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C			*				

[A] < 0.010 < 0.010

[A] < 0.010

< 0.010

< 0.010

[A] 7.8

[A] 7.8 < 0.010 < 0.010

9.8

16

[A] 0.012 < 0.010

[A] 0.011

A] < 0.010

[A] < 0.010

0.11

8.6

< 0.10

13

18

8

0.05

PRCRINED: 23/05/2025

< 0.50

0.28

45

16

2680 mg/kg 1.0 2680 mg/kg 1.0 2680 mg/kg 1.0

Σ ΣΣ

Aliphatic TPH >C10-C12 Aliphatic TPH >C12-C16 Aliphatic TPH >C8-C10

A < 1.0 A < 1.0 A < 1.0 A < 1.0

Results - Soil

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Client: IGSL		Che	Chamtest Job No.:	ON C	20.01309	90-01309	20-01302	20.01302	20-01302	20-01302
Quotation No.: Q19-18246		hemte	Chemtest Sample ID.:	le ID.:	954297	954298	954299	954300	954301	954302
Order No.:		Clie	Client Sample Ref.:	e Ref :	126833	126834	121835	121839	126803	126807
		S	Sample Location:	cation:	9H4	814	BHS	BHS	948	BH6
			Sample Type:	Type:	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL
			Top Depth (m):	th (m):	1.00	1.50	1 00	3.00	0.50	2.00
		Bo	Bottom Depth (m):	(h):	1.00	1.50	1.00	3.00	0.50	2.00
			Asbestos Lab:	se Lab:						
Determinand	Accred.	SOP	Units	LOD	10 May 180		10000	DESCRIPTION OF THE		PAS JACON
Aliphatic TPH >C16-C21	M	2680	mg/kg	1.0		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	
Aliphatic TPH >C21-C35	M	2680	ma/kg	0.1		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	
Aliphatic TPH >C35-C44	z	2680	ma/ka	ó		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	
Total Aliphatic Hydrocarbons	z	2680	ma/kg	5.0		[A] < 5.0	[A] < 5.0		[A] < 5.0	
Aromatic TPH >C5-C7	z	2680	mo/ka	1.0		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	
Aromatic TPH >C7-C8	z	2680	толко	0,		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	
Aromatic TPH > C8-C10	Σ	2680	mg/kg	1.0		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	
Aromatic TPH >C10-C12	Σ	2680	бубш	1.0		(A) < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	
Aromatic TPH > C12-C16	Σ	2680	mg/kg	0.		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	
Aromatic TPH >C16-C21	0	2680	mg/kg	0.1		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	
Aromatic TPH >C21-C35	M	2680	mg/kg	1.0		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	
Aromatic TPH >C35-C44	z	2680	па/ка	1.0		[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0	
Total Aromatic Hydrocarbons	z	2680	mg/kg	5.0		[A] < 5.0	[A] < 5.0		[A] < 5.0	
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	z	2680	mg/kg	10.0		[A] < 10	[A] < 10		[A] < 10	
Naphthalene	M	2700	mg/kg	0.10		[A] < 0.10	[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10	
Acenaphthylene	M	2700	mg/kg	0.10		[A] < 0.10	[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10	
Acenaphthene	M	2700	mg/kg	0.10		[A] < 0.10	[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10	
Fluorene	Σ	2700	mg/kg	0.10		[A] < 0.10	[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10	
Phenanthrene	×	2700	mg/kg	0.10		[A] < 0.10	[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10	
Anthracene	Σ	2700	mg/kg	0.10		[A] < 0.10	[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10	
Fluoranthene	M	2700	mg/kg	0.10		[A] < 0.10	[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10	
Pyrene	Σ	2700	mg/kg	0.10		[A] < 0.10	[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10	
Benzo[a]anthracene	Σ	2700	mg/kg	0.10		[A] < 0.10	[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10	
Chrysene	M	2700	mg/kg	0.10		[A] < 0.10	[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10	
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	M	2700	mg/kg	0.10		[A] < 0.10	[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10	
Benzo[kj/luoranthene	M	2700	mg/kg	0.10		[A] < 0.10	[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10	
Benzo[a]pyrene	M	2700	mg/kg	0.10		[A] < 0.10	[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10	
Indeno(1,2,3-a,d)Pyrene	M	2700	mg/kg	0.10		[A] < 0.10	[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10	
Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene	M	2700	mg/kg	0.10		[A] < 0.10	[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10	
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	M	2700	mg/kg	0.10		[A] < 0.10	[A] < 0.10		[A] < 0.10	
Total Of 16 PAH's	M	2700	mg/kg	2.0		[A] < 2.0	[A] < 2.0		[A] < 2.0	
Benzene	Σ	2760	µg/kg	1.0			State			
Toluene	M	2760	µg/kg	1.0						
Ethylbenzene	M	2760	pg/kg	1.0						
m & p-Xylene	2	2760	µg/kg	1.0						
o-Xylene	M	2760	µg/kg	1.0						
Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether	M	2760	µg/kg	1.0						
		0000	16	4						

PRICEINED: 23/05/2025

Results - Soil

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Client: IGSL		Che	Chemtest Job No.:	: oN de	20-01302	20-01302	20:01302	20-01302	20-01302	20-01302
Quotation No.: Q19-18246		Chemte	Chemtest Sample ID.:	ole ID:	954297	954298	954289	954300	954301	954302
Order No.:		Clie	Client Sample Ref.	e Ref	126833	126834	121835	121839	126803	126807
		ñ	Sample Location:	cation:	BH4	BHA	BH5	BHS	916	BHe
			Ton Denth (m)	Jyne.	SOIL SOIL	POP +	305	SOF	NO.	200
		a a	Rottom Depth (m)	(m)	00.1	00.4	00.7	9.00	0.00	200
		000	Aspestos Lab	de sc	1.00	20.7	00.	20.5	00:0	7.00
Determinand	Accred.	SOP	Units	COD		Charles and			Harman and American	
Acenaphthylene	z	2800	та/ка							
Acenaphthene	Σ	2800	_	0.10						
Fluorena	N	2800	mg/kg	0.10						
Phenanthrene	N	2800	mg/kg	0.10						
Benzo[j]fluoranthene	z	2800	mg/kg	0.10						
Anthracene	M	2800	тв/ка	0.10						
Fluoranthene	×	2800		0,10						
Pyrene	×	2800	талка	0.10						
Benzo[a]anthracene	×	2800	mg/kg	0.10						
Chrysene	Σ	2800	то/ка	0.10						
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	M	2800	та/ка	0.10						
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	Σ	2800	Бу/бш	0.10						
Benzo[a]pyrene	Σ	2800	mg/kg	0.10						
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)Pyrene	Σ	2800	mg/kg	0.10						
Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene	z	2800	mg/kg	0.10						
Benzo(g,h,i]perylene	2	2800	шдука	0.10						
Coronene	z	2800	mg/kg	0.10						
otal Of 17 PAH's	z	2800	mg/kg	2.0						
PCB 28	5	2815	mg/kg	0.010						
PCB 52	>	2815	_	0.010						
PCB 90+101	D	2815		0.010						
PCB 118	0	2815	mg/kg	0.010						
PCB 153	5	2815	mg/kg	0.010						
PCB 138	5	2815	mg/kg	0.010	20					
PCB 180	2	2815	mg/kg	0.010						
Total PCBs (7 Congeners)	D	2815	mg/kg	0.10						
Demeton-O	z	2820	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Phorate	z	2820	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Demeton-S	z	2820	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Disulfaton	z	2820	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Fenthion	z	2820	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Trichloronate	z	2820	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Prothiofos	z	_	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Fensulphothion	z	2820	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Sulprofos	z	2820	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Azinphos-Methyl	2		mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Coumaphos	z	2820	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		× 0.20	

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Client: IGSL		Cher	Chemtest Job No.:	: oN qu	20-01302	20-01302	20-01302	20-01302	20-01302	20-01302
Quotetion No.: Q19-18246		Chemte	Chemtest Sample ID.:	ole ID.:	954297	954298	954299	954300	954301	954302
Order No.:		Citer	Client Sample Ref.:	e Ref :	126833	126834	121835	121839	126803	126807
		Sa	Sample Location:	cation:	BH4	BH4	BH5	BH5	BHG	BH6
			Sample	Sample Type:	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL
			Top Depth (m):	ALL (III)	1.00	1.50	1.00	3.00	0.50	2.00
		Bot	Bottom Depth (m):	off (m):	1.00	1.50	1.00	3.00	0.50	2.00
		ĺ	Asbestos Lab:	os Lab:						
Determinand	Accred.	SOP	Units LOD	LOD		The state of the s				H
Gamma-HCH (Lindane)	z	2840	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Beta-HCH	z	2840	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Delta-HCH	z	2840	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Heptachlor	z	2840	2840 mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Aldrin	z	2840	2840 mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Heptachlor Epoxide	z	2840	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Gamma-Chlordane	z	2840	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Alpha-Chlordane	z	2840	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Endosulfan	z	2840	2840 mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
4,4-DDE	z	2840	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Dieldrin	z		то/ка	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Endrin	z	2840	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
4,4-DDD	z	2840	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Endosulfan II	z	2840	2840 mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Endrin Aldehyde	z	2840	тв/ка	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
4,4-DDT	z	2840	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Endosulfan Sulphate	z	2840	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Methoxychlor	z	2840	mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Endrin Ketone	z	2840	2840 mg/kg	0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20	
Total Discools	-	0000	2000	000						

PRICEINED: 23/05/2025





Project: 22153 Killbride Development Wicklow (Aecom)

Landfill WAC analysis (specifically leaching test results) must not be used for hazardous waste classification purposes. This analysis is only applicable for hazardous waste landfill acceptance and does not give any indication as to whether a waste may be hazardous or non-hazardous.

Page 11 of 17 To evaluate Hazardous Limit values for compliance leaching test 100000 Waste Landfill 5000 25000 300 90 200 10 1 30 20 ø 40 Landfill Waste Acceptance Criteria using BS EN 12457 at L/S 10 likg waste in non-hazardous Stable, Non-To evaluate nazardous reactive Landfill 50 15000 150 20000 8 100 무명경우무 9 0.7 Inert Waste 500 0.04 90.0 1000 5 0,5 0,5 0.5 800 10:1 Eluate [A] < 0.010 0.050
 0.050
 0.050
 0.050
 0.050
 0.050
 0.033 < 0.050 < 0.50 < 0.010 (A) < 10 < 2.0 < 0.50 < 0.10 < 0.010 A 0.80 0.025 mg/kg < 0.010 380 7.8 21 0:1 Eluate 0.0032 < 0.00010 0.0018 0.0024 < 0.00050 0.0011 < 0.0010 0.0033 < 0.0010 mg/kg mg/kg mol/kg mg/kg 0.0018 Units /BE 1.2 38 Accred z 2 2625 2625 2610 2760 2815 2670 2800 1450 1450 1450 1450 1450 1450 1450 1450 1220 1220 1220 2010 128530 954291 0.40 0.50 Total PCBs (7 Congeners)
TPH Total WAC (Mineral Oil) Acid Neutralisation Capacity ulphate otal Dissolved Solids Chemtest Sample ID: otal Organic Carbon otal (Of 17) PAH's Chemtest Job No: Bottom Depth(m): Sample Location: Eluate Analysis Sampling Date: Determinand noss On Ignition op Depth(m): Sample Ref. Aolybdenum Sample ID: otal BTEX Chromium Sadmium Selenium utimony lercury. thloride. noride Sopper Senic 3arium Vickel ead





Standard Ref. 12304+1	ation: 126841 ation: BH3 1,00 ate: 1,00 ate: 1,00 ate: 1,00 ate: 1,00 ate: 1,00 ate: 1,00 ate: 2625 ate: 2670 AC (Mineral Oil) 2670 PAH's 2616 AC (Mineral Oil) 2610 astion Capacity 2015 fishs 1450 1450 1450 1450 1450 1450 1450	Units % % mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	[A] < 0.20 2.7 [A] < 0.010 < 0.10		Stable, Non- reactive	7
Particular Par	D: BH3	Units % % mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg 10:1Eluate mg/l	[A] < 0.20 2.7 [A] < 0.010 < 0.10		reactive	7
The continuent conti	Location: BH3 th(m): 1.00 Depth(m): 1.00 g Date: 2625 ganic Carbon 2610 EX 2610 EX 2610 EX 200 Ignition 2610 EX 2010 Indivision Capacity 2015 Indivision Capacity 2	Units % % mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	[A] < 0.20 2.7 [A] < 0.010 < 0.10	THE PERSON NAMED IN	. winder water Col.	
The control of the	Ath(m): 1.00 Depth(m): 1.00 g Date: 3.0P anic Carbon 2625 ganic Carbon 2625 ganic Carbon 2610 EX 2610 EX 2610 Ignition 2610 Intelisation Capacity 2015 Inalysis 1450 Inalysis 1450 Inalysis 1450	Units % % mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mo/kg mo/kg mo/kg	[A] < 0.20 2.7 [A] < 0.010 < 0.10		hazardous	Hazardous
According to the control of the co	g Date: g Date: and Sape lganic Carbon lgani	Units % % mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mo/kg fro/kg mg/kg mg/kg	[A] < 0.20 2.7 [A] < 0.010 < 0.10	Inert Waste	waste in non-	Waste
Secondary Sept	SOP SOP	Units % % mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mo/kg	[A] < 0.20 2.7 [A] < 0.010 < 0.10		Landfill	Tall Call
sis Configuration 2625 M % IAX + 220 3 5 6 sis Configuration 2670 M mg/kg IAX + 10 50 —	1450 1450	% mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mo/kg mg/l	[A] < 0.20 2.7 [A] < 0.010 < 0.10			
Auto-	Ignition 2610 EX 2760 Bs (7 Congeners) 2815 Bs (7 Congeners) 2815 If you are a second and a	% mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mo/kg 10:1 Eluate mg/l	2.7 [A] < 0.010 < 0.10	6	5	9
Part Part	EX 2760 Bs (7 Congeners) 2815 Al WAC (Mineral Oil) 2870 2800 2010 2010 tralisation Capacity 2015 Inalysis 1450 In 1450 In 1450 In 1450 In 1450 In 1450 In 1450 In 1450 In 1450 In 1450 In 1450 In 1450 In 1450	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mo/kg 10:1 Eluate mg/l	(A) < 0.010 < 0.10		*	10
Harden Congeneral Selfs M	## WAC (Mineral Oil) 2815 ## WAC (Mineral Oil) 2670 17) PAH's 2010 1450	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mo/kg 10:1 Eluate mg/l	< 0.10	9	1	1
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1450 U < 0.0010 < 0.050 C 2 50 100	m 1450 1450 1450	< 0.00010	< 0.010	0.04	10	5
1456	1450	< 0.0010	< 0.050	9.0	10	70
Second Color	1450	< 0.0010	< 0.050	2	90	100
1456 U 0,0019 < 0,050 0.5 10 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	CUTT	< 0.00050	< 0.0050	10.0	0.2	2
National Carbon 1450	1450	0.0019	< 0.050	0.5	10	30
Marco 1450	1450	< 0.0010	< 0.050	0.4	10	40
Table Tabl	1450	< 0.0010	< 0.010	0.5	10	93
erium 1450 U	1450	< 0.0010	< 0.010	90.0	0.7	5
1450	ium 1450	< 0.0010	< 0.010	0.1	0.5	7
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Page 12 of 17	ndfill WAC analysis (specifically leaching test results) must not be us hazardous waste landfill acceptance and does not give any indicati	ed for hazardous on as to whether	waste classifica a waste may be	tion purposes. hazardous or r	This analysis is or on-hazardous.	y applicative
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	(%)	16



Deviations

In accordance with UKAS Policy on Deviating Samples TPS 63. Chemiest have a procedure to ensure 'upon receipt of each sample a competent laboratory shall assess whether the sample is suitable with regard to the requested test(s). This policy and the respective holding times applied, can be supplied upon request. The reason a sample is declared as deviating is detailed below. Where applicable the analysis remains UKAS/MCERTs accredited but the results may be compromised.

\$5000 Att	52:37 1 2:1723 623	755 8 860	Sample	Sampled	MG RIMA SEE DINCOS	Container
Sample:	Sample Ref:	Sample ID:	Location:	Date:	Deviation Code(s):	Received
954287			TP1		Α	Amber Glass 250ml
954287			TP1		А	Plastic Tub 500g
954288	128541		TP3		A	Amber Glas 250ml
954268	128541		ТРЗ		A	Plastic Tub 500g
954289	128519		TP5		Α	Amber Glas 250ml
954289	128519		TP5		Α	Plastic Tub 500g
954290	128529		TP6		Α	Amber Glas 250ml
954290	128529		TP6		Α	Plastic Tub 500g
954291	128530		TP8		А	Amber Glas 250ml
954291	128530		TP8		А	Plastic Tub 500g
954292	121844		BH01		А	Amber Glas 250ml
954292	121844		BH01		А	Plastic Tub 500g
954293	126815		BH02		А	Amber Glas 250ml
954293	126815		BH02		A	Plastic Tut 500g
954294	126817		BH02		А	Amber Glas 250ml
954294	126817		BH02		А	Plastic Tut 500g
954295	126841		внз		А	Amber Glas 250ml
954295	126841		внз		Α	Plastic Tut 500g
954296	128844		внз		А	Amber Glas 250ml
954296	128844		внз		A	Plastic Tub 500g
954297	126833		BH4	Date 1	А	Amber Glas 250ml
954297	126833		BH4		A	Plastic Tub 500g



Deviations

In accordance with UKAS Policy on Deviating Samples TPS 63. Chemiest have a procedure to ensure 'upon receipt of each sample a competent laboratory shall assess whether the sample is suitable with regard to the requested test(s). This policy and the respective holding times applied, car b) supplied upon request. The reason a sample is declared as deviating is detailed below. Where applicable the analysis remains UKAS/MCERTs accredited but the results may be compromised.

Sample:	Sample Ref:	Sample ID:	Sample Location:	Sampled Date:	Deviation Code(s):	Containers Received:
954298	126834		BH4		А	Amber Glass 250ml
954298	126834		BH4		А	Plastic Tub 500g
954299	121835		BH5		A	Amber Glass 250ml
954299	121835		BH5		А	Plastic Tub 500g
954300	121839		BH5		А	Amber Glass 250ml
954300	121839		BH5		А	Plastic Tub 500g
954301	126803		BH6		А	Amber Glass 250ml
954301	126803		BH6		А	Plastic Tub 500g
954302	126807		BH6		A	Amber Glass 250ml
954302	126807		вн6		А	Plastic Tub 500g



Test Methods

SOP	Title	Parameters included	Method summary	
1010	pH Value of Waters	pH	pH Meter	
1020	Electrical Conductivity and Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) in Waters	Electrical Conductivity and Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) in Waters	Conductivity Meter	
1220	Anions, Alkalinity & Ammonium in Waters	Fluoride, Chloride; Nitrite; Nitrate; Total; Oxidisable Nitrogen (TON); Sulfate; Phosphate; Alkalinity; Ammonium	Automated colorimetric analysis using 'Aquakem 600' Discrete Analyser.	
1450	Metals in Waters by ICP-MS	Metals, including: Antimony; Arsenic; Barium; Beryllium; Boron; Cadmium; Chromium; Cobalt; Copper; Lead; Manganese; Mercury; Molybdenum, Nickel; Selenium; Tin; Vanadium; Zinc	determination by inductively coupled plasma	
1610	Total/Dissolved Organic Carbon in Waters	Organic Carbon	TOC Analyser using Catalytic Oxidation	
1920	Phenols in Waters by HPLC	Phenolic compounds including: Phenol, Cresols, Xylenols, Trimethylphenols Note: Chlorophenols are excluded.	Determination by High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) using electrochemical detection.	
2010	pH Value of Soils	pH	pH Meter	
2015	Acid Neutralisation Capacity	Acid Reserve	Titration	
2030	Moisture and Stone Content of Soils(Requirement of MCERTS)	Moisture content	Determination of moisture content of soil as a percentage of its as received mass obtained at <37°C.	
2120	Water Soluble Boron, Sulphate, Magnesium & Chromium	Boron; Sulphate; Magnesium; Chromium	Aqueous extraction / ICP-OES	
2175	Total Sulphur in Soils	Total Sulphur	Determined by high temperature combustion under oxygen, using an Eltra elemental analyser.	
2180	Sulphur (Elemental) in Soils by HPLC	Sulphur	Dichloromethane extraction / HPLC with UV detection	
2192	Asbestos	Asbestos	Polarised light microscopy / Gravimetry	
2220	Water soluble Chloride in Soils	Chloride	Aqueous extraction and measurement by 'Aquakem 600' Discrete Analyser using ferric nitrate / mercuric thiocyanate.	
2300	Cyanides & Thiocyanate in Soils	Free (or easy liberatable) Cyanide; total Cyanide; complex Cyanide; Thiocyanate	Allkaline extraction followed by colorimetric determination using Automated Flow Injection Analyser.	
2325	Sulphice in Soils	Sulphide	Steam distillation with sulphuric acid / analysis by 'Aquakem 600' Discrete Analyser, using N,N-dimethyl-p-phenylenediamine.	
2430	Total Sulphate in soils	Total Sulphate	Acid digestion followed by determination of sulphate in extract by ICP-OES.	
2450	Acid Soluble Metals in Soils	Metals, including: Arsenic; Barium; Beryllium; Cadmium; Chromium; Cobalt; Copper, Lead; Manganese; Mercury; Molybdenum; Nickel; Selenium; Vanadium; Zinc	Acid digestion followed by determination of metals in extract by ICP-MS.	
2490	Hexavalent Chromium in Soils	Chromium [VI]	Soil extracts are prepared by extracting cried and ground soil samples into boiling water. Chromium [VI] is determined by 'Aquakem 600 Discrete Analyser using 1,5-diphenylcarbazide.	
2610	Loss on Ignition	loss on ignition (LOI)	Determination of the proportion by mass that is tost from a soil by ignition at 550°C.	
2625	Total Organic Carbon in Soils	Total organic Carbon (TOC)	Determined by high temperature combustion under oxygen, using an Eltra elemental analyser.	
2670	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) in Soils by GC-FID	TPH (C6-C40); optional carbon banding, e.g. 3- band – GRO, DRO & LRO*TPH C8-C40	Dichloromethane extraction / GC-FID	



Test Methods

SOP	Title	Parameters included	Method summary	
2680	Aliphatics: >C5-C6, >C6-C8, >C6-C10, >C10-C12, >C12-C16, >C16-C21, >C21- TPH A/A Split C35, >C35- C44Aromatics: >C5-C7, >C7-C >C8- C10, >C10-C12, >C12-C16, >C16- C >C21- C35, >C35- C44		Dichloromethane extraction (GCxGC FID detection	
2700	Speciated Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) in Soil by GC-FID	Acenaphthene; Acenaphthylene; Anthracene; Benzo[a]Anthracene; Benzo[a]Pyrene; Benzo[b]Fluoranthene; Benzo[ghi]Perylene; Benzo[k]Fluoranthene; Chrysene; Dibenz[ah]Anthracene; Fluoranthene; Fluorene; Indeno[123cd]Pyrene; Naphthalene; Phenanthrene; Pyrene	Dichloromethane extraction / GC-FID (GC-FID detection is non-selective and can be subject to	
2760	Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in Soils by Headspace GC-MS	Volatile organic compounds, including BTEX and halogenated Aliphatic/Aromatics.(cf. USEPA Method 8260)*please refer to UKAS schedule	Automated headspace gas chromatographic (GC) analysis of a soil sample, as received, with mass spectrometric (MS) detection of volatile organic compounds.	
2800	Speciated Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) in Soil by GC-MS	Acenaphthene*; Acenaphthylene; Anthracene*; Benzo[a]Anthracene*; Benzo[a]Pyrene*; Benzo[b]Fluoranthene*; Benzo[ghi]Perylene*; Benzo[k]Fluoranthene; Chrysene*; Dibenz[ah]Anthracene; Fluoranthene*; Fluorene*; Indeno[123cd]Pyrene*; Naphthalene*; Phenanthrene*; Pyrene*	Dichloromethane extraction / GC-MS	
2815	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB) ICES7Congeners in Soils by GC-MS	CES7 PCB congeners	Acetone/Hexane extraction / GC-MS	
2820	Organophosphorus (O-P) Pesticides in Soils by GC-MS	Organophosphorus pesticide representative suite including Parathion, Malathion etc, plus client specific determinands	Dichloromethane extraction / GC-MS	
2840	Organochlorine (O-CI) Pesticides in Soils by GC-MS	Organochlorine pesticide representative suite including DDT and its metabolites, 'drins' and HCH etc, plus client specific determinands	Dichloromethane extraction / GC-MS	
2920	Phenois in Soils by HPLC	Phenolic compounds including Resordingly, Phenol, Methylphenols, Dimethylphenols, 1-Naphthol and TrimethylphenolsNote: chlorophenols are excluded.	60:40 methenol/water mixture extraction, followed by HPLC determination using electrochemical detection.	
640	Characterisation of Waste (Leaching C10)	Waste material including soil, sludges and granular waste	ComplianceTest for Leaching of Granular Waste Material and Siudge	



Report Information

PRICEINED. 23/05/2025

Key

- U UKAS accredited
- M MCERTS and UKAS accredited
- N Unaccredited
- S This analysis has been subcontracted to a UKAS accredited laboratory that is accredited for this analysis
- SN This analysis has been subcontracted to a UKAS accredited laboratory that is not accredited for this analysis
- T This analysis has been subcontracted to an unaccredited laboratory
- I/S Insufficient Sample
- U/S Unsuitable Sample
- N/E not evaluated
- < "less than"
- > "greater than"

Comments or interpretations are beyond the scope of UKAS accreditation

The results relate only to the items tested

Uncertainty of measurement for the determinands tested are available upon request

None of the results in this report have been recovery corrected

All results are expressed on a dry weight basis

The following tests were analysed on samples as received and the results subsequently corrected to a dry weight basis TPH, BTEX, VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Phenols

For all other tests the samples were dried at < 37°C prior to analysis

All Asbestos testing is performed at the indicated laboratory

Issue numbers are sequential starting with 1 all subsequent reports are incremented by 1

Sample Deviation Codes

- A Date of sampling not supplied
- B Sample age exceeds stability time (sampling to extraction)
- C Sample not received in appropriate containers
- D Broken Container
- E Insufficient Sample (Applies to LOI in Trommel Fines Only)

Sample Retention and Disposal

All soil samples will be retained for a period of 45 days from the date of receipt

All water samples will be retained for 14 days from the date of receipt

Charges may apply to extended sample storage

If you require extended retention of samples, please email your requirements to: customerservices@chemtest.com

PRICEINED: 23/05/2025

Appendix VII Site Plan



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Naas, Co. Kildare
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ARCANAD. 23/05/2025

Appendix 9.1 Ambient Air Quality Standards

APPENDIX 9.1:

AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STANDARDS

National standards for ambient air pollutants in Ireland have generally ensued from Council Directives enacted in the EU (& previously the EC & EEC). The initial interest in ambient air pollution legislation in the EU dates from the early 1980s and was in response to the most serious pollutant problems at that time which was the issue of acid rain. As a result of this sulphur dioxide, and later nitrogen dioxide, were both the focus of EU legislation. Linked to the acid rain problem was urban smog associated with fuel burning for space heating purposes. Also apparent at this time were the problems caused by leaded petrol and EU legislation was introduced to deal with this problem in the early 1980s.

In recent years the EU has focused on defining a basis strategy across the EU in relation to ambient air quality. In 1996, a Framework Directive, Council Directive 96/62/EC, on ambient air quality assessment and management was enacted. The aims of the Directive are fourfold. Firstly, the Directive's aim is to establish objectives for ambient air quality designed to avoid harmful effects to health. Secondly, the Directive aims to assess ambient air quality on the basis of common methods and criteria throughout the EU. Additionally, it is aimed to make information on air quality available to the public via alert thresholds and fourthly, it aims to maintain air quality where it is good and improve it in other cases.

As part of these measures to improve air quality, the European Commission has adopted proposals for daughter legislation under Directive 96/62/EC. The first of these directives to be enacted, Council Directive 1999/30/EC, has been passed into Irish Law as S.I. No 271 of 2002 (Air Quality Standards Regulations 2002) and has set limit values which came into operation on 17th June 2002. The Air Quality Standards Regulations 2002 detail margins of tolerance, which are trigger levels for certain types of action in the period leading to the attainment date. The margin of tolerance varies from 60% for lead, to 30% for 24-hour limit value for PM₁₀, 40% for the hourly and annual limit value for NO₂ and 26% for hourly SO₂ limit values. The margin of tolerance commenced from June 2002, and started to reduce from 1 January 2003 and every 12 months thereafter by equal annual percentages to reach 0% by the attainment date. A second daughter directive, EU Council Directive 2000/69/EC, has published limit values for both carbon monoxide and benzene in ambient air. This has also been passed into Irish Law under the Air Quality Standards Regulations 2002.

The most recent EU Council Directive on ambient air quality was published on the 11/06/08 which has been transposed into Irish Law as S.I. 180 of 2011. Council Directive 2008/50/EC combines the previous Air Quality Framework Directive and its subsequent daughter directives. Provisions were also made for the inclusion of new ambient limit values relating to PM_{2.5}. The margins of tolerance specific

to each pollutant were also slightly adjusted from previous directives. In regards to existing ambient air quality standards, it is not proposed to modify the standards but to strengthen existing provisions to ensure that non-compliances are removed. In addition, new ambient standards for PM_{2.5} are included in Directive 2008/50/EC. The approach for PM_{2.5} was to establish a target value of 25 μ g/m3, as an annual average (to be attained everywhere by 2010) and a limit value of 25 μ g/m3, as an annual average (to be attained everywhere by 2015), coupled with a target to reduce human exposure generally to PM_{2.5} between 2010 and 2020. This exposure reduction target will range from 0% (for PM_{2.5} concentrations of less than 8.5 μ g/m³ to 20% of the average exposure indicator (AEI) for concentrations of between 18 - 22 μ g/m³). Where the AEI is currently greater than 22 μ g/m³ all appropriate measures should be employed to reduce this level to 18 μ g/m³ by 2020. The AEI is based on measurements taken in urban background locations averaged over a three-year period from 2008 - 2010 and again from 2018-2020. Additionally, an exposure concentration obligation of 20 μ g/m³ was set to be complied with by 2015 again based on the AEI.

Although the EU Air Quality Limit Values are the basis of legislation, other thresholds outlined by the EU Directives are used which are triggers for particular actions. The Alert Threshold is defined in Council Directive 96/62/EC as "a level beyond which there is a risk to human health from brief exposure and at which immediate steps shall be taken as laid down in Directive 96/62/EC". These steps include undertaking to ensure that the necessary steps are taken to inform the public (e.g. by means of radio, television, and the press).

The Margin of Tolerance is defined in Council Directive 96/62/EC as a concentration which is higher than the limit value when legislation comes into force. It decreases to meet the limit value by the attainment date. The Upper Assessment Threshold is defined in Council Directive 96/62/EC as a concentration above which high quality measurement is mandatory. Data from measurement may be supplemented by information from other sources, including air quality modelling.

An annual average limit for both NO_X (NO and NO_2) is applicable for the protection of vegetation in highly rural areas away from major sources of NO_X such as large conurbations, factories, and high road vehicle activity such as a dual carriageway or motorway. Annex VI of EU Directive 1999/30/EC identifies that monitoring to demonstrate compliance with the NO_X limit for the protection of vegetation should be carried out distances greater than:

- 5 km from the nearest motorway or dual carriageway
- 5 km from the nearest major industrial installation
- 20 km from a major urban conurbation

As a guideline, a monitoring station should be indicative of approximately 1000 km² of surrounding area.

Under the terms of EU Framework Directive on Ambient Air Quality (96/62/EC) geographical areas within member states have been classified in terms of zones. The zones have been defined in order to meet the criteria for air quality monitoring, assessment, and management as described in the Framework Directive and Daughter Directives. Zone A is defined as Dublin and its environs, Zone B is defined as Cork City, Zone C is defined as 23 urban areas with a population greater than 15,000 and Zone D is defined as the remainder of the country. The Zones were defined based on among other things, population, and existing ambient air quality.

EU Council Directive 96/62/EC on ambient air quality and assessment has been adopted into Irish Legislation (S.I. No. 33 of 1999). The act has designated the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as the competent authority responsible for the implementation of the Directive and for assessing ambient air quality in the State. Other commonly referenced ambient air quality standards include the World Health Organisation. The WHO guidelines differ from air quality standards in that they are primarily set to protect public health from the effects of air pollution. Air quality standards, however, are air quality guidelines recommended by governments, for which additional factors, such as socioeconomic factors, may be considered.



PECENED. 23/05/2025

Appendix 9.2 Dust Minimisation Plan

APPENDIX 9.2:

DUST MINIMISATION PLAN

The objective of dust control at the site is to ensure that no significant nuisance occurs at nearby sensitive receptors. In order to develop a workable and transparent dust control strategy, the following management plan has been formulated by drawing on best practice guidance from Ireland and the United Kingdom.

Site Management

The aim is to ensure good site management by avoiding dust becoming airborne at source. This will be done through good design and effective control strategies.

At the construction/demolition planning stage, the siting of activities and storage piles will take note of the location of sensitive receptors and prevailing wind directions in order to minimise the potential for significant dust nuisance (see Figure 8.3 for the Windrose for Oak Park). As the prevailing wind is predominantly south-westerly, locating construction/demolition compounds and storage piles downwind of sensitive receptors will minimise the potential for dust nuisance to occur at sensitive receptors.

Good site management will include the ability to respond to adverse weather conditions by either restricting operations on-site or quickly implementing effective control measures before the potential for nuisance occurs. When rainfall is greater than 0.2mm/day, dust generation is generally suppressed. The potential for significant dust generation is also reliant on threshold wind speeds of greater than 10 m/s (19.4 knots) (at 7m above ground) to release loose material from storage piles and other exposed materials. Particular care should be taken during periods of high winds (gales) as these are periods where the potential for significant dust emissions is highest. The prevailing meteorological conditions in the vicinity of the site are favourable in general for the suppression of dust for a significant period of the year. Nevertheless, there will be infrequent periods where care will be needed to ensure that dust nuisance does not occur.

The following measures shall be taken in order to avoid dust nuisance occurring under unfavourable meteorological conditions:

- The Principal Contractor or equivalent must monitor the contractors' performance to ensure that
 the proposed mitigation measures are implemented, and that dust impacts and nuisance are
 minimised.
- During working hours, dust control methods will be monitored as appropriate, depending on the prevailing meteorological conditions;

- The name and contact details of a person to contact regarding air quality and dust issues shall be
 displayed on the site boundary, this notice board should also include head/regional office contact
 details;
- It is recommended that community engagement be undertaken before works commence on site explaining the nature and duration of the works to local residents and businesses;
- A complaints register will be kept on site detailing all telephone calls and letters of complaint received in connection with dust nuisance or air quality concerns, together with details of any remedial actions carried out;
- The Principal Contractor or equivalent must monitor the contractors' performance to ensure that the proposed mitigation measures are implemented, and that dust impacts and nuisance are minimised;
- During working hours, dust control methods will be monitored as appropriate, depending on the prevailing meteorological conditions.
- The name and contact details of a person to contact regarding air quality and dust issues shall be displayed on the site boundary, this notice board should also include head/regional office contact details.
- It is recommended that community engagement be undertaken before works commence on site explaining the nature and duration of the works to local residents and businesses.
- A complaints register will be kept on site detailing all telephone calls and letters of complaint received in connection with dust nuisance or air quality concerns, together with details of any remedial actions carried out;
- It is the responsibility of the contractor at all times to demonstrate full compliance with the dust control conditions herein;
- At all times, the procedures put in place will be strictly monitored and assessed.

The dust minimisation measures shall be reviewed at regular intervals during the works to ensure the effectiveness of the procedures in place and to maintain the goal of minimisation of dust through the use of best practice and procedures. In the event of dust nuisance occurring outside the site boundary, site activities will be reviewed, and satisfactory procedures implemented to rectify the problem. Specific dust control measures to be employed are described below.

Site Roads / Haulage Routes

Movement of construction trucks along site roads (particularly unpaved roads) can be a significant source of fugitive dust if control measures are not in place. The most effective means of suppressing dust emissions from unpaved roads is to apply speed restrictions. Studies show that these measures can have a control efficiency ranging from 25 to 80%.

- A speed restriction of 20 km/hr will be applied as an effective control measure for dust for on-site vehicles using unpaved site roads.
- Access gates to the site shall be located at least 10m from sensitive receptors where possible.
- Bowsers or suitable watering equipment will be available during periods of dry weather throughout the construction/demolition period. Research has found that watering can reduce dust emissions by 50%. Watering shall be conducted during sustained dry periods to ensure that unpaved areas are kept moist. The required application frequency will vary according to soil type, weather conditions and vehicular use.
- Any hard surface roads will be swept to remove mud and aggregate materials from their surface while any unsurfaced roads shall be restricted to essential site traffic only.

Land Clearing / Earth Moving

Land clearing / earth-moving works during periods of high winds and dry weather conditions can be a significant source of dust.

- During dry and windy periods, and when there is a likelihood of dust nuisance, watering shall be conducted to ensure moisture content of materials being moved is high enough to increase the stability of the soil and thus suppress dust.
- During periods of very high winds (gales), activities likely to generate significant dust emissions should be postponed until the gale has subsided.

Storage Piles

The location and moisture content of storage piles are important factors which determine their potential for dust emissions.

- Overburden material will be protected from exposure to wind by storing the material in sheltered regions of the site. Where possible storage piles should be located downwind of sensitive receptors.
- Regular watering will take place to ensure the moisture content is high enough to increase the stability
 of the soil and thus suppress dust. The regular watering of stockpiles has been found to have an 80%
 control efficiency.
- Where feasible, hoarding will be erected around site boundaries to reduce visual impact. This will also have an added benefit of preventing larger particles from impacting on nearby sensitive receptors.

Site Traffic on Public Roads

Spillage and blow-off of debris, aggregates and fine material onto public roads should be reduced to a minimum by employing the following measures:

- Vehicles delivering or collecting material with potential for dust emissions shall be enclosed or covered with tarpaulin at all times to restrict the escape of dust.
- At the main site train...

 site must pass through the wheel wash. In addition, public roads as inspected for cleanliness, as a minimum on a daily basis, and cleaned, as necessary. At the main site traffic exits, a wheel wash facility shall be installed if feasible. All trucks leaving the site must pass through the wheel wash. In addition, public roads outside the site shall be regularly

<u>Summary of Dust Mitigation Measures</u>

The pro-active control of fugitive dust will ensure that the prevention of significant emissions, rather than an inefficient attempt to control them once they have been released, will contribute towards the satisfactory performance of the contractor. The key features with respect to control of dust will be:

- The specification of a site policy on dust and the identification of the site management responsibilities for dust issues.
- The development of a documented system for managing site practices with regard to dust control;
- The development of a means by which the performance of the dust minimisation plan can be regularly monitored and assessed; and
- The specification of effective measures to deal with any complaints received.



PECENED. 23/05/2025

Appendix 10.1 Verified Views and CGI



3D Solutions for the Built Environment Design | Planning | Construction | Marketing

"Lands at Kilbride", Arklow, Co. Wicklow.

Verified Views and CGI

Applicant: Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited

+353 (0) 1 2880186✓ info@3ddesignbureau.com✓ www.3ddesignbureau.com













"Lands at Kilbride", Arklow, Co. Wicklow.

Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited





Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited





Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited Image Title : CGI 1 - Option





Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited





Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited Image Title : CGI 2 - Option





Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited





Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited



Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited Image Title : CGI 4 - Option





Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited





Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited Image Title : CGI 5 - Option





Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited





Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited Image Title : CGI 6 - Option





Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited







Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited



Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited Image Title : CGI 8 - Option





Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited





Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited



Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited Image Title : CGI 10 - Option





Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited





Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited

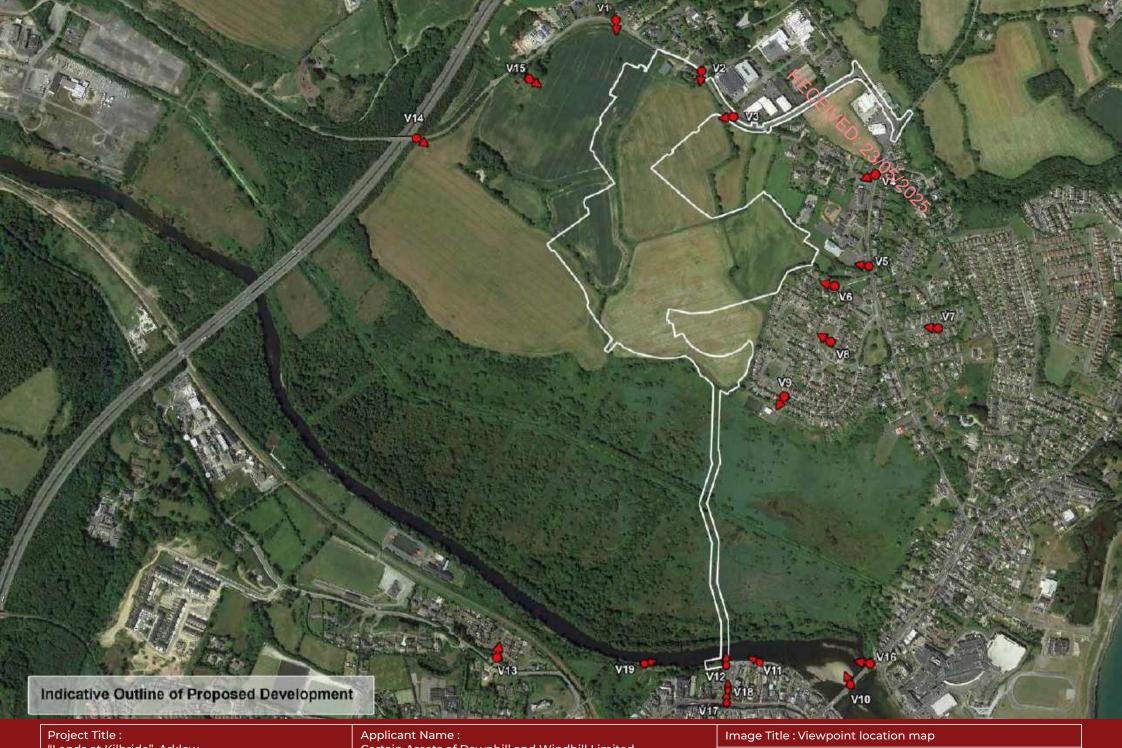


Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited



Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited





"Lands at Kilbride", Arklow, Co. Wicklow.

Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited



Lens type: EF16-35mmf/4LISUSM

Focal Length: 16mm

Approx. Distance: 83.8m

Date & Time: 29/08/2024,09:55:03



Project Title: "Lands at Kilbride", Arklow, Co. Wicklow. Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited Image Title: Baseline VVM 1



Lens type: EF16-35mmf/4LISUSM

Focal Length: 16mm

Approx. Distance: 83.8m

Date & Time: 29/08/2024,09:55:03



Project Title: "Lands at Kilbride", Arklow, Co. Wicklow. Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited



Lens type: EF16-35mmf/4LISUSM

Focal Length: 16mm

Approx. Distance: 83.8m

Date & Time: 29/08/2024,09:55:03



Project Title : "Lands at Kilbride", Arklow, Co. Wicklow. Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited Image Title: Cumulative VVM 1



Lens type: EF16-35mmf/4LISUSM

Focal Length : 16mm

Approx. Distance: 15.3m

Date & Time: 29/08/2024,10:14:04



Project Title : "Lands at Kilbride", Arklow, Co. Wicklow. Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited Image Title : Baseline VVM 2



Lens type: EF16-35mmf/4LISUSM

Focal Length: 16mm

Approx. Distance: 15.3m

Date & Time: 29/08/2024,10:14:04



Project Title : "Lands at Kilbride", Arklow, Co. Wicklow. Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited



Lens type: EF16-35mmf/4LISUSM

Focal Length: 16mm

Approx. Distance: 15.3m

Date & Time: 29/08/2024,10:14:04



Project Title:
"Lands at Kilbride", Arklow,
Co. Wicklow.

Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited Image Title : Cumulative VVM 2



Lens type: EF16-35mmf/4LISUSM

Focal Length : 16mm

Approx. Distance: 6.6m

Date & Time: 29/08/2024,10:20:58



Project Title:
"Lands at Kilbride", Arklow,
Co. Wicklow.

Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited Image Title: Baseline VVM 3



Lens type: EF16-35mmf/4LISUSM

Focal Length : 16mm

Approx. Distance: 6.6m

Date & Time: 29/08/2024,10:20:58



Project Title : "Lands at Kilbride", Arklow, Co. Wicklow. Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited

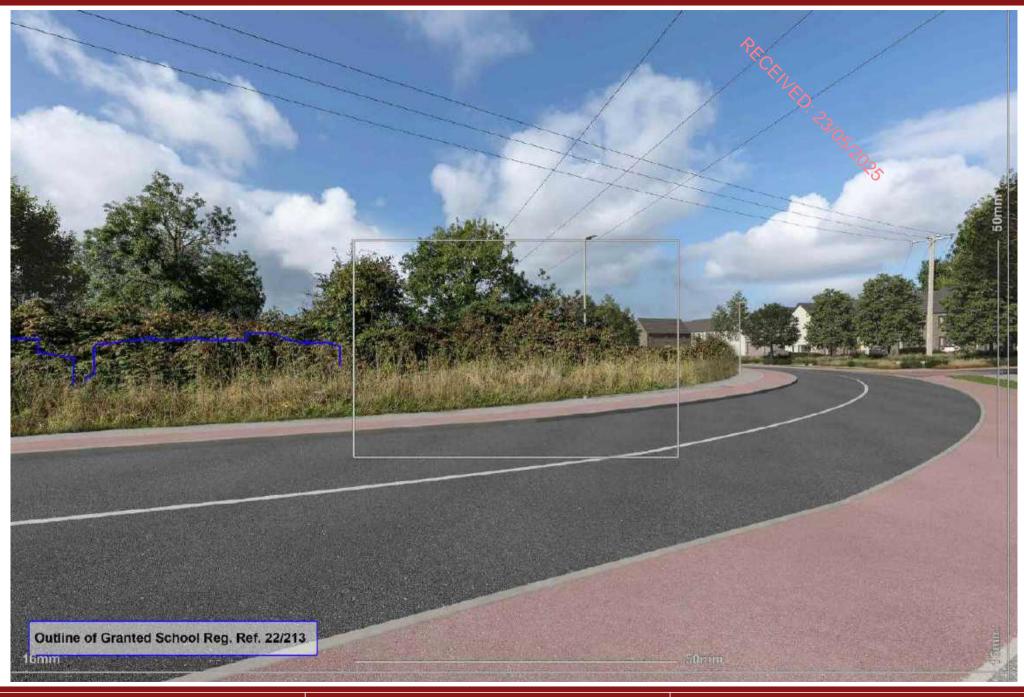


Lens type: EF16-35mmf/4LISUSM

Focal Length : 16mm

Approx. Distance: 6.6m

Date & Time: 29/08/2024,10:20:58



Project Title : "Lands at Kilbride", Arklow, Co. Wicklow. Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited Image Title: Cumulative VVM 3



Lens type: EF16-35mmf/4LISUSM

Focal Length : 16mm

Approx. Distance: 223.8m

Date & Time: 29/08/2024,10:42:58



Project Title : "Lands at Kilbride", Arklow, Co. Wicklow. Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited Image Title: Baseline VVM 4



Lens type: EF16-35mmf/4LISUSM

Focal Length : 16mm

Approx. Distance: 223.8m

Date & Time: 29/08/2024,10:42:58



Project Title : "Lands at Kilbride", Arklow, Co. Wicklow. Applicant Name : Certain Assets of Dawnhill and Windhill Limited

